The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

Vol. 9—No. 17. FORT WAYNE, Indiana, Saturday, October 28, 1848. Whole No. 819.

THOMAS TIGAR,

EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

OFFICE,—Over P. P. Bailey's Hardware Store, corner of Clinton and Columbia street Third Story.

TERMS:

Two Dollars per annum in Advance; TwoDollars Fifty Cents at the end of Six Months. Three Dollars at the end of the Year.

No paper discontinued until all arrearages are paid up, except at the option of the publisher

Advertisements inserted at One Dollar perSquare of Ten Lines, for the first three weeks, and half that rate for subsequent insertions.

A libera allowance made to those who advertise by the year.

JOB PRINTING

Executed with neatness, accuracy and dispatch on the most reasonable terms.

Drugs & Chemicals.

1000 ozs Quinine
300 " Salacir
500 " Pipirine
200 " Ext. Bark
160 lbs Red Barks
200 " ditto Powd.
300 " Calomel Engl.
500 " Aloes Soc.
350 " Rhubarb Powd.
250 " Jalap Powd.
100 " Quicksilver
10 lbs Iodin
10 " Jodide Pottassa
125 " Turkey Opium
150 " Yellow Barks
300 " ditto Powd.
200 " Blue Mass London
500 " Senna Ind. & Alex.
200 " Sarsa. Hond.
100 " Ipicac Powd.
200 ozs Benzoic Acid
50 " Morphia Sulp. & Acet.

Just received and for sale very low by H. B. REED.

Gunsmithing, &c.

J. C. CAMPBELL informs the public that he has commenced business on his own account in the shop at the west end of Columbia street, near the basin, and south of Nichol's warehouse, where he will do all kinds of work in his line, either making or repairing. NEW RIFLES made to order in the latest improved style, and warranted equal to any in the United States. Any one wanting a good gun—one he can depend on to kill or hit the mark at any distance—is invited to call and try his work.

Locks repaired, Keys fitted, and all kinds of clothing done.

Fort Wayne, Feb. 4, 1848, y31.

CITY LIQUOR STORE.

THE subscriber having taken the Hutchinson store, on Columbia Street, east of Clinton st., invites the attention of the public to his fine stock of FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC

Wines and Liquors.

Which he offers at WHOLESALE, and in quantities to suit purchasers, on the most reasonable terms. Not wishing to flatter, please call and examine for yourselves. The stock consists of

Alex. Seignette Brandy, Com. Gin.
French " Port wines,
Cherry " S. M. "
fine domestic " Sweet "
Holland Gin.

Old Rye and superior rectified WHISKEY.

Also a fine stock of

FAMILY GROCERIES,

and QUEENS & GLASS WARE, all of which will be sold low and very low,

S. BEAL.

Jun: 3, 1848. 6m—48.

Land for sale.

THE subscriber offers for sale on accommodating terms, several valuable tracts of improved and wildlands, situated in Allen county Persons wishing to settle in this county, would find this a favorable opportunity to procure farms.

THOS. HAMILTON.

FOR SALE.

THE Valuable Mill property belonging to Fairfield & Freeman 14 miles south of Fort Wayne, consists of a Flouring Mill with three run of stones, in good order—a first rate new Saw Mill, with a house attached to it to make shingles, lath, and put to other machinery. Also, a dwelling house, stables, a house for Country customers, and every convenience, and about 9 acres of land and another privilege on the East side of the River.—This stream affords a plenty of water at any season of the year, and its situation makes it the best mill property in the west.

Mr. Freeman's health is so poor he cannot attend to the business, and not being convenient for me to attend, as I live to far off, &c.—The payments will be easy, as I am not much in want of money. I should like to keep a shot in the locker. Persons wishing to purchase please call on the subscriber.

ASA FAIRFIELD.

Fort Wayne, Aug. 5, 1846. 6

SHAWLS.—A splendid assortment of Wool Stradilla, and Cashmere Shawls for sale by

Oct 15, 1847. HILL, WILSON & Co.

GLOVES & MITTENS—every kind.

E. D. BARTLETT & Co.

ZEPHYR HOODS, and Comforters, at

E. D. BARTLETT & Co's

COLLINS' And Simmons' AXES, for sale by

S. & W. S. EDSALL

IRON of all sorts and sizes for sale by

S. & S. W. EDSALL.

WINDOW GLASS of all the largest sizes—22 by 24, 18 by 22, 16 by 20, 12 by 18, 14 by 20, 12 by 16, &c. H. B. REED.

PALM LEAF HATS from one to four shillings, ribbon in the bargain, also a few left of those splendid split Straw Hats, price shan't say until you call and see at the Niagara store.

More Light.

JUST received 20 boxes Star and Mould Candles. S. & W. S. EDSALL

CREWELS.—Every shade and color; also variety of beautiful patterns for work.

MRS. DYKES.

Groceries.

50 Bags Rio Coffee.
20 bbls N. O. Sugar.
500 lbs. Loaf "
500 " Crushed "
500 " Pulv'd "
10 Half Chests Fresh Teas.
Pepper, Spices, &c. &c., for sale low

Oct. 15, 1847. HILL WILSON & Co

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES and all kinds of VESTINGS, a good assortment for sale cheap by S. & W. L. EDSALL.

WHITE FISH.—26 bls. of White Fish, prime articlee just rec'd and for sale by

HILL, WILSON & CO.

Printer's Ink.

H. B. REED has on hand and intends keeping a constant supply of James' superior *NEWS INK*, to which he invites the attention of Printers. It is warrantd.

Teams Wanted!!

A. B. MILLER will give constant employment to almost any number of teams that may want to haul Lumber and Wheat from his Store and Mills in Noble County. All persons wishing such employment will do well call at A. B. Miller's, either at his store in Fort Wayne or Lagonier. July 27, '48.

BUGGY FOR SALE.—A new Buggy with 2 seats, calculated for one or two Horse will be sold on application to A. B. Miller.

Notice.

THE Firm of SAMUEL HANNA & SONS was dissolved in July last. This is to give notice to all concerned, that the notes and accounts due said firm, both in this county and Noble, have been put in the hands of Mr. WM. C. TAYLOR for collection, who is authorized to receive and receipt for the same. Many persons owing have been repeatedly called on for payment, and as often neglected to pay, until I have become ashamed to ask them again; but I assure all persons indebted that unless their attention is immediately directed to the subject, they will find those claims in the hands of an officer for collection.

SAMUEL HANNA.

Ft. Wayne, Nov. 29th, 1847. tf—22.

NATURE'S OWN REMEDY.

THE INVALID'S BEST FRIEND!

THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY

GENUINE INDIAN MEDICINE.

SOVEREIGN REMEDY IN FEVER AND AGUE, CHRONIC RHEUMATISM, &c.

RUSSELLVILLE, Putnam Co., Ia. July 1, 1847.

DR. WRIGHT:—Some time since, your agent left me a supply of your Indian Vegetable Pills. I have found said Pills to be in great demand lately for the cure of Fever and Ague Mr. James Boyd has a son who has been laid up with Fever and Ague, and had tried various other remedies, all of which proved of no avail. He determined to buy your Indian Vegetable Pills, and by using one box, is now sound and well. Mr. T. Spencer had a daughter. Mr. Hugh Groves, a son, and Mr. Charles Nichols and three of his family, were all down at the same time with fever and ague, and had also tried the various other remedies without effect. Your Indian Vegetable Pills soon restored them all to perfect health. I can assure you from what I have seen, your Indian Vegetable Pills may be relied on for a perfect cure of Fever and Ague.

Yours respectfully,
JACOB DURHAM, P. M.
Also an acting Justice of the Peace.

This is to certify that I was entirely cured of the chills and fever of several months' standing, by the use of four doses of four pills each, of Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills, after taking medicine from a regular physician for some time, and have had no symptoms of it since, which has been about one year ago.
J. W. SPENCER.

Texas, Champaign Co., Ohio.

This is to certify that I was cured of the chills and fever by the use of one box of Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills, after having had three attacks of it. DAVID BURY.

Sugar Grove, Fairfield Co., Ohio, Nov. 19, 1836.

☞ FEVERS, like every other form of disease, are only an *effort of nature* to expel from the body something that is opposed to health—it is merely a struggle between the good and bad humors for supremacy, and the commotion which ensues is called Fever. The usual symptoms of a Fever are heaviness, languor, anxiety, sighing, and yawning, with alternate fits of heat and cold. After which, the patient complains of pain in the head and back, thirst difficulty of breathing, pain in the limbs, a sense of fulness about the region of the stomach, nausea and sickness, with sometimes a vomiting of bilious matter.

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS will be found peculiarly adapted to the cure of ALL KINDS OF FEVER, because they not only thoroughly cleanse the stomach and bowels from all bilious humors, but they open those excretory vessels which empty into the bowels, and consequently the impurity contained in the circulation which is the cause of all disordered motions of the blood called Fevers, is thrown into the bowels from whence it is carried off by the regular alvine discharges.

In using WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS for Fevers, the only care necessary is, to have the medicine operate copiously by the bowels. If the symptoms are urgent, from four to eight Pills should be taken, night and morning, until the fever has subsided—after which, smaller doses, once in twenty-four hours, will be sufficient to restore the body to a state of sound health.

Agents in Allen County.—Turk, Robinson, & Co., Fort Wayne. A. B. Miller, New Haven. J. B. Hunna, Hunter'stown.

LOOK OUT FOR COUNTERFEITS!

Some are coated with sugar; others are made to resemble in outer appearance, the original article. The safest course is to purchase from the agents only one or more of whom will be found in every town or county in the State.

☞ Offices devoted exclusively to the sale of Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills, wholesale and retail, 169 Race st., Philadelphia; 288 Greenwich st., New York, and 198 Tremont-st., Boston. 8ly.

Spring & Summer Fashions.

MISS WELLS, has just returned from New York with the latest Fashions, and a large assortment of BONNETS of every size and description; also a quantity of beautiful SILKS *for Dresses* of the latest style. *Laces, Collars, Scarfs, Ribands, Gloves, Flowers*, and many other *Fancy Articles* she would mention, but prefers to have the Ladies call and see for themselves.

All kinds of *Silk Bonnets and Caps* made and kept on hand. Straw and Leghorn Hats cleaned and pressed in the neatest manner Dress-making in its various branches attended to with taste, and on the most reasonable terms.

Shop on Columbia street, opposite A. B. Miller.

Fort Wayne, May 6, 1848.

SADDLERY,

At Wholesale and Retail.

THE Subscriber would respectfully inform his old customers, and the public generally, that he has just returned from Cincinnati with a large stock of LEATHER AND HARDWARE, which he is now manufacturing into *Saddles, Harness, Trunks, Saddle-bags, Carpet-bags, Bridles, Collars*, and every other article that belongs to his line of business, and will sell at wholesale or retail lower than can be bought in any of the eastern cities, and will warrant all work to be well done.

N. B.—Shop opposite Jones' Block, and one door west of J. Lillie's Hotel; don't forget the place, for I am determined not to be undersold by any person here or elsewhere.

SAMUEL H. SHOAFF.

Fort Wayne, May 27, 1848. y47.

BLANK BOOKS.

THE attention of County Officers and others is called to a large and extensive stock of BLANK WORK now opening at WALKER'S, No. 2, Hanna's Block, consisting of Quartos, Cap, Demy, and Medium *Ledgers, Dockets, Records, and Journals.* Memorandums of all kinds. A liberal discount made to those who wish them to sell again. Call and examine.

C. R. WALKER.

Fort Wayne, May 6.

RAISINS, Lemon Syrup, Ground Spices, &c just received by A. B. MILLER.

LOAF SUGAR, Powdered, a first rate article for bar use, for sale by A. B. MILLER.

Air Tight Cooking Stoves.

HATHAWAY Patents, from Gephart Marshall & Co's Foundry, Dayton, Ohio, warran ed two years, for sale at

S. & W. S. EDSALL'S.

TEA KETTLES, BAKE OVENS—Together with all kinds of Pots, Skillets, and Spiders, for sale by A. B. MILLER.

WHITE FISH, in barrels and half barrels—a choice article—just received at No. 3.

May 26. W. SMITH & CO.

MILL and X Cut SAWS—Rowland's superior Mill and X-Cut Saws, just received, and for sale by A. B. MILLER.

The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

General Taylor's Modesty.

We are frequently told that Gen. Taylor is a very modest man, but we never saw it so strikingly exemplified, as in the following letter, in reply to one by a gentleman in Patterson, New Jersey, asking his opinion on certain matters of public policy. The General confesses that his opinions, even if elected President, as *neither necessary nor important.* This is candid; but whether the people of the United States will be willing to elect a man whose opinions are of so little account, to the responsible office of President, remains to be seen. We think they will not.

BATON ROUGE, LA., March 29, 1848.

SIR: I have to acknowledge the receipt of your polite communication of the 7th inst., asking my views on certain questions of domestic policy.

I beg to inform you that I have uniformly declined yielding to similar requests, in the belief that MY OPINIONS, even if I were President of the United States, ARE NEITHER IMPORTANT NOR NECESSARY; and I regret to add, that I see no reason for departing, in the present instance, from that course.

With sentiments of much respect, I am, sir, your obedient servant, Z. TAYLOR.

High proof of General Taylor's capacity.—One word need not be said by the democratic party as to the qualifications and fitness of General Taylor for the presidential office.—Some of the more frank and honorable of the whigs are occasionally forced to admissions on this point, which will save the republican press the trouble of a single remark in reference to it. Several such exposures have been lately made in the State of Ohio, by men standing very high in the whig ranks; and in the late harangue of Mr. Webster at Marshfield, much of the same kind of truth-telling and plain-dealing was evinced. His graphic description of the *fitness* of General Taylor for the presidency is well deserving to be recorded in letters of gold. We have observed the marked silence of the whig journals throughout the country in reference to this speech.—Even the *Intelligencer*, whose editor really thinks Daniel Webster nothing less than "the god-like," is struck perfectly dumb with these hard hits upon its candidate. General Taylor (says Mr. W.) "*is a military man merely, who never cast a vote in his life, and never formed or expressed an opinion on any one of the great issues in agitation before the people; whose line of policy, if elected, no man pretends to know or predict; and who stands committed only upon the single point of the practised use of the veto power.*"

This is what may be called plain talk—a talk, as some would have it, "*with the bark on*"—and yet whiggery, in some portions of the Union, still cling to the military chief with an unshaken tenacity. If successful, of which there is happily no possible danger, the people of this Union would not be long in ascertaining how well time and how faithfully true were the laconic sentiments of the leading star of New England federalism.

News from Gen. Taylor.—We are informed that a gentleman of this county, who lately had an interview with Taylor, reports that the General was in anything but a good humor with his "whig" friends. The old hero thinks they have treated him villainously. They first wished him to come out as an independent no-party candidate, and he complied with their request. This enraged the 'ultra whigs.' To gratify the latter class, he then accepted of an exclusive federal nomination; and this incensed the no-party gentry. He next consented to throw Fillmore overboard, and run on the same ticket with Butler, to gratify the wishes of the South Carolina slaveholders; but this only raised a storm amongst the abolition whigs of New York. Although he has endeavored to accommodate every body, he appears to have satisfied nobody! It is no wonder he is in a bad humor. His better course is to quit politics altogether, and attend to his negroes. It will save him a great deal of vexation.—*Pittsburgh Post.*

Harrison Gray Otis—The same Old Coon.—Harrison Gray Otis, the only surviving member of the Hartford Convention, is out with an address of three columns addressed "to the whigs of Massachusetts," against Lewis Cass and in favor of General Taylor.—This address is all labor lost; for who would have expected any other course from a Hartford Convention federalist who opposed the election and administrations of Jefferson, Madison, and Jackson.—*Detroit Free Press.*

Contradictions and Inconsistencies.—The Ohio Statesman states upon positive testimony that Mr. Senator Corwin is showing a letter, as was the case at Massillon, signed "*Z. Taylor,*" declaring himself to be in favor of the Wilmot Proviso.

To Mr. Ewing (as told by that gentleman to Mr. Russell) Mr. Corwin "gave his personal pledge that such a letter from General Taylor was in his possession."

Mr. Truman Smith is also showing a letter, declaring from Gen. Taylor's lips a similar determination.

On the other hand, we hear it is positively said by Mr. Pannill, of Orange county, Virginia, that he has a letter from Gen. Taylor declaring against the Wilmot Proviso.

What are we to think of these mysteries, except that there is one face for the north and another for the south? His friends are determined to deceive one or the other.—*Union.*

A Ready Rule for Farmers.—A "quarter of wheat" is an English measure of eight standard bushels—so if you see wheat quoted at fifty-six shillings, it is seven shillings a bushel. A shilling is twenty-four cents—multiply by seven, and you have $1 68c per bushel.

In Kentucky, corn is measured by the barrel, which is five bushels of shelled corn.—At New Orleans a barrel of corn is a barrel full of ears.

Singular Discovery.—A few days since, some men who were working upon our streets says the Eaton (Ohio) Register, broke a stone in two, in which was found a beautiful purple flower, with some green leaves, as fresh in appearance, and as soft to the touch as though it had been grown in a green house. How it came there is a mystery to us. The stone had been in our streets for twelve years. But the flower was evidently in the stone when quarried. Perhaps it had been there from "time whereof the memory of man runneth not to the contrary," aye, for ought we know, it is an antediluvian flower. Mr. S. S. Young says: The flower resembles the Hibiscus species; but the leaf is more nearly the rose, but is not exactly like any flower now a native of this country; nor indeed like any exotic cultivated here. He adds, it most probably grew in the hole of the rock, where it now is; but the rock must have been earth when it grew.

False "Proverbial Philosophy."

"*Misery Loves Company.*"—Do you mean that the gentleman with a jumping tooth-ache takes pleasure in the society of another gentleman similarly afflicted? Do the over-crowded inmates of the middle-of-August omnibus greet with becks and smiles, and like encouragements, the new comer? Do you suppose that the merchant without the wherewithal to pay his note, is enamored with the company of those in a like dilemma at half-past two? Does sea-sickness court it? Would it assuage the pain you suffer, if, while you are having your teeth filed, a saw should be undergoing the same operation in your immediate neighborhood? Does the dog with a tin kettle tied to his tail seem to exult or show any signs whatever of conviviality on the occasion of the extraordinary retinue of four-footed delegates who are called into congress by the unusual display? Having the mumps—the good, old fashioned, Henry-the-Eighty looking double-mumps, in the which you can't even grin, and bear it—would you care to have a companion, face to face—a sort of memento, not mori, but of more under jaw than you ever anticipated seeing appended to countenance—and knowing that you are looking into a human mirror, a personal reflection? Then what do you mean by "Misery loves company?"

"*Take care of the pennies, the pounds will take care of themselves.*"—Pleasantly illustrated in an engraving I have somewhere seen of an elderly gentleman seated at his desk near an open window, through which a draught of wind is sending a scattered bundle of bank notes, while he is clutching a pile of coppers. It is a dangerous maxim, and, for fear of accidents, should ever walk arm-in-arm with "Don't save at the spigot and lose at the bung." A few five cent pieces penuriously cherished may cause many a heart-burn in the end, and he who adopts it as a rule of conduct, runs a risk of earning the application of Bishop Earle's sentence: "He will redeem a penny with his *reputation, and lose* all his friends to boot; and his reason is, he will not be undone."

The preacher of this sentiment (and his practice agrees with his preaching) is in his element when chaffering and higgling with a strawberry woman; there is a fine "I'm not to be swindled" look about him as he worries the poor worn-down creature from his parlor window into parting with five six penny baskets for two shillings; but to see him in his glory, follow him into an auction room, and behold him there, if not too much hidden by the dust from that second-hand carpet which he is so closely examining with a view to purchasing "if it does n't go too high"—and that speculative look which he is now putting on is caused by a measurement in his mind of the third story back room of his palace in Waverley Place, and not from any misgivings as to small-pox; but his calculations are to no purpose; and the woman in the rusty black dress will bid over him—God help her! she has no pounds to take care of themselves!

I can't spout on such a subject. Somebody, whose name I have not time to recollect, said that "A just man struggling with adversity is a sight with which the gods are pleased"—but the devil himself must sneer when he sees a rich man in an auction room!

"*A fool and his money are soon parted.*"—Not founded on fact, but a great favorite with merchant-princes and cab-men on the occasion of their having, in their respective callings, succeeded in "doing" a liberal customer.—With what gusto does the "gent" relate to his partner, over a bottle at his country-seat, how easily the greenhorn took the bait: "An entire cargo—ten per cent above the market price—said he supposed it was all right—would take my word for it. Ha! ha! ha!—'a fool and his money are soon parted!'"—And listen to the humbler but not meaner chuckling of the hack-driver over his gin-twist: "Charged him a dollar from Whitehall to the Astor—forked over the tin without a word! 'a fool and his money,'" &c.

The fact is that an avaricious man sees no wit in liberality or open dealing. Shylock began it: "This is the fool that lent out money gratis!" It's all wrong. A Wall street broker of the highest respectability once informed me that the hardest man to "shave," as he technically expressed himself, is a fool. "Sir," said he, warming and rising with his subject, "you don't know where to have 'em; you can't stick soft cheese on a hook!" Now I put more confidence in the experience of my informant (well to do in the world is he) than in all the proverbalists from Sancho down to him who ought to have dropped his pen before he wrote "Hactenus."—*Knickerbocker.*

HOW TO STEAL WATERMELONS.

The Sunday Dispatch, of Philadelphia, tells a capital story on this head, the gist of which will be found below. It appears that one Jacob Stringer, a quiet, elderly sort of workingman, with a good character for honesty, got possessed with a desire to taste a watermelon from the patch of a neighbor named Bennett. His eye was on the patch for a long time, his mouth watered, and he halted between conscience and desire:

"At last, however, the watermelons became ripe. Jacob knew it though he had never seen them; and now the temptation was irresistible. Our hero, though with many compunctions, determined to have one—only one; and that very night he vowed it should be done.

"Evening came, and after feeling in his pocket if his jack-knife was safe, he started on his expedition. The road seemed to him unusually long and dreary, and several times he felt a little frightened. The truth is, he had never undertaken such an expedition before, and not without reason has the great poet written that "conscience doth make cowards of us all."

"We are now at 'old Bennett's' fence, and Jacob is over it, and cautiously advancing to where he knew the 'patch' must be—not unnoticed, however. 'Old Bennett' knew the value of his melon crop, and that, if he would keep it, he must watch it; and watch it he did, as the dragon of old watched the fruit Hesperaden. No sooner had Jacob crossed the fence than the owner of the melons advanced from his hiding-place, and was about to hail the intruder, when, to his surprise, he discovered who it was.

"Now Jacob was about the last man that Bennett would have expected to come at night to rob his melon patch, and even now, as he cautiously moved on before him, he almost doubted. Nevertheless, he carefully followed him. The depredator aimed at once for the patch. There was no moon, but a few stars shed light enough to enable him to find his way into the midst. Hastily selecting a promising one, he struck once more for the fence, still followed by 'old Bennett.' Crossing it, he threw himself into the midst of the bushes, muttering as he did so—'Wal, old fellow, you have done it this time!'

"The jack-knife was soon produced, and a slice hewed out; but no sooner was the first mouthful taken than he sputtered it out, exclaiming—'It is a cussed green punkin!' A moment after he went on—'You are a nice old fool, you are, Jacob, I should guess! an honest, clever old fellow, so the neighbors all say. You are a stupid hog, Jacob, you are! You are a rascally old fool, you are, Jacob! You would steal watermelons, would you? and you have stole a cussed green punkin!—Well, old fellow, you *would* steal it—now, cuss you, you shall *eat* it!' Suiting the action to the word, he began to devour his prize with many expressions of disgust, and with a determination to keep the 'old fool' to it. At last the task was accomplished, and he rose to depart, muttering as he did so, to the indefinite amusement of old Bennett, who said nothing, 'You infernal ass, it serves you right! You are not fit for a rascal. Any man who has no more gumption than to steal a punkin instead of a watermelon, had better keep honest. He'll never make any thing out of his rascality.'"

MATRIMONY.—There will be a great deal of marrying and giving in marriage this fall. Indeed the happy pastime has already become a serious one—in extent only. We advise both sexes to be on the alert—for just as certain as a snuffer to a candle, all the girls or all the men, we don't know which, will be married and out of the way before the year is out. A war of extermination—in a match-making sense—is going on, and loneliness be unto those who do not feel and acknowledge its influence. That heads of families are wide awake no one can doubt who reads the following.

Mr. Smithson [an improvement on the celebrated name of Smith] wished to take Miss Brownly [another improvement] to the opera. He had been on terms of intimacy with the family for about five years, but "never spoke of love;" on the contrary he had frequently declared his intention of leading a bachelor's life. One morning he put his hand to the bell handle and was admitted.

"Oh, James," exclaimed Miss Jane, "where have you kept yourself so long?"

This took Smithson a little aback, for he had spent the preceding evening with the family. Before he could answer however, Jane's brothers and sisters [eight or ten in number] had gathered about him. Summoning all his courage, he said—

"I have come to ask you——"

"Not here, James—not now—on!"

"Oh! oh! water—quick."

"What's that," inquired her father, "who says she's engaged——"

"I did'nt mean—" said Smithson in confusion.

"Of course not," continued Mr. Brownly' "you could'nt suppose such a thing, when you've always been our favorite!"

Then advancing and taking poor Smithson's hand, he said—

"Take her, my boy, she's a good girl and loves you to distraction. May you both be as happy as the days are long"

Thereupon mother and children crowded upon Smithson and wished him joy, and company coming at the moment, the affair was told to them as a profound secret. So Smithson got a wife without popping the question, and almost before he knew it himself. But we cannot help thinking he was hurried into matrimony.—*Philadelphia City Item.*

Did it a Purpose.—An honest farmer had an unruly bull, which had a remarkable love for him 'in a *horn*,' and a singular penchant for giving his acquaintances and friends 'a lift in the world.' One day the old farmer was driving the bull home much against his inclination, and getting enraged he suddenly hoisted the old man across the fence into the road, but fortunately only slightly hurt him. The old man gained his equillibrium, and then he saw the enraged animal sawing the air with his head and neck, and pawing the ground. The good old man looked steadily at him a moment, and then shaking his fist at him exclaimed—"D—n your apologies—you need'nt stand there, you turnal critter, a bowin' and scrapin'—you did it a purpose, darn you."

From the Lancaster Intelligencer.

THE HICKORY TREE.

THE
principles of the
good old DEMOCRATIC party,
secure to man social
and political Equality—
they elevate the masses—
they secure the greatest good
to the greatest possible number
—they protect man in the pursuit
of LIFE, LIBERTY & HAPPINESS—
they spread the Empire of Human
Freedom—they dethrone Kings and Tyrants—break the fetters imposed by petty
despots—they laugh wickedness to scorn,
and spurn the intrenchments of Iniquity—
they are the Cloud by day, and the Pillar of
Fire by night, guiding the nation through all
perils to the glorious consummation that
Destiny has in store for it—they are the
spear of Ithuriel, detecting Falsehood—the thread of Dandalus,
guiding through the labyrinth
of Cunning. To preserve
and perpetuate these glorious principles,
VOTE FOR
GENERAL LEWIS CASS, OF MICHIGAN!
the Soldier, Statesman,—and his Compatriot,
GEN. WM. O. BUTLER, OF KENTUCKY.

Freemen! cheer the Hickory Tree,
In storms its boughs have sheltered thee;
O'er Freedom's Soil its branches wave—
'Twas planted on the Lion's Grave!

General Cass was once an editor. Certainly there never was an editor, who, in speaking of himself, could with more propriety use the pronoun "we." Although a private citizen, he ought by all means to use it still.—Unquestionably, he counts four—a Northern Cass, a Southern Cass, an Easteru Cass, and a Western Cass.—*Louisville Journal.*

True as gospel, friend Prentice, he is the Northern Cass, the Southern Cass, the Eastern Cass, and the Western Cass; and his popularity at *all points of the Compass* will be seen at the *polls.* As to the "we," no candidate ever had a better right to the plural, for he is a "whole team" himself. Even a whig editor admits that he counts "four." *We* put him down as equal to a dozen. It would take more than nine *Taylors* to make such a man.—*N. Y. True Sun.*

INSURRECTION IN A HOSPITAL.—The Journal des Debats quotes from a Marseilles newspaper the following account of a singular outbreak among the female patients of the Hotel Dieu hospital in that city:

Yesterday morning, Sept. 15th, our city was the theatre of a real insurrection. The doctor employed to attend the apartment of the convict women, had been obliged, in order to restore tranquility among these women, to impose upon them a day of diet. This measure of discipline, which might well figure in the programme of hospital treatment, was resorted to with regret, and was amply justified by the necessity of repressing an unfortunate spirit of insubordination which the most attentive care and the most gentle and conciliating measures had only served to increase. As soon as these women were made acquainted with the doctor's orders, they broke out into violence, and if the doctor had not taken the part of quitting the scene, where the tumult soon reached its height, they would have gone to the most cruel extremes with him.

There was nothing less proposed than to kill him upon the spot, and they had not only stated this intention, but preparations were already begun for it, when a prompt flight probably prevented the execution an assassination. At this moment the feminine insurrection assumed, for a hospital, the most strange character. These unfortunate creatures, desirous as it would seem to go to the extent of a truly political and revolutionary movement, gave their hall the aspect of a Parisian Faubourg on the day of a mob; beds, tables, mattrasses, everything within their reach were rapidly collected, and an enormous barricade was raised, behind which, with fiery looks, and their hands on their hips, the insurgents began to shout patriotic songs; when these ceased, those of the women who directed the insurrectional movement, addressed their companions with incendiary speeches, and made them swear to die rather than accept the least capitulation. It was necessary to resort to armed force, and the soldiers of the next post were called in to put down the barricade, and bring to reason these eighty furies.

A parley was attempted at first, in order not to give too fatal a turn to this unjustifiable insurrection. Nothing could be heard but the yells of these demoniacs, the noise of the broken windows, and chamber vases. In a few moments the hall was heaped with the ruins of the furniture. It was now necessary to hasten matters, for the absurd exasperation of the women had reached the point of attempting to set fire to the barricade, which would have had the most fearful results. Fortunately the armed force, which was employed to destroy the barricade, succeeded in bringing the rebels to order, and seizing the leaders.—The leaders were carried to prison between a double hedge of soldiers, and as the news of this feminine movement spread through the neighboring streets of the hospital a considerable crowd collected on the passage of these barricaders, who will probably be called upon to give an account to justice of the inexcusable acts committed by them and their companions. A severe punishment only will prevent a return of such revolts from which a hospital certainly ought to be exempted.

Value of Upper California.

We are indebted to a gentleman just arrived from California for a copy of the "California Star," published at San Francisco on the 1st April. It contains a long description of the "prospects of California," They realize the most brilliant anticipations which we had formed of its value, and completely refute the sneer of Mr. Webster, that our new acquisitions were scarcely worth a dollar.

Agriculture—wheat, corn, rye, oats, potatoes, garden vegetables can be raised as easily as anywhere else. Its grapes are unsurpassed by those of France, and excellent wine may be made there. Besides great varieties of fruits, from the orange and olive to the pomegranate and fig, the soil produces tobacco, hemp, cotton, and the sugar plant.

Manufactures are expected to raise up in California. Most of the materials are to be found there; and if the agency of steam be employed, many varieties of arts and manufactures may flourish.

Commerce is advancing; more vessels are touching at her ports. The total value of exports from San Francisco for the last quarter of the last year is near $50,000; of imports, more than $53,000.

"The commercial prospects of California are brilliant; and a little reflection will convince us that it is destined in time to furnish many of the most important necessaries and luxuries for trade, not only to the whole coast of western America, but to the entire commerce of the Pacific, while in many articles, especially quicksilver, it will supply the world. The bay of San Francisco, (the finest known in any country,) is the safe, convenient, and commodious harbor where all this trade will be concentrated. In a very few years, numerous vessels of all nations—men-of-war, merchantmen, whalers, the Chinese junk, and the powerful steamer—will find here the safest anchorage, the most central situation, and the best market of the Pacific. This will become the point of rendezvous for all the whalers of these seas. They are now only waiting for protection against the desertion of their crews. Let this matter be looked to at once, let the law be rigidly enforced, and we will soon see this desirable branch of trade entered here."

The fisheries are abundant and productive. The mineral resources are rich, especially in quicksilver, which are described in very brilliant terms. Forbes's mine is said to be worth in pure metal between 18 and 25 per cent.—richer than the celebrated mine of Almadin, in Spain, which has been rented by the Rothschilds. As one evidence of its richness, the "Star" states that "Mr. Alexander Forbes recently sailed from Monterey with a cargo of quicksilver, 20,000 dollars in value, the products of the mines of New Almadin, near the valley of San Jose, and extracted within the short space of three months."

Extraordinary Speed.—Recently in England, on the Great Western Railroad, seventy-seven miles were passed over by an express train in seventy-eight minutes twenty-nine seconds, including stoppage of five minutes thirty-five seconds. Fifty-three miles of the journey were performed in forty-nine minutes thirteen seconds. The speed in some cases was kept up at seventy, seventy two, and seventy-seven miles an hour. This rate of speed was attained, it will be observed, on a broad guage track seven feet wide, and with engines having driving wheels eight feet in diameter. How long will it be before Yankee ingenuity will rival this extraordinary speed?

A witness spoke several times during his testimony of occurrences about the time of his birth, when a surly Judge interrupted him—'Do you mean to say that you can relate occurrences at the time of your birth, from your recollection?' The laugh which began against the witness turned upon the judge, as the former replied—'Why, sir, I cannot exactly remember every particular, but I can assure your honor that *I was there!*'

☞ Bring on that Wood.

FORT WAYNE AND [illegible]E RAILROA[illegible]

The citizens along the line of this contemplated work, are going at it in good earnest, and appear determined to push it through.—Will not the citizens of Allen do something towards it. It certainly seems to us that they ought.

The committee appointed by the citizens of Wells Co. have issued the following circular:

RAILROAD CIRCULAR.

BLUFFTON, Oct. 16th, 1848.

FELLOW CITIZENS:

We, the undersigned, having been appointed by the citizens of Wells County, a corresponding committee for the purpose of not only considering the propriety of constructing a Railroad from Muncie town to the city of Fort Wayne, but also with your assistance, gentlemen, of making all other arrangements that may be found necessary for the proper construction of the same.

In the first place, we want unanimity of action, as well as thinking, along the whole proposed route. We want each and every person to become an active participant in all that is said and done. We want them to see the importance of an improvement of the kind, and then go soul and body for it. We are determined in this matter; and, fellow citizens, if you accord with our sentiments, the road *must* and *shall be built.* What will prevent it if the community interested should conspire and proclaim with one accord, that the *road is necessary and must be built?* "Union is strength," and a proper concentration of the public mind will accomplish anything that it undertakes.

Why not, then, with one accord, with one single solitary idea, (that of doing,) come forward and assist? We are anxious and perfectly willing to meet you at some point—say Bluffton on the 10th of November next—and there say how and in what manner the road shall be built. If we ever expect to accomplish anything of the kind, now is the accepted time—now is the time to act, while other sections are slumbering over their half-expiring charters.

We want this road to go on. It will be of material benefit to the farmer, the merchant, and the mechanic. And acting under this belief, we are ready to answer all communications touching this vital and important object.

Very respectfully,
We remain yours, &c.,
C. T. MELSHEIMER,
JOHN A. DEAM,
JOHN STUDABAKER,
ADNAH HALL,
GEORGE C. FELLOWS.

THE NEW FOUND ELDORADO.—It would appear from the recent well authenticated accounts of the new found gold region of California that the famed ElDorado, for which the early navigators and Spanish cavaliers searched in vain; has been discovered by more modern adventurers. The 'golden dream' which has been cherished for ages, proves to be a reality in California, and not

"Where Africs sunny fountains,
Roll down the golden sand."

The tide of emigration is setting strongly toward this enchanted region,—thousands being anxious to dip into this golden stream.—That there is something more than a mere sandy foundation for this report of rivers of gold and mountains of silver there can be no doubt. The Louisville Courier learns from Mr. Edwin Bryant, author of 'What I saw in California,' &c., that, in crossing, as he did on several occasions, the tributaries of the Sacramento and San Joaquin rivers, flowing from the Sierra Madre, he discovered the particles of gold mingled with the sand in the beds and on the banks of the streams. These particles on the surface, however, were exceedingly minute and light, resembling the scales of small fish, and glittering brilliantly in the sun. They could not easily be separated from the sand. By digging deeper, the the more ponderous particles and lumps have been discovered and sifted from the black alluvion.

It is Mr. Bryant's opinion that the entire western slope of the Sierra Madre is auriferous, and that, when these mountains are scientifically explored, they will be found to contain not only gold mines of unheard of richness and value, but other minerals more precious than gold. From the eastern to the western base of the Sierra Madre, the distance of about 150 miles, and the range extends, with the exception of a break near Los Angelos, the entire length of Alta California. Mr. B. thinks that, whenever the mountain streams have deposited alluvion in the valleys, the earth will be found to be richly impregnated with gold to a considerable depth. But the matrices which have poured forth this flood of gold into the valleys are yet to be sought for and discovered in the deep and rocky gorges of the Sierra; and when they are thus discovered, they will probably display a mineral wealth to which Ophir, Golconda and Potosi will bear but faint comparison.—*Cincinnati Dispatch.*

Bain's and Morse's Telegraph.—The New York Courier explains the difference between these two systems, so far as rapidity of operation is concerned, as follows:

"Morse's

PRESIDENT,

Gen. Lewis Cass,

OF MICHIGAN.

VICE PRESIDENT,

Gen. W. O. Butler,

OF KENTUCKY.

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS.

SENATORIAL.

ROBERT DALE OWEN, of Posey County.
EBENEZER M. CHAMBERLAIN, of Elkhart county.

DISTRICT.

1. NATHANIEL ALBERTSON, of Harrison county.
2. CYRUS L. DUNHAM, of Washington county.
3. WILLIAM M. McCARTY, of Franklin county.
4. CHARLES H. TEST, of Wayne county.
5. JAMES RITCHEY, of Johnson county.
6. GEORGE W. CARR, of Lawrence county.
7. JAMES M. HANNA, of Clay county.
8. DANIEL MACE, of Tippecanoe county.
9. GRAHAM N. FITCH, of Cass county.
10. ANDREW J. HARLAN, of Grant county.

Allen County Democratic Central Committee.

S. C. FREEMAN, F. P. RANDALL
THOS. TIGAR, M. JENKINSON,
W. S. REED, R. McDONALD,
S. WHEELER.

The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 28, 1848.

Democrats, Remember!

The Presidential Election takes place on TUESDAY *the 7th November next* (next Tuesday week.) Every democrat ought to feel it his duty and make it his business on that day to attend the polls, and deposit a ticket for CASS & BUTLER.

Tickets! Tickets!

The Democratic committees in the neighboring counties must not neglect to provide an ample supply of genuine democratic tickets for the approaching election. We are prepared to furnish any quantity at the rate of $3,00 per thousand.

Send in the Returns.

We will feel obliged if some of our friends in Adams, Wells, Blackford, Jay, Huntington, Whitley, Noble, La Grange, DeKalb, Steuben, &c., will send in the result of the election in their respective counties as soon as it can be CORRECTLY ascertained, and by the first opportunity—either mail or private conveyance. We are anxious to lay the earliest intelligence before the public, and shall depend upon our distant friends for their co-operation. We hope this will be attended to—great negligence has hitherto been observed in this respect.

☞ TOWNSHIP COMMITTEES, are your Townships provided with DEMOCRATIC TICKETS? If not send up to this office, and get a supply. Don't neglect this a day longer. We have plenty on hand, and shall feel a pleasure in supplying your wants. Get a good supply, and see that a fair proportion of them are deposited in the ballot boxes. That's the only way in which we can expect to give our candidate a handsome majority.

☞ The BOARD OF CANVASSERS will meet to report the votes of their respective townships on the THURSDAY after the election—not on the *Wednesday*, as in the case of other elections.

☞ The great press of advertisements this week leaves us but little room for editorial comments, and we have been too much engaged during the week to write much. Our readers will however find in our columns many articles so much better than we could have written that they will have no reason to regret our own short comings.

Democrats, are you Ready?

The time for the election of a President and Vice President draws near. Only a few days will elapse before the citizens of the United States will be called upon to exercise the proud right conferred upon them by their inestimable constitution, of choosing by their own free votes who shall rule over them,—or rather, to whom they will delegate the high trust of administering the laws, and directing the affairs of this glorious republic. This great privilege is one of which every American citizen should feel proud; and it is one which he should on no account neglect to avail himself of. We hold it to be the duty of every citizen to bear his share of the responsibility of choosing a President, and we hold it also to be his bounden duty to vote for that man among the candidates whom he thinks best qualified to discharge the high duties of the station, and who will pursue such a course as he believes best adapted to secure the happiness and prosperity of the country, and the permanence of its institutions.

Of the qualifications of the candidates now before the American people, it is scarcely necessary to speak. Gen. Cass, the democratic candidate, is an able statesman, a profound scholar, and a true patriot; and is moreover pledged to the support of democratic measures and democratic principles. Gen. Taylor, the candidate of the whigs, is known to the country as a brave and successful soldier, who having spent his whole life in the army has had few or no opportunities of acquiring any knowledge of the civil duties which would naturally devolve upon him as President: and he has moreover refused to give any definite statement as to what his principles are, what his course would be if elected, or what his views are on the great political questions of the day.

The difference between the two candidates is so palpable, that certainly no democrat, we think not many whigs who have a correct appreciation of what is required of a President, can hesitate which to choose. The one candidate is a statesman of acknowledged abilities, and who has publicly proclaimed his principles; the other is a man of whose qualifications nothing is known, and who will not or can not state what his views are—who must be taken, if at all, on trust, and in hopes that he may prove better on trial than present appearances seem to warrant.

Are the American people prepared to risk the destinies of their country thus blindly.—We hope not—we believe not:—we have an abiding confidence that they will by their votes on the 7th November next, show that they are not to be led away by the glare of military glory, and elect a man to preside over this great country whose only known recommendation is, that he is a good soldier.

In a contest like this, when so much is at stake, we trust every democrat will be up and doing, and that no one will think there is no occasion for him to exercise the great prerogative to which he is entitled—or that it is not incumbent on him to discharge the duty he owes his country and his party, by attending the polls, and voting for those candidates in whose hands he feel convinced the destinies of the Union could be most safely confided.

Democrats, turn out in your strength, and roll up for Cass and Butler such a majority as will place Indiana in the front rank of the democratic column. You can do this, and we trust you will.

Another Bargain.—The Statesman states that the whigs in Ohio have it in contemplation to abandon the Taylor electoral ticket and unite with the free soilers on the Van Buren electors, as the only way to prevent Cass getting the State. Whiggery in Ohio is getting desperate; but we have no fears of the State even if this bargain should be consummated.

Keep it before the People!

That Gen. Zachary Taylor, though a candidate for President, still hangs on to his office of Major General, and is drawing about $7.000 per annum from the public crib, in the shape of pay, house rent, fuel, hire of servants, &c., while he is staying at home attending to his own affairs.

Keep it also before the People!

That Lewis Cass resigned his seat in the U. S. Senate, immediately after he was nominated for the Presidency.

Let the People Decide

Which is the most worthy their support.

ARKANSAS ELECTION.—By the official returns of the late election for member of Congress in Arkansas, it appears that Johnson, dem., received 11,466 votes, and Newton, whig, 6,234.

Democratic Majority, 5,232!!

Taylor enthusiasm don't appear to rage much in the south-West.

"The Star that never Sets."—There have been thirty ballotings in the Vermont Legislature for Speaker, without effecting a choice. The whigs fail a few votes short of having a majority over the democrats and free soilers, and as each party sticks to its own candidate no election has been effected. The whig star in Vermont, if not actually set, certainly twinkles very dimly.

PENNSYLVANIA ELECTION.—The result in this State is not yet quite certain. The vote for Governor is quite close, but we think Johnson, whig, is elected by a majority of from 50 to 150: the latest accounts say it will not exceed 50. Paynter, democrat, is elected Canal Commissioner by 2,500 to 3,000 majority.—The whigs and natives have a majority of 9 in the Senate, and the democrats of 4 or 6 in the House. The whigs and natives have elected 15 members of Congress, and the democrats 9—being a democratic gain of one. The Pennsylvanian estimates the democratic majority on the popular vote for members of Congress at 2,000.

The vote was light, and shows a decrease in nearly all the counties in the democratic, without any increase in the whig vote; showing conclusively that our party's defeat in Pennsylvania was owing entirely to the over confidence of our friends, and a consequent supineness and want of exertion to bring the votes to the polls. They now see their error and will be stimulated to bestir themselves in November, when we confidently hope to see the old Keystone give Cass and Butler at least 10,000 majority.

The members of Congress elected are—

1	District—	Lewis C. Levin, native.
2	"	Joseph R Chandler, whig.
3	"	H. D. Moore, whig, gain.
4	"	John Robins, Jr., dem.
5	"	John Freedley, whig.
6	"	Thomas Ross, dem.
7	"	J. C. Dickey, whig.
8	"	Thadeus Stevens, whig.
9	"	William Strong, dem.
10	"	M. M. Dimmick, dem.
11	"	Chester Butler, whig.
12	"	David Wilmot, dem.
13	"	Joseph Casey, whig.
14	"	C. W. Pitman, whig.
15	"	Hen y Nes, whig.
16	"	McLanahan, dem. gain.
17	"	Samuel Calvin, whig.
18	"	Andrew J. Ogle, whig.
19	"	Job Mann, dem.
20	"	R. R Reed, whig.
21	"	Moses Hampton, whig.
22	"	John W. Howe, whig.
23	"	James Thompson, dem.
24	"	Alfred Gilmore, dem gain.

Whigs and Natives 15, Democrats 9.

OHIO.—Close Race for Governor—Democratic Majority in the Legislature!—Gain of two Members of Congress.

It is still uncertain who is elected Governor of Ohio. The race is so close that it is thought the result will not be certainly known until the votes are canvassed by the Legislature.

For the Legislature we have done gloriously. The Senate is a tie, and in the House THE DEMOCRATS HAVE A MAJORITY OF 4 TO 6 over both whigs and Free Soilers combined!! thus securing the re-election to the U. S. Senate of Allen, whose term expires this winter. This is a most unlooked for triumph; and, after making due allowance for the free soil vote which the whigs have had at this election, but which Taylor cannot and will not receive, no reasonable man can doubt that Cass will carry the State by at least 12,000 votes. We should not be surprised if it were to be double that amount.

The members of Congress elected are eleven Democrats, to ten whigs, free soilers, &c. being a DEMOCRATIC GAIN OF TWO.

ARRIVAL OF THE EUROPA.—*Conviction and Sentence of Smith O'Brien!*—The Europa brings an account of the conviction of Smith O'Brien, who was sentenced to be *hung, drawn, and quartered!* The jury strongly recommended him to mercy; but no intimation has yet been given whether the Lord Lieutenant will listen to the recommendation. O'Brien's mother has gone to see the Queen on behalf of her son. Smith O'Brien's bearing through the whole of the trying scene, was manly, composed, and firm. McManus has also been convicted. The trial of Donehan was progressing, and Duffie's was to commence about the 21st ult.

The cholera has reached London, and several cases have proved fatal.

There is a moderate demand for all kinds of American produce.

No change in prices.

Death of Hon. Dixon H. Lewis.—Hon. Dixon H. Lewis, M. C. from Alabama, died in New York on Wednesday last, the 25th inst.

OHIO.—*How the Members of Congress stand.*—In the list of members elected to Congress we have classed all who are not democrats as whigs. The free soil men claim Hunter of the 15th—Crowell of the 19th—Giddings of the 20th, and Root of the 21st Districts as for Van Buren.

Campbell of the 2d District, is opposed to Trylor, and will not vote for him, neither will he for Van Buren and Adams.

Allowing the claim of the Free Soilers to be correct, the delegation in the next Congress will stand, one anti-Taylor, anti-Van Buren and Adams, whig—four free soil Van Buren whigs, and five Taylor whigs to eleven democrats.

Members of Congress Elected.

1st	District	David T. Disney,
2d	"	L. D. Campbell,*
3d	"	Robert C. Schenck,*
4th	"	Moses B. Corwin.*
5th	"	Emery D. Potter,
6th	"	Rudolphus Dickinson,
7th	"	Jonathan D. Morris,
8th	"	John L. Taylor,*
9th	"	Edson B. Olds,
10th	"	Charles Sweetser,
11th	"	John K. Miller,
12th	"	Samuel F. Vinton.*
13th	"	William A. Whittlesey,
14th	"	Nathan Evans,*
15th	"	Wm. F. Hunter,*
16th	"	Moses Hoagland,
17th	"	Joseph Cable.
18th	"	David K. Carter,
19th	"	John Crowell,*
20th	"	J. R. Giddings,*
21st	"	Joseph M. Root,*

Those marked with a star (*) are whigs, Van Buren men, abolitionists, &c.—*Ohio Statesman.*

Florida.—The "Union" thus sums up the results of the recent election in Florida:

The information received authorizes the assurance that the Legislature (whig last year) is now Democratic by from 5 to 11 majority, and that Gen. Bayley, the Democratic candidate for Governor, is elected by at least 400 majority. It may be that Mr. Cabell, owing to local circumstances, has beaten Gov. Duval, but this is not yet conceded; and the candid Whigs in Florida admit that, with less than 1,000 majority over both the Democratic candidates for Congress and Governor, Cass and Butler will carry the State. At the election in 1846, Mr. Cabell beat Kain 96 only in the whole State, and Mr. Brockenbrough's vote over *him* in 1845 was less than 100; while Gov. Mosley (Democratic) three months previous, beat Gen. Call (whig) for Governor upwards of 800 votes; and Mr. Levy (democratic) beat Major Putnam a like number.—Florida may be relied upon as giving from 1,000 to 1,500 majority for Cass and Butler.

Exploration of California.—Col. Fremont reached St. Louis on the 26th ult., and was advertised the next day on his scientific exploration to the far West. He will be attended by a party of about twenty men, who have hitherto accompanied him on similar expeditions. It is now nearly ten years since he first commenced the great work of exploring the vast region lying between the Mississippi and the Pacific Ocean, and if his labors had not been interrupted by the troubles in California, he would probably have completed, by this time, an undertaking which has contributed so much interest and valuable matter to science. A part of Upper California, north and east of Tlamath Lake, and the district of country about the sources of the Arkansas, Rio del Norte, &c., with the mountain region westward, remain to be explored. These are the only portions embraced in Col. Fremont's original plan, that are yet to be surveyed, and when finished, will enable him to complete a map from actual observation and surveys, which will prove of great importance in illustrating the typography, as well as the geology and natural history of that immense and comparatively unknown country. The enterprise, as we stated on a former occasion, is undertaken by Col. Fremont on his private account, no provision having been made by Congress for the continuance of the explorations; but we cannot think that the Government will permit his labors to go unrewarded, or allow them to stand incomplete for want of a small appropriation. More extra allowances were voted in one day at the close of last session, than the two former expeditions of Col. Fremont actually cost.—*Philadelphia North American.*

Mormon Settlement, Texas.—The Mormons have lately been negotiating for the purchase of a large tract of land on the Pierdenales, above Fredericksburg, and intend to form a new settlement there. The anxiety they manifest to purchase this land has excited some suspicions that they have discovered mines upon it. They have also probably discovered that the soil of the Pierdenales valley is admirably adapted to the culture of wheat and other grains, which they had been accustomed to raise in Missouri and Illinois, and will afford them all the facilities they desire for a new and extensive settlement. They have also a pretended prophecy that the New Jerusalem of their great prophet, is to be found in Texas. This opinion has long been prevalent among them, and we have been informed by an English gentleman that the presiding elder of the Mormon society of London has often said that the Mormons will, ultimately, all congregate in Texas. We should be sorry to learn that they have located the New Jerusalem on the Pierdenales, or the San Saba, for our frontier settlements will soon be pushed beyond these streams, and then wars might arise between "the saints" and new settlers. If the Mormons, however should find the New Jerusalem on the Puerco, many years wond probably elapse before the frontier settlements would reach them, and they might build up their city, and fortify it with seven walls, if they desired, long before the advancing limits of the frontier settlements would be pushed even to the source of the Colorado.—*Houston (Texas) Telegraph.*

A Model Town.—Wm. A. Stokes, Esq. writes to the Editor of the Lancaster Intelligencer, from the town of St. Mary's, in Elk county, as follows:—"In this glorious young borough, among a population of 1500 *we have not a single whig.*" One of the resolutions is as follows:

"*Resolved*, That each and every one of the citizens of the borough of St. Mary's, *without a single exception*, will vote for the Democratic candidates, Cass, Butler, Longstreth," &c.

LEWIS CASS.

"A purer, a better, a nobler-minded man than Gen. Lewis Cass, we do not believe ever lived. You may take his private history, from infancy to manhood, and from manhood to old age, and you shall not find in it a spot worthy of reproach.

"As to his fitness for the Presidency, no mortal man, we fancy, doubts it. His talents, all the world will admit, are of the highest order; his experience has been vast; his patriotism is undoubted. As a man, he is frank, generous, bold, and open-handed; as a Statesman, he may be ranked with the ablest of the age."

Such is the high eulogy the New York Atlas, a paper neutral in politics, passes upon the Presidential standard bearer of the Democracy of the Union. Through life General Cass has sustained a character that slander has seldom dared assail, and when she did, like gold tried by fire, slander has had but the effect to make his virtues the more conspicuous.

To the early pioneers of the West, he was the friend, when friends most were needed, and the West is filled with anecdotes of his generous and open-handed liberality to those stricken by poverty and sickness. His table has ever been the hospitalbe board—his purse ever open to the calls of the unfortunate—his advice was never wanting to those who asked it, and his cheering words to many who desponded, have incited them to renewed exertion. In all the relations of life, as a husband, father, friend and neighbor, Lewis Cass has sustained a character that any man might envy.

As a Democrat, he has been tried, and never was found wanting. At an early age he avowed himself a disciple of the school of Jefferson, and the creed of that great Apostle of Democracy has ever governed his subsequent career. In the stormy trials which Gen. Jackson had with the Bank of the United States, Lewis Cass was by his side, and stood firm as old Hickory himself in the strong measures taken against that mammoth institution, while he was Gen. Jackson's Secretary of War, his Constitutional adviser, his tried and true friend, alike in sunshine, and when the storm of Bank panic came, which many believed would overwhelm him.

As a stateman, Lewis Cass has a name and a fame, which no living American ever had. His defeat of the Quintuple Treaty, where single handed and alone, he met, grappled with, and foiled the best trained statesmen of England, struggling for the right of that nation to search the vessels of the world, sailing the high seas, is the crowning act of Lewis Cass' eventful life. Great as has have been his other achievments, on the field, in the cabinet, and in the councils of the nation, that act—the defeat of that Treaty, under the circumstances, casts the other acts of his life, and the acts of other statesmen into the shade.—He was not sustained by his Government, for Mr. Webster ther ruled Mr. Tyler, who administered the affairs of the Government, but he was sustained by the Democracy of the nation, and by the honest and the patriotic of all parties.

The Senatorial career of Gen. Cass was brilliant beyond precedent. Without practice as a Parliamentary debater—without experience in the rules, he responded to the call of his State, and went to the Senate a marked man. The Whig Presidential aspirants were ready for their task—their knives were already whetted for the sacrifice, and they fancied the victory an easy one. They who met Gen. Cass in debate, grappled with a giant in intellect, and the whig leaders are welcome to all the honors they won.

On the War question, Gen. Cass stood forward the champion of the poor soldier—the champion of the nation. He believed the war on our part as just a war as ever was waged, and he defended it as a patriot should defend his country when it is assailed, and for this he has been denounced by those who took the part of the enemy in the late war with Mexico.

When Gen. Cass accepted the nomination of the democracy for President, he retired from the Senate, as did Gen. Jackson in 1825, to private life. On the 5th of March next, if so long his life be spared, he will again be in Washington, to take upon himself the oath of office as President of the United States.

In his life, he has seen Ohio, the mother of the west, spring from a wilderness to a thickly populated State, capable of giving her old Pioneer twenty-three electoral votes, backed by an overwhelming large popular majority, and the great west, whose history, as but the history of the man, so closely has he been identified with it, will swell that majority by giving him her united electoral vote.

Such is the glorious standard bearer of democratic principles—such the deep love felt for him at his own western home.

Though western in his education—through life, from early manhood to age, has been in the great West, traversing her mighty lakes and still mightier forests, in keeping down the spirit of thhe red men, and making treaties with them, still Lewis Cass has too enlarged an intellect to make a sectional President.—His heart takes in the Union—he loves the Republic, not a single star which gleams on our flag, representing a single State—not half a dozen, representing to the mind's eye a particular section, but the whole galaxy, representing the whole Union—East as well as West—North as well as South, as the child loves its mother—ready to resent her injuries, prompt to avenge her wrongs, and from his councils he would spurn, with loathing and contempt, the man who dare counsel him, as President of this mighty Republic, to do wrong to one section that another might profit thereby. He is a western man with national feelings, and when he is inaugurated as President, he will be the Chief Magistrate of the whole nation, for he could not be otherwise if he would, and he would not be if he could.

A man of pure and stainless character—a politician unswerving in his support of the great principles of Jeffersonian democracy—a statesman of acknowledged and tried ability, with a world wide reputation for diplomatic sagacity, which he gained by casting aside the subtle dealings of the European school, as unworthy the model republic, and at once, with plain and honest dealing, meeting the question and canvassing it on its merits. It was thus that he defeated the Quintuple Treaty, which England had prepared to give her dominion of the seas, and it was thus he exposed her designs, and saved our flag from insult—the commercial world from tyranny. In the same frank and manly spirit he has given his opinions to the world—seeking no concealment, for he has no thought on political subjects that he would conceal from those whose support he asks, and it is this trait, as well as his manly virtues—his many services—the deep and devoted love which marks his every act as patriotic, that has made the name and fame of Lewis Cass, dear to every lover of his country, and has given him so deep a hold on the affections of the people.

Zachariah at Home.—The Nashville Union contains the following propositions for a bet: "$100 that Taylor will not carry his own parish; $100 that he will not carry his own State; $200 that Cass will carry his own town; $200 that he will carry his own State. A like amount on Cass' carrying Tennessee, and a like amount on the Union."

The Fire Won't Burn.—Mr. Gregg, one of the Indiana whig electors, in a speech at Lawrenceburgh, lately said:

"The whigs here are cold—very, VERY COLD! They have no life; no animation. He would as soon think of galvanizing a dead body with an icicle, as to infuse life into their hearts. They were torpid as oysters. But says Mr, Gregg, I ought not to complain, for I have been cold myself, on account of circumstances."

What an immense enthusiasm Taylor's nomination has produced! What a spontaneous combustion!

Towns of the Tariff.—A few days since we published an interesting account of the growth of Lawrence, a town of 8,000 inhabitants, upon the Merrimack, which two years ago consisted only of two or three farm houses and a blacksmith shop. We have now before us some facts relative to a similar demonstration of manufacturing enterprise at South Hadley Falls, upon the Connecticut river, where a series of works are in progress which seem rather to belong to the fabulous ages of the world, were it not that the truth of the present era so very much resembles fiction.

But one of the most remarkable facts connected with this matter is, that it occured in the very face of the anathematised tariff of 1846. The laying out of towns, the erection of factories and the arrangements for commanding water power are all upon a scale which is without precedent, and certainly demonstrate beyond controversy that the practical operation of the revenue tariff is compatible with the interests and the pursuits of manufacturing industry.

A correspondent in this city furnishes us with some facts in relation to this great factory city, but the subjoined descriptive and statistical account, by a correspondent of the N. Y. Express, is rather more ample and particular, and we accordingly present it to the readers of the Sun as an illustration of the progressive enterprise of the day:

"The South Hadley Falls Company is an association of capitalists incorporated with a capital of $4,000,000 for the purpose of improving and working the immense water power, to be obtained here by daming the Connecticut river. They have been a little more than one year at work, and already we see long blocks of brick dwellings, nearly finished, that would compare favorably with city houses, and everywhere is seen the hand of the engineer and artisan, in making the place ready for its destined business. The company have got their dam (28 feet high and 1,200 feet long) in a good state of forwardness, and are laboring diligently at their canals, of which there are two running parallel, by which the water is to be conducted to the factories. These canals are to be 140 feet wide and about two and three-fourth miles long, viz: upper 1¼ miles, and lower or next side 1¼ miles, and from 15 to 20 feet deep. It is faced with solid masonry, and will be a substantial affair. The water power thus obtained, says a little sketch just before me, is calculated to be more than and already on the opposite side of the river the inhabitants have raised $100,000, and procured an act of incorporation, giving power to increase to $300,000, for a manufacturing company called the Glasgow Co. They have a factory, calculated for 10,000 spindles, 52 by 200 feet, and five stories high, nearly completed, in which they intend to manufacture Scotch ginghams, (their act of incorporation is for the manufacture of silk, cotton or worsted goods,) and they expect to get ready for business next year. Their power is received from the old South Hadley Canal, used for navigation around the Falls, and is entirely distinct from the operations on the other side."

Election of U. S. Senator—Necessity of Organization—The Viva Voce Vote.

The Democracy of Indiana at their late election achieved a great and brilliant victory, which if turned to proper account will enure to the lasting prosperity of the party, and to the promotion of the best interests of the State. With an effective majority in each branch of the Legislature, and a heavy preponderance on joint ballot, the Democratic party during such ascendency will be justly held responsible for their acts as a party, and for the manner in which they shall conduct the public affairs. But the party is justly responsible only for such acts as may be in consonance with the general will of its members, and as may be committed by the officers of its choice.—For if by any means a whig is elected by the Legislature to any of the public offices, or through whig intrigues a Democrat not the choice of his party, the Democracy are neither to be credited with his good acts nor charged with his bad. To this result all the movements of the whig party will tend,—and particularly for the office of U. S. Senator their strong effort will be to secure the election of the man the least desired by the Democracy, and of course the least objectionable to them—an evil which we should regard as a far greater evil than the election of an out and out whig.

To avoid such a result should be the honest aim, and unchanging purpose of every Democrat in the Legislature, and this object may be certainly attained if the proper organization is adopted. The election of a Senator must not be a general scramble—a disgraceful melee into which Whiggery may enter and bear off the prize, and appropriate to itself all the avails of the great victory in August.—The Democracy understand their interests better.

How then shall this be effected? We answer, by establishing, and honestly sustaining a firm and efficient organization. Let the Democrats of both branches of the Legislature assemble together for the purpose of discussing and determining the merits and claims of every man whose name is presented for their consideration as a candidate. If there is to twice as great as any other power in the State. It is calculated that there will be sufficient to drive 1,200,000 spindles, (Lowell has only 300,000 spindles,) and sustain a population of one hundred thousand inhabitants.—The city has been laid out in a good style, and in every direction is to be seen workmen with carts and derricks levelling hills, filling up ravines, grading streets, &c., &c. Everything seems to be done under the direction of engineers, so that when the city is ready for inhabiting, there will be nothing comparatively to do.

This mammoth work has stimulated projects on a smaller scale in surrounding places, be any contest for the supremacy, let it be in the convention and not in the Hall of the House of Representatives. Every member of the convention is as much bound by the act of the majority, as the minority in any popular government are by the will of the mass, and the selection made by such majority should be honestly, faithfully, and unfalteringly supported by every member of the party. We know there are men who entertain honest prejudices against this system of organization, but it is the only safe and effective one. We adopot the same for our county, State and National organization, and it is no less proper here, where a single misstep may defeat the popular will, and saddle us with lasting disgrace.

The present law authorizing the election of Senator by ballot, is one of the favorite schemes of whiggery, and should be at once repealed. The people have a right to know every vote of their representatives—it is their privilege to hold them to strict responsibility—to know whether they sustain the measures and men of the Democracy, or whether they prove recreant to their trust. The *viva voce* vote in all elections by the Legislature is the only safe true, democratic policy, the only effectual means to guard with certainty against corruption, promote the harmony and well being of the party, and protect the people from infringements upon their rights.

It is not our intention at present to enter upon a discussion of the merits or pretensions of any man whose name may be presented in connexion with the office. The only interest we have in the matter is such as is common to every member of the party—a desire to have such a selection made and in such a manner, as shall most certainly perpetuate the triumph of our glorious principles. We know that efforts will be made by the whig party to divide and distract our councils, and it is but right to sound the tocsin in advance, so that forewarned we may be forearmed—that we may meet this emergency as becomes honest and honorable men—as becomes democrats.—*Goshen Democrat.*

PENNSYLVANIA ELECTION.

While the returns from Pennsylvania are coming in, says the Cincinnati Enquirer, we think it well to lay before our readers the following paragraphs from a correspondent of the New York Herald. The whigs are claiming great gains in Pennsylvania, and may, indeed, have elected their candidate for Governor—things look a good deal like it. But this is the result of combination, Whig and Abolition vote. The Democrats in Wilmot's district, it will be seen, have, as we think unwisely, made up an issue with Wilmot and his immediate supporters, which not only operates there, but throughout the State, against Longstreth. We have no kind of doubt of a plurality, perhaps a clear majority, for Cass and Butler in Pennsylvania, in November.

The correspondent of the Herald says:

"In this State, they (the Free Soilers) have resolved, in Convention, to withhold any seperate exhibition of their strength in the election for Governor, so that that election will be no positive test, as between the parties in the Presidential balloting. The late movement, however, of the Cass democrats in Wilmot's district, in the nomination of a democrat in opposition to Mr. Wilmot, may operate to increase the vote for Johnson, and give him a prospect or success. We hear that the whigs and barnburning free soilers of that disaffected Democratic region have agreed to fraternize in the electon—the whigs to support Wilmot in consideration of the Barnburners supporting Johnson. If this be so, Longstreth will lose from 600 to 800 votes in Wilmot's district, on the average democratic vote. And there is ground for the suspicion that this attempt by the Cass democrats to supercede Mr. Wilmot will be resisted by the barnburners in other districts, who would otherwise have supported the Democratic nominee for Governor.

The whig candidate for Governor has put himself forward as an advocate for free soil.—He will secure the Abolition vote; he will secure (if the information of the compounding in Wilmot's district be correct) a portion of the democratic barnburners; he will secure the mass of the natives. The Governor's election in 1847 shows the following results:

Plurality of Governor Shunk,	17,976
Native for Reigart,	11,208
Abolition vote for Lemoyne,	1,676—12,884
Shunk's majority,	5,092

Deducting the Abolitionists and the Natives from the democratic plurality of '47, and adding them to the whigs of '48, and allowing, in other respects, the parties to stand the same, the whigs have to overcome, to elect their Governor, a majority of 5,000 against them.—But Shunk was, perhaps, a more popular man than Longstreth; then there is, as set forth, the defection of the barnburners, and there are some desertions in the iron counties on the tariff question."

Fort Wayne Medical Society.

The next regular meeting of this Society having been inadvertently fixed on the first Tuesday in November, the same being the day of the Presidential Election, it is deemed advisable to change the time of meeting to Tuesday, November 14th, when all who feel an interest in the Society are invited to attend.

JAS. HAMILTON, *President*
S. S. THOMPSON, *Sec'y.*

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS are a safe, easy and certain cure for Colds and Coughs; because they carry off, by the stomach and bowels, those morbid humors, which, if deposited upon the lungs, are the cause of the above dangerous complaints. A single twenty five cent box of said Indian Vegetable Pills is generally sufficient to make a perfect cure of the most obstinate Cold—at the same time the digestion is improved, and the blood so completely purified, that new life and vigor is given to the frame.

☞ BEWARE OF SUGAR COATED COUNTERFEITS! *Remember that the original and only genuine* INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS *have the written signature of* WILLIAM WRIGHT *on the top label of each box.*

The genuine for sale by Turk & McMaken, sole agent for Fort Wayne A. B. Miller, New Haven; J. B. Hanna, Huntertown.

Wholesale at the principal Office. 169 Race-st Philadelphia.

THERE'S A GOOD TIME COMING.

Who that keeps pace with the rapid improvements, discoveries, and advancement of this age in the natural sciences, in arts, in governments, and moral and intellectual reforms, but what can see, without prophetic vision, that a "good time is coming," with the rapidity of the lightning's flash, and the certainty of eternal truth Among the good things that have already come, and are diffusing their good effects far and wide over this Hesperian "land of promise," are the much and truly celebrated Indian Queen Vegetable Sugar-Coated Pills of Dr. Bragg. They are *working* as great a reform in the practice of medicine as Republicanism is in the Governments of Europe. No family that knows their many virtues by experience will be without them. In the cure of Bilious diseases they are unrivalled in the annals of medicine.

For sale by H. B. REED and C. R. WALKER, Druggists Fort Wayne: and at agencies in most towns in the State.

Goodson & Clark of Bellevue, Ohio, Nov. 23d, 1846, sent a letter to Dr. G. C. Vaughn the proprietor of the celebrated Lithontriptic Mixture, the Great American Remedy, with a statement that in the vicinity of Ohio where they do business, the article has had unprecedented sales. Nothing like it has ever appeared. People resort to it for all complaints, and its effect is always good, old cases which have baffled the skill of the medical men have yielded to it, and the faculty are using it in their practice. A large number of medical men are agents for its sale, a strong proof of the great virtues of the article. Call on Agents in our paper whose names are to be found under Great American Remedy, and get a Pamphlet.

☞ MOST EXTRAORDINARY WORK! ☜

THE

Married Woman's Private Medical Companion.

BY DR. A. M. MAURICEAU,

PROFESSOR OF DISEASES OF WOMEN.

Sixth Edition. 18mo. pp 250. Price $1.

50,000 COPIES SOLD IN SIX MONTHS!

Years of suffering, of physical and mental anguish to many an affectionate wife, and pecuniary difficulties to the husband might have been spared; thousands now poor would have enjoyed competence; thousands now broken in health would have enjoyed it; hundreds now in their graves been still alive by a timely possession of this work.

It is intended especially for the married, or those contemplating marriage, as it discloses important secrets which should be known to them particularly.

Truly, knowledge is power. It is health, happiness and affluence.

The revelations contained in its pages have proved a blessing to thousands, as the innumerable letters received by the author will attest.

Here, also, every female—the wife, the mother, the one either budding into womanhood, or the one in the decline of years in whom nature contemplates an important change—can discover the causes, symptoms, and the most efficient remedies, and most certain mode of cure, in every complaint to which her sex is subject.

Its Importance to the Married may be gathered from the fact, that *Traveling Agents* make from Three to Five Dollars a day! from its sale, hundreds of active, enterprizing agents are accumulating a little competence from the liberal discount allowed, and the great demand for it. Orders are required to be accompanied with payment.

Copies will be sent by mail free of postage to the purchaser.

Over twenty thousand copies have been sent by mail within three months with perfect safety and certainty.

On the receipt of One Dollar, the "Married Woman's Private Medical Companion" will be sent *(mailed free)* to any part of the United States. All letters and applications from those desiring to become agents must be postpaid (except those containing a remittance) and addressed to Dr. A. M Mauriceau, Box 1224, New York City. Publishing Office, 129 Liberty st. New York.

The "Married Woman's Private Medical Companion" is sold by Booksellers throughout the United States. 3m7.

At a meeting of the FORT WAYNE LODGE, No. 14, I. O. O. F., held on Monday evening, October 23d, 1848, the following Preamble and Resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Whereas, It has pleased the Almighty in his inscrutable providence to remove by death from amongst us our beloved and much respected brother, P.G. D.D.G.M. JAMES P. MUNSON, in the meridian of life and usefulness; and whereas, as a member of this lodge and of the order he was ever zealous in the discharge of his duties; and whereas this melancholy event took place at Winstead, Connecticut, on the 25th September, 1848; his remains were carried to their final resting place by a large procession of brethren. Our worthy brother was not permitted to pass the last hours of his earthly career amongst us—A few months since our deceased brother left us to visit his friends East. From letters received from him during his absence we are gratified to learn that he received every attendance from our brethren, wherever he met them, that could have been conferred upon him by the nearest and dearest friends, and had it been the fate of our brother to fall in a strange land we have no doubt he would have been cheered in his last hours by kindness and brotherly love. He has left a widow and children, and a large circle of friends to mourn over his untimely departure. But why should they grieve over the departed? He has but passed from this world of trouble and suffering to the brighter regions of the blest where pain and sorrow never come. Therefore,

Resolved, That in the death of our late brother, this lodge mourn the loss of one who in all the relations of a Citizen, Man, and Odd Fellow, was truly esteemed for his integrity, uprightness, and benevolence; and that we will cherish his memory as one eminently entitled to the love, confidence, and respectful regard of all.

Resolved, That the members of this Lodge wear the usual Badge of mourning for the space of thirty days.

Resolved, That the members of this Lodge do sincerely sympathize with the bereaved family and relatives of our deceased brother under this afflictive dispensation.

Resolved, That the Secretary be instructed to transmit to them a copy of the Resolutions, and also that he have them published in the city papers.

D. P. HARTMAN,
R. C. FILSON,
S. M. BLACK,
Committee.

COMMERCIAL.

OFFICE OF THE SENTINEL,
Fort Wayne, October 28 h, 1848.

Notwithstanding the badness of the roads, considerable Wheat has been brought in this week. The price has not varied much, but has rather a downward tendency; 75c to 77c are the prevailing rates. Corn, new 25; old, shelled, 34; Oats 18 a 20; Potatoes 50: Butter 10.

Toledo, Oct. 26.—Sales of Wheat at 87 a 87½; Flour 4 20; Corn 43¾.

Buffalo, Oct. 25.—Market dull; Wheat 89 a 90; Flour 4 50 a 4 56; Corn 48 a 50 asked,—no buyers. Freight to Albany 70c on Flour, 20 on Wheat, and 16 a 17 on Corn.

New York, Oct. 25.—Flour in fair demand at 5 31 a 5 44; Corn, dull at 67 a 74; Wheat, Genessee, 1 26; Rye 67 a 68.

MARRIED,—On the 16th inst. at Alexander. Genesee Co., New York, by Rev. S. Goff, Mr. A. H. WELLS, of this city, to Miss AURELIA NORTH, of the former place.

In Brooklyn, L. I., on the 11th inst., in the Clinton street Presbyterian Church, by the Rev. Mr. Greenleaf, D. COOPER AYRES, M. D., of Fort Wayne, Indiana, to Miss MARY FRANCES, only daughter of the late Dr. Camp of New Jersey.

$1000 Wooster Money

WANTED immediately, for which the highest price will be paid in CASH.

BARNETT & NELSON.

October 28, 1848.

Dr. Woodworth

HAS removed his office to his house, two doors East of the Palo Alto Hotel, Wayne street. October 28, 1848.

B. W. OAKLEY,

THANKFUL for the favors of the past, would respectfully inform his old customers and the public generally, that his Fall and Winter supply has in part arrived, and is still coming; so that by the close of navigation all demands for the season can be promptly filled.

STOVES.

County & City Orders

WANTED, for which the highest price will be paid in cash or goods as cheap as they can be obtained in the State of Indiana, by
Oct 28, 1848. BARNETT & NELSON.

LATEST ARRIVAL.

At T. K. Brackenridge & Co's.

OUR long looked for stock of FALL AND WINTER GOODS have come to hand. and we are now prepared to accommodate all who may favor us with a call. Our stock is of the latest and finest styles, having been carefully selected and intended for this market alone, and consists of

Dry Goods, Groceries,

Queensware, Hardware, Boots and Shoes. Hats, Caps, Muffs, Hoods. Bonnets, Boas, &c., Nails, Glass, Leather, Salt. Wicking, Wadding, Batts, Cotton Yarn, &c. &c.

In our stock of DRY GOODS will be found, French and English Cloths of all colors and a variety of pieces; also French Doe Skin, English, and Fancy Cassimeres, some of them very pretty; a full stock of Satinetts of all colors and prices, from three shillings to one dollar and twenty-five cts.; also Kentucky Jeans, Tweeds, and Cords; a full and fine stock of

CALICOES from Sixpence to two Shillings;

Mer., Blue, Blue and Orange for one shilling; a first rate article of full *yard wide Muslin for sixpence per yard*, do 8 cents, 10 cents; five-fourths for one shilling, extra fine for one shilling, Bleached. do from 8 cents to two shillings.

To the LADIES, we would say that our stock of

Dress Goods and Trimmings

Is a fine one, consisting of Plaid, Satin, Striped, and plain black Silks, Gro de Rhine and Gro de Suisse; Lustres; Plaid, Plain, and Striped Alpaccas; Mode, Black Plaid, and Stripe Silk Warp do; Cashmeres and De Laines. Also, a new and fashionable DRESS GOODS lately brought into market, and bearing the name of the great French Republican *Lamartine*. In the stock of TRIMMINGS will be found, Gimps, Fringes, Laces, Buttons, &c. Give us a call at least, Ladies, and examine our stock.

Our assortment of GROCERIES is large and fine. Java, Rio, and Laguira Coffee from six to 11 pounds to the dollar;—New Orleans, Loaf, Lump, Crushed, and Powdered Sugars; Imperial, Gunpowder, and Young Hyson Teas; Pimento and Pepper, ground and in the grain; Mustard, Chocolate, &c.—Tobacco—Cavendish, Common, Fine Cut, Pressed, and Smoking.

Our stock of QUEENSWARE AND HARDWARE is large, consisting of Flowing Blue, by the set or piece; Liverpool do; Agate do; Common and extra Tumblers; Pepper, Salt, and Preserves.

BOOTS AND SHOES—A fine selection Stoga Boots from two dollars to 2,50 per pair; Kip and Calf do., Youths' and Boy's do., Stoga, Kip, and Calf Shoes, Youths' and Boys' do., Ladies' and Misses' Morocco Lace Boots, Buskins, Walking Shoes, Slips, and Gaiters; Children and Infants do. Ladies', Gents' and Misses' Gum Elastic Over Shoes, French, Spanish, Scrap, and Manufactured.

Ladies' Muffs, a few first rate African Lynx, Jenet, &c., Misses, a fine lot. Gents fashionable Silk and Fur HATS: Cloth, Plush, Oil Silk, Fur, and Seal CAPS from two shillings to two dollars.

CASH paid for WHEAT, and all kinds of Produce. Corn, Oats Flaxseed, Beeswax, Ginseng, Butter, Eggs, &c., taken in exchange for Goods and the highest price paid for the same at the HOOSIER STORE, Corner of Main & Calhoun Streets, opposite John Trentmann's.
October 26, 1848. y17.

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of a Fi. Fa. to me directed from the Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court, I will expose for sale on the 18th day of November, 1848, at the court house door in Fort Wayne, within the hours prescribed by law, the rents & profits for seven years of the following real estate, to wit: The undivided half of the South West quarter of the North East quarter of section eleven, in township thirty-one, North of range eleven, East, *containing forty acres*; and on failure to realize the full amount of judgment, interest, and costs, I will at the same time and place expose the fee simple of said real estate.—Taken as the property of John F. H. Staehle, at the suit of Francis S. Avaline.

S. S. MORSS, Sh'ff. A. C.
October 25, 1848. [$1 80] 3w17.

State of Indiana, } Allen Probate Court.
Allen County, ss} August Term, 1848.

Petition for the Sale of Realty,

James M. Cartwright, administrator of the Estate of Alexander Buchanan, deceased, vs. the heirs of said estate.

COMES now into open court said administrator and files his petition, setting forth the insufficiency of assets in hand to pay the debts outstanding against said estate. Whereupon it is ordered by the court that the said heirs be notified by publication, personally to be and appear before the Judge of the Allen Probate Court aforesaid, on the first day of the next term thereof, to be holden at the court house in said county of Allen, on the third Monday of November next, and show cause, if any they can, why said realty shall not be sold to make assets in the hands of said administrator as aforesaid, or in default thereof the prayer of said petition be granted. R. E. FLEMING, Clerk.
F. P. RANDALL, Att'y.
Oct. 28, 1848. [$2 30] 3 v17.

Notice.

OFFICE INDIANA MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, *Indianapolis, October 7, 1848.*

THE members of said Company are hereby notified that, at a meeting of Directors held in this day, it was

Ordered, That for the payment of losses by fire, estimated interest thereon, and other liabilities sustained and incurred by said company since Ortober 11, 1847, amounting to the sum of twelve thousand five hundred and ninety dollars and six cents, the following assessment on the Premium Notes given to the Company, be paid off by the members thereof, on or before the thirtieth day of November next ensuing, to the Treasurer of said Company, to wit:

ON NOTES IN FORCE.

On all Notes dated on or before November 27, 1847, and not discharged at this date, being from No. 2525 to No. 3780, both inclusive, *thirteen per cent.*

On all Notes dated after November 27, 1847, and on or before February 23, 1848, being from No. 3781 to No. 3853, both inclusive, *eleven and one quarter per cent.*

On all Notes dated after February 23, 1848, and on before February 29, 1848, being from No. 3854 to No 3860, both inclusive, *nine and one quarter per cent.*

On all notes dated after February 29, 1848, and on or before March 3, 1848, being from No. 3861 to No. 3862, both inclusive, *eight and one half per cent.*

On all Notes dated after March 3, 1848, and on or before July 18, 1848, being from No. 3862 to No. 3938, both inclusive, *five and one quarter per cent*

ON EXPIRED AND DISCHARGED NOTES.

On all Notes expired or discharged on or after October 12, 1847, and on or before November 27, 1847 *three and one half per cent.*

On all Notes expired or discharged after November 27, 1847, and on or before February 23, 1848, *five and one quarter per cent.*

On all Notes expired or discharged after February 23, 1848, and on or before February 29, 1848, *seven and one quarter per cent*

On all Notes expired or discharged after February 29, 1848, and on or before March 3, 1848, *eight per cent*

On all Notes expired or discharged after March 3, 1848, and on or before July 18, 1848, *eleven and one quarter per cent.*

On all Notes expired or discharged after July 18, 1848, and on or before October 7, 1848, *thirteen per cent.*

Ordered, That the Treasurer charge *interest* on assessments not paid on or before November 30, 1848.

Receipts for Assessments will be forwarded to Agents or authorized persons, to whom members are expected to make prompt payment. *Interest* will be charged on all assessments remaining unpaid on and after the 30th day of November, on which they are payable; and at the expiration of thirty days from this date, delinquents will be liable to suit for the *whole amount* of their premium notes, agreeable to the eleventh section of the Charter. Notes of the State Bank of Indiana, or of the specie paying banks in Kentucky and Ohio will be required for assessments.

In cases where members have *alienated* their Policies by sale of the assured property or otherwise, they are hereby notified that it is their duty to surrender the same for discharge, and to pay the amount due up to the time of such surrender, agreeable to the *requirements* of the fifteenth section of the Charter, which must be enforced by officers of the Company. This is so important a matter to members that Agents are especially requested to call their attention to it, and to give the proper information in regard thereto. Policies for discharge should be forwarded through the local agents, and addressed to the Secretary. *In no case will a policy be discharged until the amount or amounts due on the note up to the date of surrender be first paid.* By order of the Directors.
17. B. F. MORRIS, Treasurer.

NAILS, Spikes, and Glass, for sale by A. B. MILLER.

Tremendous Mass Meeting.

TOM CORWIN, LEWIS CASS, DANIEL WEBSTER, JOHN VAN BUREN, HENRY CLAY, ALLEN of Ohio, BRIGHT of Indiana, and the celebrated JOHN M. BOTTS, are all good at making speeches, and drawing large crowds; but none of them ever gave half the satisfaction that

B. MASON

Now gives to the THOUSANDS of customers who are daily crowding his Cheap Store. It is calculated that

20,000 Persons of both parties,

can find every thing they need in the shape of

Dry Goods, Groceries,

Queensware, Hardware, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps, &c. &c.

At Mason's Cheap Cash Store, which has just been filled to overflowing with the largest, best, and cheapest assortment ever seen in Fort Wayne.

Rally, Whigs! Democrats to the Rescue!!

Now is the time to serve your country, and save your fips.—Goods will positively be sold CHEAPER than at any other store in the place. Only think—

Twenty yards heavy, yard wide SHEETING for One Dollar!!!

Every thing else in proportion.

In this stock will be found every thing adapted to the season and the wants of the country. Broad Cloths, Cassimeres, Flannels, Linseys, and other staple articles in abundance, and at prices that must be seen to be believed.

The LADIES will find a magnificent stock of *Satins, Silks, Velvets*, Trimmings of all kinds for Dresses or Cloaks; Alpaccas, French Merinoes, De Laines, Chamelion Plaids; Shawls; Dress Handkerchiefs, Calicoes, &c. &c. In short, the richest and most superb assortment ever witnessed in the west, and although this establishment has always gone ahead of all others in its supply of rich and fancy articles suited to the refined taste of the ladies of this city, yet this time it fairly exceeds itself. An inspection will richly repay any body for the trouble of a call.

The stock of GROCERIES is large, and all of the choicest quality—*nothing else is ever kept, and they will be sold as* Cheap or CHEAPER than the inferior articles offered in some of the blowing *gas-houses* in this city. DYE STUFFS—Madder, Indigo, Alum, &c.

QUEENSWARE.—A large and most beautiful assortment of the latest styles.

HARD-WARE.—A full stock, which is offered very low.

Every thing in the shape of BOOTS AND SHOES, *from* a Stogie Boot to a Baby's Shoe—including Misses' Gaiters, Slippers, Walking Shoes, &c., and Gents' Calf Boots, Water Proof Boots, Shoes, Bootees, &c. &c at very reduced prices.

HATS AND CAPS in great variety—from a Broadway *Bon Ton* to a shilling cap.

STATIONERY.—He has also a large stock of Stationery—*including School Books, Cap and Letter Paper, Envelopes* &c &c.

Also an endless variety of NOTIONS—such as Steel Beads, Clasps, and Purse Twists; Combs in great variety;—Travelling Bags; Pen and Pocket Knives, and every thing else that is neat, tasty, fashionable, or desirable.

SALT & WHITE FISH by the bbl NAILS & GLASS.

In short, buyers will find any thing and every thing they can ask for, and for CASH can have such bargains as they have never dreamt of. All kinds of PRODUCE, Deer Skins, &c. taken in exchange for Goods.

Cash paid for **WHEAT** at all times.
October 21, 1848. y17.

A Word to the Wise is Sufficient.

C. A. GREY informs his friends and the public that he has just filled up "*the Old Store*" with a general assortment of NEW

Fall & Winter Dry Goods Groceries, &c,

It is needless to enumerate all the articles, or to make any ridiculous brag about the quality or cheapness of his goods, as his friends know that in these respects he is always ahead of all competition. He will merely remark that his assortment is complete, and as he does business entirely on the cash principle, and buys exclusively for cash, he is enabled to sell as cheap or

Cheaper than any other Store in the Country!

Purchasers will therefore find it to their advantage to give him a call.
Oct. 21, 1848. 3m16.

Excelsior.

Upward and onward is the Motto of the Great West.

W. SMITH & Co. No 3 Jones' Block, Fort Wayne, Ind., are still at the head, and lead the GREAT REVOLUTION IN PRICES of

Dry Goods, Groceries,

Hardware, Boots & Shoes, Queensware, &c.

Their tremendous heavy stock of Goods will be sold at greatly reduced prices. Their Cotton Goods were purchased at the GREAT COTTON RAM ESTABLISHMENT, and will be sold at less prices than most merchants pay for them in New York City. As an evidence call and see that

Real Heavy Yard-Wide Cotton Cloth sixteen Yards for one Dollar!!

Such as is usually sold for 10 cents and never less than 8 cents per yard by any one else. They also stick to their old motto of ☞ *No Shaving on Orders, Due Bills or Barter Trades,* ☜ but an even up cash price strictly adhered to in all cases. Call, see, try, and you will not deny the truth of the above.

WANTED; All kinds of PRODUCE. & BLACK SALTS.

SALERATUS AT WHOLESALE.

Fort Wayne, Oct. 21, 1848. 16.

Election Notice.

I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE that a General Election is to be holden at the usual place of holding Elections in the several Townships in Allen County, on Tuesday, the 7th day of November, A. D 1848, at which time twelve Electors of President and Vice President of the United States are to be chosen in pursuance of the notice from the Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court, a copy of which is annexed.

S. S. MORSS,
Sheriff of Allen County.
Dated Fort Wayne, October 10, 1848. 15

State of Indiana, } Clerk's Office, October 8.
Allen County, ss.} 1848.

To the Sheriff of Allen County.

Sir: You are hereby notified that an election will be held on the Tuesday next after the first Monday in November, A. D. 1848, in the several Townships in Allen County, for the purpose of electing twelve electors of President and Vice President of the United States for the State of Indiana.

Given under my hand and Seal of office, the day and year aforesaid.
[SEAL.] R. E. FLEMING, Clerk A. C.

TOBACCO.—The lovers of "the weed" can find the cheapest and best article in the market at the new Grocery and Variety Store.
D. HUDSON.

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the firm of Howe, Parks, & Co., is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All debts owing to or by the firm will be settled by James Howe, and Volney Parks, by whom the business will be continued under the firm of Howe & Parks. JAMES HOWE,
VOLNEY PARKS.
C. E. GOODRICH.
Fort Wayne, Oct. 7, 1848.

BRANCH BANK FORT WAYNE, *Sept. 23, 1848.*

NOTICE is hereby given that the regular annual meeting of the Stockholders of the Branch at Fort Wayne of the State Bank of Indiana, for the election of seven Directors on the part of said Stockholders, for the year ensuing will be held at the Banking House of said Branch in Fort Wayne, on Monday the sixth day of November next, between the hours of ten and six of that day. H. M'CULLOCH, Cashier.
Sept. 30, 1848. 13tf.

MEDICAL NOTICE.

DR. D. KISER would respectfully inform the citizens of Fort Wayne and surrounding country, that he has commenced the practice of Medicine in Fort Wayne, and all who favor him with their custom may rely on prompt attention.

☞ OFFICE—On Columbia Street, next door to Thompson and Kitchen.
Fort Wayne, Oct. 21, 1848. 16.

JOHN G. WALPOLE, *Attorney at Law*, Fort Wayne, Ind., will attend to any business entrusted to his care in the Court of Allen County, and in the Supreme and U. S. Court at Indianapolis.
Office on Calhoun Street, over B. Smith's store.
Sept. 30, 1848. y13.

CASH paid for HIDES.
S. & W. S EDSALL.

MITTS & GLOVES.—Silk Lisle, Kid Worked & Cotton, just received and for sale cheap at the FARMERS' DEPOT.

The Last Arrival.

MRS. DYKES informs the ladies of Fort Wayne and vicinity that she has just returned from New York with a full assortment of

Fall and Winter Goods,

which will be ready for inspection on Tuesday next.
October 14, 1848.

Wood Choppers Wanted.

EIGHT or ten wood choppers wanted immediately, to whom the highest wages will be paid in cash. Inquire at the Niagara Store, or the New Haven Branch.
Oct. 13, 1848. A. B. MILLER.

Improved Dental Surgery,

Embracing a united Medical and Mechanical treatment of the diseases of the Gums, Teeth, and Mouth.

DR. MEACHAM offers his services as a Dentist to the people of Fort Wayne and vicinity. Dr. M. having studied and practiced Medicine first, then studied and practiced Dentistry for many years in different parts of the United States, trusts he can give entire satisfaction. Dr. M. is pleased with Fort Wayne as a location, and if after a fair trial their patronage will justify it he intends to make this a permanent location. Rooms under the Odd Fellows Hall, over Mr. Shoaffs Drug Store on Calhoun street, where he requests all who wish his services to call.
October 12, 1848. 3w15.

Fancy Bread, Biscuit and Cake BAKERY.

B. SAUNDERS, returns thanks to his friends for the liberal patronage bestowed on him, and respectfully informs the public that he has entered into partnership with J. F. COOMBES, an experienced *Fancy Baker and Pastry Cook*, and that in addition to the sale of Groceries, they will hereafter carry on the

Fancy Baking, Pastry Cook, and Confectionary Business.

and will keep on hand a general stock of French Twists, Cottage Loaves, Gingerbread, Chelsea Buns, Fancy, American, Union, and Lemon Biscuits; Queen's Drops; Brighton Rocks, Sea Biscuits, Buns, Crackers, &c., &c.

Orders for Parties, &c., promptly attended to.
Fort Wayne, October 7, 1848.

Grocery and Fancy Store.

Corner of Clinton and Columbia St, Fort Wayne.

D. HUDSON informs the citizens of Fort Wayne and surrounding country, that he has commenced business in the store lately occupied by J. B. Hanna, and offers for sale a large and choice assortment of

FAMILY GROCERIES

of the very best quality,—Sugar, Coffee, Tea, Tobacco, Segars, Fancy Soap, Starch, Candles, Dye Stuffs (all kinds, &c., &c.

A large assortment of WILLOW AND WOODEN WARE, Baskets, Wagons, Cradles, &c.

QUEENSWARE AND GLASSWARE, a splendid and fashionable assortment, very low.

He has also on hand the largest, finest, and best stock of

Toys, and Fancy Articles,

Trinkets and Musical Instruments ever offered in the State Violins, Accordians, Guitars, Flutes &c. Children's Toys, every imaginable variety,—Perfumery, Jewelry, Work Boxes, and other nick nacks for the Ladies, &c., &c., &c. All of which are offered at such remarkably low prices, that all he desires is the favor of a call, as he feels confident his goods and prices will recommend themselves to a discerning public.
Fort Wayne, October 7, 1848.

Sealed Proposals

WILL be received by the undersigned, Superintendant of the Fort Wayne & Lima Turnpike Company, at the office of S. Hanna in Fort Wayne, until the 29th day of October inst., for the

SALE OF Two Steam Saw Mills,

(with a small quantity of land attached) which are now nearly ready for business. Said Mills are situated on the Lima Road, one five miles and the other sixteen miles from Fort Wayne.—The company will stock the mills with logs eight and sixteen feet long, and propose selling the Mills at what they cost, and take in payment the sawing of the plank for the Plank Road. Bidders will state the price per thousand feet, delivered at the Mills, for square edged plank, three inch s thick, from eight to sixteen inches wide, and eight feet long; and for string pieces two inches thick, six inches wide, and sixteen feet long. Twelve or fifteen hundred thousand feet of plank will be required at the five mile Mill, and from ten to twelve hundred thousand feet at the sixteen mile Mill. Good security will be required of the purchasers for the prompt and faithful performance of the sawing. For further particulars enquire of the undersigned at the office of S. Hanna.

WM. MITCHELL,
Sup't. F. W. & L. T. Co.
Fort Wayne, Oct. 10, 1848. 3w15.

NOW IS THE TIME

To buy yourselves Rich!

E. D. BARTLETT & CO. respectfully inform their friends and the public in general, that they have just received a large and well assorted stock of

Fall and Winter Goods,

adapted to this market, which they are prepared to sell on more favorable terms than were ever before offered in Fort Wayne.

The Stock includes every variety of Fancy and Staple Dry Goods, Broad Cloths, Sattinetts, Cassimeres, Linseys, Jeans, Flannels, Blankets, &c. Calicoes, Shirtings, Sheetings, Ginghams; Alpaccas, Merinoes, DeLaines, Cashmeres, &c. —a beautiful assortment, at greatly reduced prices.

Honey Comb and Shirred Satin and Leghorn BONNETS of the latest fashions. Satins and Velvets, Ribbons, Artificials, and Trimmings in great variety; Shawls—all kinds,—Ladies' Misses', and Childrens' Shoes and Gaiters. &c.

Hats, Caps, Bonnets; Boots & Shoes of all qualities from the finest Morocco to the stoutest Stogies.

They do not feel disposed to brag or make as much fuss in the papers as some of their neighbors do, but they will just mention a few of their prices and let the public judge whether it will not be for their interest to buy at this establishment. For instance, they are selling

Twenty Yards beautiful CALICOE for One Dollar!

Good Heavy Sheeting a 6d. a Yard!

GINGHAMS at Eighteen Cents!!

Alpaccas from twenty Cents!!

Every thing else in proportion. Call in, and be satisfied that if there ever was a chance to buy yourselves rich, now is the time, and Bartlett's the place.

QUEENSWARE.—The stock is quite large, of the latest and most beautiful patterns, and, better than all—*very cheap.*

In GROCERIES they defy competition, and invite all who are judges of such articles to test their quality.

They have also a general assortment of HARDWARE, such as Locks, Bolts, Latches, Butts and Screws, Cutlery, Mill and ⋊ Cut Saws, Draw Knives, Axes, Shovels, Pitchforks, Nails, &c.

In short, the stock is complete—the goods all of the best quality and newest styles—and as they have been bought cheap and must be sold before spring, they are offered at such prices as will ensure bargains to purchasers.
Fort Wayne, October 14, 1848.

Coffee a la Greque.

MRS CASIMIR respectfully announces to the citizens of Fort Wayne that she has opened an eating room a few doors west of the Washington Hall, on Columbia street, where she will be pleased to wait upon all who may favor her with a call to hot Coffee, Oysters, Soup, Alamoode Beef, Pickled Tripe, Pickled Tongue, Sardines, Pickled Oysters, Beer, Champagne Cider, Segars, &c. &c.
Fort Wayne, Oct. 11, 1848. 15tf.

To Volunteers having Pre-emptions on the Miami Lands.

NOTICE is hereby given to those soldiers having pre-emption claims on the Miami Lands, that instructions have been received at this office to allow soldiers to whom Bounty Land Warrants were granted, to apply the same in payment of their pre-emption. The warrants will be received at the rate of $200, the soldier paying the excess, if any, of the value of land entered, in cash; if a less tract is entered than amounts to $200, it must be taken in full satisfaction of the warrant, as no money will be refunded.

THOS. TIGAR, Register,
I. D. G. NELSON, Receiver.
Land Office, at Fort Wayne, Ia., }
Oct. 13, 1848.

CASH FOR WHEAT.

THE Farmers are respectfully requested to call at A. B. Miller before selling their wheat, as he designs buying for CASH, and will pay as high a price as the eastern market will justify.
July 8, 1848. A. B. MILLER.

Another Arrival of New Goods.

MRS. DYKES has just received a splendid assortment of Lustres, Mohairs, Alpaccas, Lyonese Cloths, Grandillas, Fo de Soies, &c., &c. Also, a few pieces of beautiful ENGLISH CALICOES, from 16 cents a yard—*American Do. from 5 cents!* White and colored Flannels, Linseys, &c.
Sept. 30, 1848.

NEW AND POPULAR WORK
FOR BOOK AGENTS.

AN Agent is wanted in every city and County in the United States, to procure subscribers and sell the following elegant work, just published and ready for delivery:

Sear's New and Popular Pictorial Description of the United States.

Containing an account of the Topography, Settlement, History, Revolutionary and other interesting events, Statistics, progress in Agriculture, Manufactures, Population, &c., &c., of each State in the Union, *Retail Price*, **$2,50.**

We have prepared this volume at great expense: the type large clear, and handsome: paper smooth and white: binding strong and substantial; engravings neat and appropriate. This work is decidedly the cheapest and most popular ever issued from the American press, and, from the orders already received for it, we are satisfied it is destined to have an immense sale throughout our vast extended country.—*From peculiar circumstances we are enabled to* offer this book low to book pedlars, post-masters and others, who may feel disposed to act as agents.

As the publisher is desirous of giving this useful Family Work a very extensive circulation, he offers the most liberal inducements to Agents, and is satisfied that any man of good address can make from $5 to $10 a day from the sale of it.—There is scarcely a town or village in the Union but will furnish more or less subscribers. A small capital of from $25 to $50 will be necessary to make a commencement.

☞ No letters attended to unless the postage is paid. For further particulars address,
ROBERT SEARS, Publisher,
6w12 No. 128 Nassau St., N. Y. City.

CAMINA SACRAS; The Psaltry; David's Harp; Howe's Instrumental Music; Boston Glee Book and others just received at Walker's, No. 2 Hanna's Block.

Edsall's Goods have arrived!

THE stock is large and includes every thing in the line of

Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware,

QUEENSWARE, &c. &c.,

that the wants of the country require. They will be sold unprecedentedly **CHEAP** for Cash or Produce. Purchasers may depend on finding anything they need, and will get better bargains than in any other store in the state.
Fort Wayne, September 9. 1848

John Hough, Jr.,

Attorney & Counsellor at-Law,

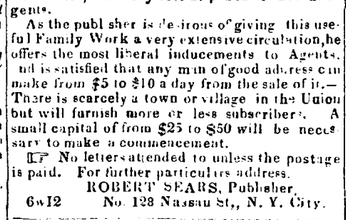
FORT WAYNE, INDIANA.

WILL attend to all professional business entrusted to his care. He will continue the late business of Worthington & Hough, and give particular attention to the collecting and securing of debts; also to the sale of lands payment of taxes, &c. in Northern Indiana.—Office at the sign of the "Indiana Land Agency," on Calhoun street
Commissioner of deeds for New York.
Notary Public.
May 27, 1848. 347

SADDLES & BRIDLES.—A large and splendid assortment selling low, very low, at the Niagara Store. Call and buy before they are all gone. A. B. MILLER.

ROBERT HOOD, *Justice of the Peace and Notary Public*, hereby gives notice that he will at all times attend in his office (at the Mayor's office) on Clinton street in the city of Fort Wayne, where he will make *Deeds, Mortgages*, and other *Instruments of Writing* on reasonable terms; also attend to his official duties.
Fort Wayne, June 24, 1848. 51.

New Arrival,



Our Flag once more unfurled to the Breeze.

And on it inscribed GOOD NEWS and glad tidings to all the people! Tell it in the streets of Fort Wayne. Publish it in the nineteen townships of Allen county. Proclaim from the hill tops to the inhabitants of the nine adjoining counties that trade in Fort Wayne, and let the cheering news be echoed back from the valleys, that

Aylsworth & Borden

At the *OHIO CASH AND PRODUCE STORE*, now removed to No. 2, Hamilton's Block, *in the store room formerly* occupied by Thomas Hamilton, is receiving the most tremendous stock of

New Goods

for Fall and Winter, that was ever opened in Fort Wayne, and it is with pleasure we can assure the numerous customers of the late firm of Aylsworth & Co. and every body else, that we intend to sell cheaper than any other merchants in Fort Wayne, or any other town or city west of Buffalo. We mean all we say, and if you call and see, we will convince you that it is true. Our stock consists of the most fashionable and elegant assortment of

FANCY GOODS

ever opened in this market, comprising the newest and most approved styles of all descriptions embraced in this line, and what will render them particularly attractive is the low price at which they can be sold.

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, SATINETTS & JEANS.—In this kind of GOODS we not only challenge but defy competition, and if we do not sell a cheaper suit of Clothes than can be bought elsewhere we will forfeit a new Hat. Vestings, new, cheap, and beautiful.

STAPLE GOODS.—If you want to buy cheap Bed Tickings, Muslins, Flannels, American, Scotch, English, and French Ginghams, Calicoes, Alpaccas, &c. &c, come to the Ohio Cash and Produce Store.

A large assortment of Fur, Silk, Cotton, Plush, and Cloth Caps, and Umbrellas, astonishingly low; also Cotton Yarn Carpet Yarn, Batting, Wicking, &c. &c.

BOOTS AND SHOES.—We are determined to stop the advantage that was taken of the dear people by charging them enormous prices last Fall and Winter, and in order to put a stop effectually, and war against high prices, and enormous profits, we went into the market with cash, and have bought our Boots and Shoes of the manufacturers, and will sell them cheaper than can be bought at any other Shoe establishment in town.

OIL PAINTED WINDOW SHADES, and WINDOW PAPER of every style, with colored Wall Paper and Bordering.

CARPETS.

Don't buy your Carpets until you call at the Ohio Cash Store, we will not be undersold.

Groceries, Groceries!

All kinds of Family Groceries, Coffee by the pound, bag, or ton, Loaf, Crushed, and Pulverised Sugar.

FOR CASH OR PRODUCE

We will sell 12½ lbs. Rio Coffee for $1,00. Twenty yards Sheeting, yard wide, for $1,00. Handsome Calicoes from six to twelve and a half cents, fast colors. Alpaccas of every grade, color, and description, from eighteen cents up. Merinoes from thirty-seven and a half cents up, of every grade and color. Cotton Yarn from eighty-seven and a half cents per bunch for coarse numbers. Sixteen lbs. Sugar for $1,00, and we pledge ourselves to sell our entire stock at corresponding low prices.

We will sell at WHOLESALE at a very small advance over New York prices adding freights.

WANTED.—Feathers, Butter, Eggs, Rags, Flax Seed, Grass Seed, Wheat, Corn, Oats, and almost every thing the farmer has to dispose of. Don't forget the place, as we have removed to the Store formerly occupied by Thomas Hamilton, second store from the corner in Hamilton's Block, where you will see the Mammoth Steamboat hanging out the elements permitting, or when there is no danger of breakers.

Thankful for the very liberal patronage heretofore extended to the late firm of Aylsworth & Co. by the people of Allen and surrounding counties, we feel it our duty to sell our goods very cheap, which we are determined to do, that we may not only receive but merit many other favors from them.
Fort Wayne, September 30, 1848. 13tf.

MERINOES—Black, Drab, and Brown, just received and for sale cheaper than ever at the FARMERS' DEPOT.

ORLEANS, Alpaccas, Cashmeres, Delaines, and Parometter, very cheap
Sept. 23. ORFF & SCHWEGMAN.

FRINGES & GIMPS.—A splendid assortment. ORFF & SCHWEGMAN.

LINEN CAMBRIC.—A splendid article at the FARMERS' DEPOT.

CAMBRIC Inserting, Linen, Silk, and Cotton Edgings, Linen and Cotton Bobbins, and Coronation Cord, for sale at ORFF & SCHWEGMAN.
Sept. 23.

Important to Farmers.

HORSE MILL

For Grinding Corn and Cob, Apples and Vegetables of every description.

C. F. FLETCHER informs the farmers of Allen and the neighboring counties that he is appointed agent for the sale of

Ware's Vegetable Grinder,

and has one now in operation at his residence, one mile east of Fort Wayne, where any person is at liberty to grind a load of Corn or Vegetables, and test its usefulness. He has the patterns on hand, and can fill all orders on short notice, and at a very reasonable price.

This mill is made of Cast Iron, is extremely simple in its construction, durable, not liable to get out of repair, portable, and may be used with one or two horses. It will grind from seven to eight bushels of shelled corn and oats per hour, so fine that one half of it will pass through a common meal sieve, or from seven to ten bushels of corn in the ear; on trial we find that one and a half bushels of ears will make two bushels when ground, and one bushel of this chop will fatten cattle, horses, &c., as fast as two bushels of ears fed in the ordinary manner. If geared so as to increase the speed to thirty-five or forty revolutions per minute, and attached to steam or water power, it may be made to do five or six times this amount of work. It will grind from forty to fifty bushels of Apples, Potatoes, Turnips, Beets, or other Roots per hour, while the draught is light for one horse working at the end of a short sweep. The advantage and economy of using chopped food is so well known to all good farmers, and it is so strongly recommended by all Agricultural Papers, that it is needless to dwell on it here.

Numerous certificates of the great value and usefulness of this mill could be published, from among which the following are selected:

Mishawaka, January 23d, 1845.

This is to certify that we have seen Ware's Vegetable Grinder put in operation by Hart & Hamlin at this place, and are satisfied of its utility, and can therefore recommend it as an improvement worthy the attention of the farmers in our country.
A. McMILLAN.
ORLANDO HURD,
SILAS JUDKINS,
N. P. LEE.

I have been making and selling the above mentioned machines to the farmers of Montgomery Co., Ohio, and they are liked very much; indeed the testimony of all who have used them, is that they are just the thing needed by the farmer.
BENJAMIN WILHELM.

I concur with the above recommendations, and have also seen its operation with oil cake and found it to perform well in grinding the cake sufficiently fine.
WM. GILLILAND, *Agent for Mishawaka Furnace.*
September 23, 1848. 3m12.

TAILORING.

A. C. PROBASCO having a few days since returned from New York, would beg leave to call the attention of his old customers—the citizens of Fort Wayne and surrounding country—to a choice selection of

French and English Cloths,

Plain Black, Doe Skin, & Fancy Cassimeres; a little better quality of plain and fancy Satin Vestings than generally comes to this market; together with a full assortment of Trimmings, warranted, and adapted to the trade of this section.

My goods I do not expect to sell by puffing & blowing and telling great bug bear stories, believing them to be such as will recommend themselves to every one the least acquainted with the quality and price of the goods he is purchasing. All clothing in my line made to order, in a neat and fashionable style, and warranted to fit, or no sale.

N. B.—To Tailors: I expect shortly a few copies of

Scotts Fall and Winter Report of Fashions,

which will be sold at the usual price

Shop on Columbia street, opposite "Beechers' Drug Store"
Fort Wayne, Sept. 22, 1848. 2m12.

Dissolution.

THE Co-partnership heretofore existing between the subscribers under the firm of D. W. Burrouns & Co. is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All dues and demands are to be settled with D. W Burroughs, who will pay all debts of the late firm.

D. W. BURROUGHS,
JOEL JOHNSON.
Fort Wayne, Sept. 20, 1848.

The business heretofore carried on under the above firm will be continued by the subscriber at the old stand.
3w19. D. W. BURROUGHS

Notice.

THE partnership heretofore existing between Colerick & Walpole is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

DAVID H. COLERICK.
JOHN G. WALPOLE.
September 23, 1848 12

J. E. HILL, G. WILSON A. M. ORBISON

HILL, WILSON, & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

DRY GOODS,

GROCERIES, &C.,

FORT WAYNE, INDIANA.

HIGHLY IMPORTANT—Gent's White Kid and Silk Gloves—an indispensable article on certain *interesting occasions.* Just rec'd by
Sept. 8. MRS. DYKES.

More, New Goods.

THE Public.—especially those who like to get good Bargains,—to make the most of a little money—or to buy in a place where they can depend on getting the best articles at the lowest prices—are invited to call and examine our newly arrived stock of

Fall and Winter Goods,

Which having been selected with especial care and purchased on favorable terms, will be found well adapted to the wants of the country, and will be sold at such extremely low Rates, that all who once call will be sure to repeat the visit.—Among the Dry Goods will be found a fine and cheap assortment of Broad Cloths, Cassimeres, and Sattinetts. Kentucky Jeans, Tweeds, Linseys, plain and plaid, Flannels, white and colored; Oregon Plaids, Alpaccas, De Laine, Cashmeres, Merinoes, &c. Calicoes,—of the latest and most beautiful styles, from 5 cents per yard!! Sheetings and shirtings much lower than usual. Shawls, Handkerchiefs, Gloves, Bonnets, Hats, Ribbons, Trimmings, Fancy Articles in abundance, Wadding, Batting, &c., &c.

Boots & Shoes, Ready Made Clothing, Cloth, Fur, Plush, and Glazed Caps, &c.

A full and choice assortment of

Fresh Groceries,

Including Sugars, Teas, Coffees, Tobacco, Currants, Raisins by the quarter box,—Nutmegs, Cloves, Cinnamon; Dye Stuffs, Madder, Copperas, Annato, Indigo, Alum, &c.

HARDWARE,—a pretty general assortment, mill, ⋊ Cut, Hand, and Buck Saws; Files.—Straw Knives, Butcher Do. Table Cutlery, Draw Knives, Butts, Screws, Latches and Door Locks, Trace and Log Chains, &c.

Also a general assortment of

Crockery and Glassware;

Spanish Sole Leather, Nails and Glass Stone and Red Ware, &c.

We hope our individual friends will continue their patronage to the new firm, and no pains shall be spared to give general satisfaction to our customers. Our stock is large, and having been bought on favorable terms, we will sell to Country Merchants at WHOLESALE on such terms as will make it an object to them to purchase.

There are so many *gassy* advertisements published now, that some may not be willing to believe that all we have here said is true, and that

The Farmer's Depot is the real place to get BARGAINS.

To all such we have only to say, give us a call and your scepticism shall vanish; all we ask is, that you call and satisfy yourselves.
ORFF & SCHWEGMAN,
Sept. 15, 1848. 11y

SAWS, Mill, ⋊ Cut, Hand, and Buck, of the best kind and cheapest Prices.
Sept. 23. ORFF & SCHWEGMAN.

1848. **HILL, ORBISON, & CO.,** 1848.

J. E. HILL, A. M. ORBISON. G. WILSON,

(Successors to Nichols & Hoagland.)

Forwarding & Commission MERCHANTS.

FORT WAYNE, IA.

☞ *Liberal advances made on Produce.* ☜

REFERENCES:
E. Haskell & Co. }
Smith, Robinson & Co. } *Toledo.*
Collins, Brown, & Co. }
Peckham & Scott. }
Field & King, }
Kirk & Lawton, *Piqua, Ohio.*
Ayres & Tunis, } *New York.*
Kent, Poag, & Co. }

Dr. Townsend's Sarsaparilla

THE MOST EXTRAORDINARY MEDICINE IN THE WORLD.

This Extract is put up in quart bottles; it is six times the strength of common, pleasanter, and warranted superior to any sold. It cures without vomiting, purging, sickening or debilitating the patient.

GREAT FALL AND WINTER MEDICINE.

The great beauty and superiority of this Sarsaparilla over other medicines is, while it eradicates diseases, it invigorates the body. It is one of the very best Fall and Winter medicines ever known; it not only purifies the whole system of all impurities in the person, but it creates new, pure and rich blood, such as never possessed by no other medicine. An in this is the secret of its wonderful success. It has performed in the past two years, more than 35,000 cures of several years of disease; at least 20,000 of those were considered incurable.

[illegible] than 2,000 cases of Chronic Rheumatism
[illegible] cases of Dyspepsia;
[illegible] cases of General Debility and Want of Energy;
[illegible] cases of the different Female Complaints;
[illegible] cases of Scorfula;
[illegible] cases of the Liver Complaint;
[illegible] cases of Diseases of the Kidneys and Dropsy;
[illegible] cases of Consumption,
[illegible] hundreds of cases of diseases of the blood, viz: Ulcers, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, Pimples on the face, &c., &c., [illegible] with numerous cases of Sick Headache, Pain in the Side and Chest, Spinal Affections, &c., &c.

These cures are aware, must appear incredible, but we have the testimony of Physicians and our Agents from all parts of the Union, informing us of extraordinary cures. R. VAN DYCK, Esq., one of the most respectable Druggists in New-Brunswick, N. J., informs us that he can refer to more than 150 cases in that place alone. There are thousands of cases in the City of New-York, which we will refer to with pleasure and to the public. It is the best medicine for the preventive of disease. It undoubtedly saved the lives of more than can be known.

5,000 CHILDREN THE PAST YEAR!

As it removed the cause of disease, and prepared them for the Spring and Summer season. It has never been known to injure in the least the most delicate child.

RHEUMATISM.

This Sarsaparilla is used with the most perfect success in Rheumatic complaints, however severe or chronic. The extraordinary cures it has performed are indeed wonderful. Other medicines sometimes give temporary relief, this entirely eradicates it from the system, even when the limbs and bones are painfully swollen.

Extract of a letter from Mr. Seth Terry, one of the oldest and most respectable citizens in Hartford, Conn. The following is an extract of a letter received from him:

Dr. Townsend—I have used one bottle of your Sarsaparilla, and find it is excellent in its effects upon a Chronic Rheumatism with which I am subject, from an injury occasioned several years ago, in a public stage. Please send me two bottles directly to the care of Dr. Seymour. I have conversed with two of our principal physicians, and recommend your Sarsaparilla.

CONSUMPTION CURED.

Coughs and Strengthen. Consumption can be cured. Bronchitis, Consumption, Liver Complaint, Colds, Catarrh, Coughs, Asthma, Spitting of Blood, Soreness in the Chest, Hectic Flush, Night Sweats, Difficult or Profuse Expectoration, Pain in the Side &c., have been and can be cured.

Dr. Townsend—Dear Sir: Nearly twenty years ago, I took a cold, which settled on my lungs, and affected me severely ever since, and finally, it became a constant hacking cough. I tried everything, and finally, it became a constant hacking cough. I tried everything, and all to no purpose, and I was advised to try your Sarsaparilla. I did so, and I am now enjoying much better health than I have before for the last few years. I was so severe as to prevent me from attending to my business. Within the last few years it increased on me gradually, and I became reduced—I breathed with difficulty, and I lived with my cough much bad matter, and for the last nine months previous to using your Sarsaparilla, had regular night sweats; indeed, my friends and myself supposed that I would die with the Consumption; but I have the happiness to inform you that to my surprise, after using three bottles of your Sarsaparilla, I find my health restored. It relieved me gradually as I took it. I am now enjoying much better health than I have before for a few years. I had almost entirely lost my appetite, which is now returned. You are at liberty to publish this with my name in the papers, if you choose.

My little girl, who is three years, had a very bad cough the winter of last Winter. We became very much alarmed on her account. While using the medicine, I gave her some of it, and it soon entirely relieved her, as well as myself, and she is now well now and hearty as any child I ever saw. She was also full of the blotches; it took them away and her skin is smooth, and I am now satisfied she recovered her health from using your excellent medicine.

S. W. CONANT,
444 Bowery.

GIRLS, READ THIS.

You who have pale complexions, dull eyes, blotches on the face, rough skin, and are "out of spirits," use a bottle or two of Dr. Townsend's Sarsaparilla. It will cleanse your blood, remove the freckles and blotches, and give you animation, sparkling eyes, fine spirits, and beautiful complexion—all of which are of immense value to unmarried ladies.

GREAT FEMALE MEDICINE.

Dr. Townsend's Sarsaparilla is a sovereign and speedy cure for Leucorrhœa, or Whites, Irregular or Difficult Menstruation, Incontinence of Urine, or Inability to retain it, and for the general Prostration and Nervous Debility and discharge thereof, and for the general Prostration and Nervous Debility, whether the result of inherent cause, or of the system, no matter whether the result of inherent cause, or of the system, no matter whether the result of inherent cause, or of the system, no matter

The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

Vol. 9—No. 17. FORT WAYNE, Indiana, Saturday, October 28, 1848. Whole No. 819.

THOMAS TIGAR,

EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

OFFICE.—Over P. P. Baily's Hardware Store, corner of Clinton and Columbia street Third Story.

TERMS:

Two Dollars per annum in Advance; Two Dollars Fifty Cents at the end of Six Months. Three Dollars at the end of the Year.

No paper discontinued until all arrearages are paid up, except at the option of the publisher.

Advertisements inserted at One Dollar per Square, of Ten Lines, for the first three weeks, and half that rate for subsequent insertions.

A liberal allowance made to those who advertise by the year.

JOB PRINTING

Executed with neatness, accuracy and dispatch on the most reasonable terms.

Drugs & Chemicals.

1000 ozs Quinine	125 " Turkey Opium
300 " Salicin	150 " Yellow Barks
500 " Piperine	300 " ditto Powd.
200 " Ext. Bark	200 " Blue Mass London
100 lb Red Barks	
200 " ditto Powd.	500 " Senna Ind. & Alex.
300 " Calomel Engl.	
500 " Aloes Soc.	200 " Senna. Hond.
350 " Rhubarb Powd.	100 " Ipicac Powd.
250 " Jalap Powd.	200 ozs Benzoic Acid
100 " Quicksilver	50 " Morphia Sulp. & Acet.
10 lbs Iodin	
10 " Iodide Potassa	

Just received and for sale very low by

H. B. REED.

Gunsmithing, &c.

J. C. CAMPBELL informs the public that he has commenced business on his own account, in the shop at the west end of Columbia street, near the basin, and south of Nichols' warehouse, where he will do all kinds of work in his line, either making or repairing. NEW RIFLES made to order in the latest improved style, and warranted equal to any in the United States. Any one wanting a good gun—can be can depend on to fill or hit the mark at any distance—is invited to call and try his work.

Locks repaired, Keys fitted, and all kinds of Jobbing done.

Fort Wayne, Feb. 4, 1848. y31.

CITY LIQUOR STORE.

THE subscriber having taken the Hutchinson store, on Columbia Street, east of Clinton st., invites the attention of the public to his fine stock of FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC

Wines and Liquors,

Which he offers at WHOLESALE, and in quantities to suit purchasers, on the most reasonable terms. Not wishing to flatter, please call and examine for yourselves. The stock consists of

Alex. Soignette Brandy,	Cons. Gin.
French "	Port wines,
Cherry "	S. M. "
fine domestic "	Sweet "
Holland Gin.	

Old Rye and superior rectified WHISKEY.

Also a fine stock of

FAMILY GROCERIES,

and QUEENS & GLASS WARE, all of which will be sold low and very low,

S. BEAL.

June 3, 1848. 6m—48.

Land for sale.

THE subscriber offers for sale on accommodating terms, several valuable tracts of improved and wild lands, situated in Allen county. Persons wishing to settle in this county, would find this a favorable opportunity to procure farms.

THOS. HAMILTON.

FOR SALE.

THE Valuable Mill property belonging to Fairfield & Freeman is miles south of town. This property consists of a Flouring Mill with three run of stones, in good order—a first rate new Saw Mill, with a house attached to it to make shingles, lath, and pulls other machinery. Also, a dwelling house, stables, a house for Country customers, and every convenience, and about 9 acres of land and another privilege on the East side of the River—This stream affords a plenty o water at any season of the year, and its situation makes it the best mill property in the west.

Mr. Freeman's health is so poor he cannot attend to the business, and not being convenient for me to attend, as I live to far off, &c.—The payments will be easy, as I am not much in want of money. I should like to have a shot in the locker. Persons wishing to purchase please call on the subscriber.

ASA FAIRFIELD.

Fort Wayne, Aug. 5, 1846. 6

SHAWLS.—A splendid assortment of Wool Embroidered, and Cashmere Shawls for sale by

Oct 16, 1847. HILL, WILSON & CO.

GLOVES & MITTENS—every kind.

E. D. BARTLETT & Co.

ZEPHYR HOODS, and Comforters, at

E. D. BARTLETT & Co's

COLLINS' And Simmons' AXES, for sale by

S. & W. S. EDSAL

IRON of all shorts and sizes for sale by

S. & S. W. EDSALL.

WINDOW GLASS of all the largest sizes—22 by 24, 18 by 22, 16 by 20, 12 by 18, 10 by 20, 12 by 16, &c.

H. B. REED.

PALM LEAF HATS from one to four shillings, ribbon in the bargain, also a few left of those splendid split Straw Hats, price shan't say until you call and see at the Niagara store.

More Light.

JUST received 20 boxes Star and Mould Candles.

S. & W. S. EDSALL

CREWELS.—Every shade and color; also variety of beautiful patterns for work.

MRS. DYKES.

Groceries.

50 Bags Rio Coffee.
20 bbls N. O. Sugar.
500 lbs. Loaf "
500 " Crushed "
500 " Pulverd "
10 Half Chests Fresh Teas.
Pepper, Spices, &c. &c., for sale low

Oct. 15, 1847. HILL WILSON & Co

COLTHS, CASSIMERES and all kinds of VESTINGS, a good assortment for sale cheap by

S. & W. L. EDSALL.

WHITE FISH.—26 bls. of White Fish, fine article just rec'd and for sale by

HILL, WILSON & CO.

Printer's Ink.

H. B. REED has on hand and intends keeping a constant supply of James superior *NEWS INK*, to which he invites the attention of printers. His warrant.

Teams Wanted!!

A. B. MILLER will give constant employment to almost any number of teams that may want to haul Lumber and Wheat from his Store and Mills to Noble County. All persons wishing such employment will do well call at A. B. Miller's, either at his store in Fort Wayne or Ligonier. July 27, '48.

BUGGY FOR SALE—A new Buggy with 2 seats, calculated for one or two Horse will be sold on application to A. B. Miller.

Notice.

THE Firm of SAMUEL HANNA & SONS was dissolved in July last. This is to give notice to all concerned, that the notes and accounts due said firm, both in this county and Noble, have been put in the hands of Mr. W. M. C. TAYLOR for collection, who is authorized to receive and receipt for the same. Many persons owing have been repeatedly called on for payment, and so often neglected to pay, until I have certainly got ashamed to ask them again; but I assure all persons indebted that unless their attention is immediately directed to the subject, they will find those claims in the hands of an officer for collection.

SAMUEL HANNA.

Ft. Wayne, Nov. 29th, 1847. 1f—22.

NATURE'S OWN REMEDY.

THE INVALID'S BEST FRIEND!

THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY — WRIGHT'S INDIAN Vegetable PILLS — GENUINE INDIAN MEDICINE.

SOVEREIGN REMEDY IN FEVER AND AGUE, CHRONIC RHEUMATISM, &c.

RUSSELLVILLE, Putnam Co., Ia.
July 1, 1847.

DR. WRIGHT:—Some time since, your agent left me a supply of your Indian Vegetable Pills. I have found said Pills to be in great demand lately for the cure of Fever and Ague. Mr. James Boyd has a son who has been laid up with Fever and Ague, and had tried various other remedies, all of which proved of no avail. He determined to buy your Indian Vegetable Pills, and by using one box, is now sound and well. Mr. T. Spencer had a daughter. Mr. Hugh Graves, a son, and Mr. Charles Nichols and three of his family, were all down at the same time with fever and ague, and had also tried the various other remedies without effect. Your Indian Vegetable Pills have removed them all to perfect health. I can assure you, from what I have seen, your Indian Vegetable Pills may be relied on for a perfect cure of Fever and Ague.

Yours respectfully,
JACOB DUNHAM, P. M.

Also an acting Justice of the Peace.

This is to certify that I was entirely cured of the chills and fever of several months' standing, by the use of four doses of four pills each, of Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills, after taking medicine from a regular physician for some time, and have had no symptoms of it since, which has been about one year ago.

J. W. SPENCER.

TEGRO, Champaign Co., Ohio.

This is to certify that I was cured of the chills and fever, by the use of one box of Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills, after having had three attacks of it.

DAVID FOUT.

Sugar Grove, Fairfield Co., Ohio, Nov. 15, 1846.

☞ FEVERS, like every other form of disease, are only an effort of nature to expel from the body something that is opposed to health—it is merely a struggle between the good and bad humors for supremacy, and the commotion which ensues is called Fever. The usual symptoms of a Fever are heaviness, languor, anxiety, sighing, and yawning, with alternate fits of heat and cold. After which, the patient complains of pain in the head and back, thirst difficulty of breathing, pain in the limbs, a sense of fulness about the region of the stomach, nausea and sickness, with sometimes a vomiting of bilious matter.

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS will be found peculiarly adapted to the cure of ALL KINDS OF FEVER, because they not only thoroughly cleanse the stomach and bowels from all bilious humors, but they open those secretory organs which remain in the bowels, and consequently the impurity contained in the circulation which is the cause of all disorders and mutations of the blood called Fevers, is thrown into the bowels from whence it is carried off by the regular alvine discharges.

In taking WRIGHTS INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS for Fevers, the only care necessary is, to have the medicine operate copiously by the bowels. If the symptoms are urgent, from four to eight Pills should be taken, night and morning, until the fever has subsided—after which, a smaller dose, once in twenty-four hours, will be sufficient to restore the body to a state of sound health.

Agents in Allen County—Tork, Robinson, & Co., Fort Wayne. A. B. Miller, New Haven. J. B. Hanna, Hanna's Town.

LOOK OUT FOR COUNTERFEITS!

Some are counterfeited with sugar, others are made to resemble in outer appearance, the original article. The safest course is to purchase from the agent nearest you or some of whom will be found in every town or county in the State.

☞ Offices devoted exclusively to the sale of Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills, wholesale and retail, 169 Hose st., Philadelphia; 266 Greenwich st., New York, and 152 Tremont st., Boston.

Sly.

Spring & Summer Fashions.

MISS WELLS, has just returned from New York with the latest Fashions, and a large assortment of BONNETS of every size and description; also a quantity of beautiful SILKS for Dresses of the latest style. *Laces, Collars, Scarfs, Ribands, Gloves, Flowers,* and many other *Fancy Articles* she would mention, but prefers to have the Ladies call and see for themselves.

All kinds of *Silk Bonnets and Caps* made and kept on hand. Straw and Leghorn Hats cleaned and pressed in the neatest manner. Dress-making in its various branches attended to with taste, and on the most reasonable terms.

Shop on Columbia street, opposite A. B. Miller.

Fort Wayne, May 6, 1848.

SADDLERY,

At Wholesale and Retail.

THE Subscriber would respectfully inform his old customers, and the public generally, that he has just returned from Cincinnati with a large stock of LEATHER AND HARDWARE, which he is now manufacturing into *Saddles, Harness, Trunks, Saddle bags, Carpet-bags, Bridles, Collars,* and every other article that belongs to his line of business, and will sell at wholesale or retail lower than can be bought in any of the eastern cities, and will warrant all work to be well done.

N. B.—Shop opposite Jones' Block, and one door west of J. Lillie's Hotel; don't forget the place, for I am determined not to be undersold by any person here or elsewhere.

SAMUEL H. SHOAFF.

Fort Wayne, May 27, 1843. 1y.

BLANK BOOKS.

THE attention of County Officers and others is called to a large and extensive stock of BLANK WORK now opening at WALKER'S, No. 2, Hanna's Block, consisting of Quartos, Cap, Demy, and Medium *Ledgers, Dockets, Records, and Journals.* Memorandums of all kinds. A liberal discount made to those who with them to sell again. Call and examine.

C. R. WALKER.

Fort Wayne, May 6.

RAISINS, Lemon Syrup, Ground Spices, &c. Just received by

A. B. MILLER.

LOAF SUGAR, Powdered, a first rate article for bar use, for sale by

A. B. MILLER.

Air Tight Cooking Stoves.

HATHAWAY Patents, from Gephart Marshall & Co's Foundry, Dayton, Ohio, warranted two years, for sale at

S. & W. S. EDSALL'S.

TEA KETTLES, BAKE OVENS—Together with all kinds of Pots, Skillets, and Spiders, for sale by

A. B. MILLER.

WHITE FISH, in barrels and half barrels—a choice article—just received at No. 3.

May 26. W. SMITH & CO.

MILL and X Cut SAWS—Rowland's superior Mill and X-Cut Saws, just received, and for sale by

A. B. MILLER.

The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

General Taylor's Modesty.

We are frequently told that Gen. Taylor is a very modest man, but we never saw it so strikingly exemplified, as in the following letter, in reply to one by a gentleman in Patterson, New Jersey, asking his opinion on certain matters of public policy. The General confesses that his opinions, even if elected President, as *neither necessary nor important.* This is candid; but whether the people of the United States will be willing to elect a man whose opinions are of so little account, to the responsible office of President, remains to be seen. We think they will not.

BATON ROUGE, LA., March 29, 1848.

SIR: I have to acknowledge the receipt of your polite communication of the 7th inst., asking my views on certain questions of domestic policy.

I beg to inform you that I have uniformly declined yielding to similar requests, in the belief that MY OPINIONS, even if I were President of the United States, ARE NEITHER IMPORTANT NOR NECESSARY; and I regret to add, that I see no reason for departing, in the present instance, from that course.

With sentiments of much respect, I am, sir, your obedient servant, Z. TAYLOR.

High proof of General Taylor's capacity.—One word need not be said by the democratic party as to the qualifications and fitness of General Taylor for the presidential office.—Some of the more frank and honorable of the whigs are occasionally forced to admissions on this point, which will save the republican press the trouble of a single remark in reference to it. Several such exposures have been lately made in the State of Ohio, by men standing very high in the whig ranks; and in the late harangue of Mr. Webster at Marshfield, much of the same kind of truth-telling and plain-dealing was evinced. His graphic description of the *fitness* of General Taylor for the presidency is well deserving to be recorded in letters of gold. We have observed the marked silence of the whig journals throughout the country in reference to this speech.—Even the Intelligencer, whose editor really thinks Daniel Webster nothing less than "the god-like," is struck perfectly dumb with these hard hits upon its candidate. General Taylor (says Mr. W.) *"is a military man merely, who never cast a vote in his life, and never formed or expressed an opinion on any one of the great issues in agitation before the people; whose line of policy, if elected, no man pretends to know or predict; and who stands committed only upon the single point of the practical use of the veto power."*

This is what may be called plain talk—a talk, as some would have it, *"with the bark on"*—and yet whiggery, in some portions of the Union, still cling to the military chief with an unshaken tenacity. If successful, of which there is happily no possible danger, the people of this Union would not be long in ascertaining how well time and how faithfully true were the laconic sentiments of the leading star of New England federalism.

News from Gen. Taylor.—We are informed that a gentleman of this county, who lately had an interview with Taylor, reports that the General was in anything but a good humor with his "whig" friends. The old hero thinks they have treated him villainously. They first wished him to come out as an independent no-party candidate, and he complied with their request. This enraged the ultra whigs. To gratify the latter class, he then accepted of an exclusive federal nomination; and this incensed the no-party gentry. He next consented to throw Fillmore overboard, and run on the same ticket with Butler, to gratify the wishes of the South Carolina slaveholders; but this only raised a storm amongst the abolition whigs of New York. Although he has endeavored to accommodate every body, he appears to have satisfied nobody! It is no wonder he is in a bad humor. His better course is to quit politics altogether, and attend to his negroes. It will save him a great deal of vexation.—*Pittsburgh Post.*

Harrison Gray Otis—The sauge Old Coon.—Harrison Gray Otis, the only surviving member of the Hartford Convention, is out with an address of three columns addressed "to the whigs of Massachusetts," against Lewis Cass and in favor of General Taylor.—This address is all labor lost; for who would have expected any other course from a Hartford Convention federalist who opposed the election and administrations of Jefferson, Madison, and Jackson.—*Detroit Free Press.*

Contradictions and Inconsistencies.—The Ohio Statesman states upon positive testimony that Mr. Senator Corwin was showing a letter, as was the case at Massillon, signed "*Z. Taylor,*" declaring himself to be in favor of the Wilmot Proviso.

To Mr. Ewing (as told by that gentleman to Mr. Russell) Mr. Corwin "gave his personal pledge that such a letter from General Taylor was in his possession."

Mr. Truman Smith is also showing a letter, declaring from Gen. Taylor's lips a similar determination.

On the other hand, we hear it is positively said by Mr. Pennill, of Orange county, Virginia, that he has a letter from Gen. Taylor declaring against the Wilmot Proviso.

What are we to think of these mysteries, except that there is one face for the north and another for the south! His friends are determined to deceive one or the other.—*Union.*

A Ready Rule for Farmers.—A "quarter of wheat" is an English measure of eight standard bushels—so if you see wheat quoted at fifty-six shillings, it is seven shillings a bushel. A shilling is twenty-four cents—multiply by seven, and you have $1 68 per bushel.

In Kentucky, corn is measured by the barrel, which is five bushels of shelled corn.—At New Orleans a barrel of corn is a barrel full of ears.

Singular Discovery.—A few days since, some men who were working upon our streets says the Eaton (Ohio) Register, broke a stone in two, in which was found a beautiful purple flower, with some green leaves, as fresh in appearance, and as soft to the touch as though it had been grown in a green house. How it came there is a mystery to us. The stone had been in our streets for twelve years. But the flower was evidently in the stone when quarried. Perhaps it had been there from "time whereof the memory of man runneth not to the contrary," aye, for ought we know, it is an antediluvian flower. Mr. S. S. Young says: The flower resembles the Hibiscus species; but the leaf is more nearly the rose, but is not exactly like any flower now a native of this country; nor indeed like any exotic cultivated here. He adds, it must probably grew in the hole of the rock, where it now is; but the rock must have been earth when it grew.

False "Proverbial Philosophy."

"Misery loves company."—Do you mean that the gentleman with a jumping toothache, takes pleasure in the society of another gentleman similarly afflicted? Do the over-crowded inmates of the middle-of-August omnibus greet with becks and smiles, and like encouragements, the new comer? Do you suppose that the merchant without the wherewithal to pay his note, is enamored with the company of those in a like dilemma at half-past two? Does sea-sickness court it? Would it assuage the pain you suffer, if, while you are having your teeth filed, a saw should be undergoing the same operation in your immediate neighborhood? Does the dog with a tin kettle tied to his tail seem to exult or show any signs whatever of conviviality on the occasion of the extraordinary retinue of four-footed delegates who are called into congress by the unusual display? Having the mumps—the good, old fashioned, Henry-the-Eighty looking double-mumps, in the which you can't even grin, and bear it—would you care to have a companion, face to face—a sort of memento, not much, but of more under jaw than you ever anticipated seeing appended to countenance—and knowing that you are looking into a human mirror, a personal reflection? Then what do you mean by "Misery loves company?"

"Take care of the pennies, the pounds will take care of themselves."—Pleasantly illustrated in an engraving I have somewhere seen of an elderly gentleman seated at his desk near an open window, through which a draught of wind is sending a scattered bundle of bank notes, while he is clutching a pile of coppers. It is a dangerous maxim, and, for fear of accidents, should ever walk arm-in-arm with "Don't save at the spigot and lose at the bung." A few five cent pieces penuriously cherished may cause many a heart-burn in the end, and he who adopts it as a rule of conduct, runs a risk of earning the application of Bishop Earle's sentence: "He will redeem a penny with his reputation, and lose all his friends to boot; and his reason is, he will not be undone."

The preacher of this sentiment (and his practice agrees with his preaching) is in his element when chaffering and higgling with a strawberry woman; there is a fine "I'm not to be swindled" look about him as he worries the poor worn-down creature from his parlor window into parting with five six penny baskets for two shillings; but to see him in his glory, follow him into an auction room, and behold him there, if not too much hidden by the dust from that second-hand carpet which he is so closely examining with a view to purchasing "if it does n't go too high"—and that speculative look which he is now putting on is caused by a measurement in his mind of the third story back room of his palace in Waverley Place, and not from any misgivings as to small-pox; but his calculations are to no purpose; and the woman in the rusty black dress will bid over him—God help her! she has no pounds to take care of themselves!

I can't sport on such a subject. Somebody, whose name I have not time to recollect, said that "A just man struggling with adversity is a sight with which the gods are pleased"—but the devil himself must sneer when he sees a rich man in an auction room!

"A fool and his money are soon parted."—Not founded on fact, but a great favorite with merchant-princes and cab-men on the occasion of their having, in their respective callings, succeeded in "doing" a liberal customer.—With what gusto does the "gent" relate to his partner, over a bottle at his country-seat, how easily the greenhorn took the bait: "An ancient cargo—ten per cent above the market price—said he supposed it was all right would take my word for it. Ha! ha! ha! 'a fool and his money are soon parted!'" And listen to the bumbler but not meaner chuckling of the hack-driver over his gin-twist: "Charged him a dollar from Whitehall to the Astor—forked over the tin without a word! 'a fool and his money,'" &c.

The fact is that an avaricious man sees no wit in liberality or open dealing. Shylock began it: "This is the fool that lent out money gratis!" It's all wrong. A Wall street broker of the highest respectability once informed me that the hardest man to "shave," as he technically expressed himself, is a fool. "Sir," said he, warming and rising with his subject, "you don't know where to have 'em; you can't stick soft cheese on a hook!" Now I put more confidence in the experience of my informant (well to do in the world is he) than in all the proverbialists from Sancho down to him who ought to have dropped his pen before he wrote "Hactenus."—*Knickerbocker.*

HOW TO STEAL WATERMELONS.

The Sunday Dispatch, of Philadelphia, tells a capital story on this head, the gist of which will be found below. It appears that one Jacob Stringer, a quiet, elderly sort of workingman, with a good character for honesty, got possessed with a desire to taste a watermelon from the patch of a neighbor named Bennett. His eye was on the patch for a long time, his mouth watered, and he halted between conscience and desire:

"At last, however, the watermelons became ripe. Jacob knew it though he had never seen them; and now the temptation was irresistible. Our hero, though with many compunctions, determined to have one—only one; and that very night he vowed it should be done.

"Evening came, and after feeling in his pocket if his jack-knife was safe, he started on his expedition. The road seemed to him unusually long and dreary, and several times he felt a little frightened. The truth is, he had never undertaken such an expedition before, and not without reason has the great poet written that "conscience doth make cowards of us all."

"We are now at 'old Bennett's' fence, and Jacob is over it, and cautiously advancing to where he knew the 'patch' must be—but unnoticed, however. 'Old Bennett' knew the value of his melon crop, and that, if he would keep it, he must watch it; and watch it he did, as the dragon of old watched the fruit Hesperaden. No sooner had Jacob crossed the fence than the owner of the melons advanced from his hiding-place, and was about to hail the intruder, when, to his surprise, he discovered who it was.

"Now Jacob was about the last man that Bennett would have expected to come at night to rob his melon patch, and even now, as he cautiously moved on before him, he almost doubted. Nevertheless, he carefully followed him. The depredator aimed at once for the patch. There was no moon, but a few stars shed light enough to enable him to find his way into the midst. Hastily selecting a promising one, he struck once more for the fence, still followed by 'old Bennett.' Crossing it, he threw himself into the midst of the bushes, muttering as he did so—'Wal, old fellow, you have done it this time!'

"The jack-knife was soon produced, and a slice hewed out; but no sooner was the first mouthful taken than he sputtered it out, exclaiming—'It is a cussed green punkin!' A moment after he went on—'You are a nice old fool, you are, Jacob, I should guess! an honest, clever old fellow, so the neighbors all say. You are a stupid hog, Jacob, you are! You are a rascally old fool, you are, Jacob! You would steal watermelons, would you? and you have stole a cussed green punkin!—Well, old fellow, you *would* steal it—now, cuss you, you shall *eat* it!' Suiting the action to the word, he began to devour his prize with many expressions of disgust, and with a determination to keep the 'old fool' to it. At last the task was accomplished, and he rose to depart, muttering as he did so, to the indefinite amusement of old Bennett, who said nothing. 'You infernal ass, it serves you right! You are not fit for a rascal. Any man who has no more gumption than to steal a punkin instead of a watermelon, had better keep honest. He'll never make any thing out of his rascality.'"

MATRIMONY.—There will be a great deal of marrying and giving in marriage this fall. Indeed the happy pastime has already become a serious one—in extent only. We advise both sexes to be on the alert—for just as certain as a snuffer to a candle, all the girls or all the men, we don't know which, will be married and out of the way before the year is out. A war of extermination—in a match-making sense—is going on, and loneliness be unto those who do not feel and acknowledge its influence. That heads of families are wide awake no one can doubt who reads the following.

Mr. Smithson [an improvement on the celebrated name of Smith] wished to take Miss Brownly [another improvement] to the opera. He had been on terms of intimacy with the family for about five years, but "never spoke of love;" on the contrary he had frequently declared his intention of leading a bachelor's life. One morning he put his hand to the bell handle and was admitted.

"Oh, James," exclaimed Miss Jane, "where have you kept yourself so long?"

This took Smithson a little aback, for he had spent the preceding evening with the family. Before he could answer however, Jane's brothers and sisters [eight or ten in number] had gathered about him. Summoning all his courage, he said—

"I have come to ask you——"

"Not here, James—not now—no!"

"Oh! oh! water—quick."

"What's that," inquired her father, "who says she's engaged——"

"I did'nt mean—" said Smithson in confusion.

"Of course not," continued Mr. Brownly' "you couldn't suppose such a thing, when you've always been our favorite!"

Then advancing and taking poor Smithson's hand, he said—

"Take her, my boy, she's a good girl and loves you to distraction. May you both be as happy as the days are long"

Thereupon mother and children crowded upon Smithson and wished him joy, and company coming at the moment, the affair was told to them as a profound secret. So Smithson got a wife without popping the question, and almost before he knew it himself. But we cannot help thinking he was hurried into matrimony.—*Philadelphia City Item.*

Did it a Purpose.—An honest farmer had an unruly bull, which had a remarkable love for him 'in a horn,' and a singular penchant for giving his acquaintances and friends a hit in the world. One day the old farmer was driving the bull home much against his inclination, and getting enraged he suddenly hoisted the old man across the fence into the road, but fortunately only slightly hurt him. The old man gained his equilibrium, and then he saw the enraged animal sawing the air with his head and neck, and pawing the ground. The good old man looked steadily at him a moment, and then shaking his fist at him exclaimed—"D—n you apologies—you need'nt stand there, you tarnal critter, a bowin' and scrapin'—you did it a purpose, darn you."

From the Lancaster Intelligencer.

THE HICKORY TREE.

TUNE
principles of the
good old DEMOCRATIC party,
secure to man social
and political Equality—
they elevate the masses—
they secure the greatest good
to the greatest possible number
—they protect man in the pursuit
of LIFE, LIBERTY & HAPPINESS—
they spread the *Empire* of Human
Freedom—they dethrone Kings and Tyrants—break the fetters imposed by petty
despots—they laugh wickedness to scorn,
and spurn the intrenchments of Iniquity—
they are the Cloud by day, and the Pillar of
Fire by night, guiding the nation through all
perils to the glorious consummation that
Destiny has in store for it—they are the
spear of Ithariel, detecting Falsehood—the thread of Dædalus,
guiding through the labyrinth
of Cunning. To preserve
and perpetuate these glorious principles,

VOTE FOR
GENERAL LEWIS CASS, OF MICHIGAN!
the Soldier, Statesman—and his Companion,
GEN. WM. O. BUTLER, OF KENTUCKY.

Freemen! cheer the Hickory Tree,
In storms its boughs have sheltered thee;
O'er Freedom's Soil its branches wave—
'Twas planted on the Lion's Grave!

General Cass was once an editor. Certainly there never was an editor, who, in speaking of himself, could with more propriety use the pronoun "we." Although a private citizen, he ought by all means to use it still.—Unquestionably, he counts four—a Northern Cass, a Southern Cass, an Eastern Cass, and a Western Cass.—*Louisville Journal.*

True as gospel, friend Prentice, he is the Northern Cass, the Southern Cass, the Eastern Cass, and the Western Cass; and his popularity at *all points of the Compass* will be seen at the *polls.* As to the "we," no candidate ever had a better right to the plural, for he is a "whole team" himself. Even a whig editor admits that he counts "four." *We* put him down as equal to a dozen. It would take more than nine *Taylors* to make such a man.—*N. Y. True Sun.*

INSURRECTION IN A HOSPITAL.—The Journal des Debats quotes from a Marseilles newspaper the following account of a singular outbreak among the female patients of the Hotel-Dieu hospital in that city:

Yesterday morning, Sept. 15th, our city was the theatre of a real insurrection. The doctor employed to attend the apartment of the convict women, had been obliged, in order to restore tranquility among these women, to impose upon them a day of diet. This measure of discipline, which might well figure in the programme of hospital treatment, was resorted to with regret, and was amply justified by the necessity of repressing an unfortunate spirit of insubordination which the most attentive care and the most gentle and conciliating measures had only served to increase. As soon as these women were made acquainted with the doctor's orders, they broke out into violence, and if the doctor had not taken the part of quitting the scene, where the tumult soon reached its height, they would have gone to the most cruel extremes with him.

There was nothing less proposed than to kill him upon the spot, and they had not only stated this intention, but preparations were already begun for it, when a prompt flight probably prevented the execution an assassination. At this moment the feminine insurrection assumed, for a hospital, the most strange character. These unfortunate creatures, desirous as it would seem to go to the extent of a truly political and revolutionary movement, gave their hall the aspect of a Parisian Faubourg on the day of a mob; beds, tables, mattrasses, everything within their reach were rapidly collected, and an enormous barricade was raised, behind which, with fiery looks, and their hands on their hips, the insurgents began to shout patriotic songs: when these ceased, those of the women who directed the insurrectional movement, addressed their companions with incendiary speeches, and made them swear to die rather than accept the least capitulation. It was necessary to resort to armed force, and the soldiers of the next post were called in to put down the barricade, and bring to reason these eighty furies.

A parley was attempted at first, in order not to give too fatal a turn to this unjustifiable insurrection. Nothing could be heard but the yells of these demoniacs, the noise of the broken windows, and chamber vases. In a few moments the hall was heaped with the ruins of the furniture. It was now necessary to hasten matters, for the absurd exasperation of the women had reached the point of attempting to set fire to the barricade, which would have had the most fearful results. Fortunately, the armed force, which was employed to destroy the barricade, succeeded in bringing the rebels to order, and seizing the leaders.—The leaders were carried to prison between a double hedge of soldiers, and as the news of this feminine movement spread through the neighboring streets of the hospital a considerable crowd collected on the passage of these barricaders, who will probably be called upon to give an account to justice of the inconceivable acts committed by them and their companions. A severe punishment only will prevent a return of such revolts from which a hospital certainly ought to be exempted.

Value of Upper California.

We are indebted to a gentleman just arrived from California for a copy of the "California Star," published at San Francisco on the 1st April. It contains a long description of the "prospects of California." They realize the most brilliant anticipations which we had formed of its value, and completely refute the sneer of Mr. Webster, that our new acquisitions were scarcely worth a dollar.

Agriculture—wheat, corn, rye, oats, potatoes, garden vegetables can be raised as easily as anywhere else. Its grapes are unsurpassed by those of France, and excellent wine may be made there. Besides great varieties of fruits, from the orange and olive to the pomegranate and fig, the soil produces tobacco, hemp, cotton, and the sugar plant.

Manufactures are expected to raise up in California. Most of the materials are to be found there; and if the agency of steam be employed, many varieties of arts and manufactures may flourish.

Commerce is advancing; more vessels are touching at her ports. The total value of exports from San Francisco for the last quarter of the last year is near $350,000; of imports, more than $53,000.

"The commercial prospects of California are brilliant; and a little reflection will convince us that it is destined in time to furnish many of the most important necessaries and luxuries for trade, not only to the whole coast of western America, but to the entire commerce of the Pacific, while in many articles, especially quicksilver, it will supply the world. The bay of San Francisco, (the finest known in any country,) is the safe, convenient, and commodious harbor where all this trade will be concentrated. In a very few years, numerous vessels of all nations—men-of-war, merchantmen, whalers, the Chinese junk, and the powerful steamer—will find here the safest anchorage, the most central situation, and the best market of the Pacific. This will become the point of rendezvous for all the whalers of these seas. They are now only waiting for protection against the desertion of their crews. Let this matter be looked to at once, let the law be rigidly enforced, and we will soon see this desirable branch of trade centered here."

The fisheries are abundant and productive. The mineral resources are rich, especially in quicksilver, which are described in very brilliant terms. Forbes's mine is said to be worth in pure metal between 18 and 25 per cent—richer than the celebrated mine of Almaden, in Spain, which has been rented by the Rothschilds. As one evidence of its richness, the "Star" states that "Mr. Alexander Forbes recently sailed from Monterey with a cargo of quicksilver, 20,000 dollars in value, the products of the mines of New Almaden, near the valley of San Jose, and extracted within the short space of three months."

Extraordinary Speed.—Recently in England, on the Great Western Railroad, seventy-seven miles were passed over by an express train in seventy-eight minutes twenty-nine seconds, including stoppage of five minutes thirty-five seconds. Fifty-three miles of the journey were performed in forty-nine minutes thirteen seconds. The speed in some cases was kept up at seventy, seventy two, and seventy-seven miles an hour. This rate of speed was attained, it will be observed, on a broad gauge track seven feet wide, and with engines having driving wheels eight feet in diameter. How long will it be before Yankee ingenuity will rival this extraordinary speed?

A witness spoke several times during his testimony of occurrences about the time of his birth, when a surly Judge interrupted him—"Do you mean to say that you can relate occurrences at the time of your birth, from your recollection?" The laugh which began against the witness turned upon the judge, as the former replied—"Why, sir, I cannot exactly remember every particular, but I can assure your honor that *I was there!*"

☞ Bring on that Wood.

FORT WAYNE AND [illegible]E RAILROA[illegible]

The citizens along the line of this contemplated work, are going at it in good earnest, and appear determined to push it through.—Will not the citizens of Allen do something towards it. It certainly seems to us that they ought.

The committee appointed by the citizens of Wells Co. have issued the following circular:

RAILROAD CIRCULAR.

BLUFFTON, OCT. 16TH, 1848.

FELLOW CITIZENS:

We, the undersigned, having been appointed by the citizens of Wells County, a corresponding committee for the purpose of aiding and considering the propriety of constructing a Railroad from Muncie town in the city of Fort Wayne, but also with your assistance, gentlemen, of making all other arrangements that may be found necessary for the proper construction of the same.

In the first place, we want unanimity of action, as well as thinking, along the whole proposed route. We want each and every person to become an active participant in all that is said and done. We want them to see the importance of an improvement of the kind, and then go soul and body for it. We are determined in this matter; and, fellow citizens, if you accord with our sentiments, the road *must* and *shall be built.* What will prevent it if the community interested should conspire and proclaim with one accord, that the *road is necessary and must be built?* "Union is strength," and a proper concentration of the public mind will accomplish anything that it undertakes.

Why not, then, with one accord, with one single solitary idea, (that of doing,) come forward and assist? We are anxious and perfectly willing to meet you at some point—say Bluffton on the 10th of November next—and there say how and in what manner the road shall be built. If we ever expect to accomplish anything of the kind, now is the accepted time—now is the time to act, while other sections are slumbering over their half-expiring charters.

We want this road to go on. It will be of immense benefit to the farmer, the merchant, and the mechanic. And acting under this belief, we are ready to answer all communications touching this vital and important object.

Very respectfully,

We remain yours, &c.,

C. T. MELSHEIMER,
JOHN A. DEAN,
JOHN STUDABAKER,
ADAM HALL,
GEORGE C. FELLOWS.

THE NEW FOUND ELDORADO.—It would appear from the recent well authenticated accounts of the new found gold region of California that the famed ElDorado, for which the early navigators and Spanish cavaliers searched in vain, has been discovered by more modern adventurers. The 'golden dream' which has been cherished for ages, proves to be a reality in California, and not

"Where Afric's sunny fountains,
Roll down the golden sand."

The tide of emigration is setting strongly toward this enchanted region,—thousands being anxious to dip into the golden stream.—That there is something more than a mere sandy foundation for this report of rivers of gold and mountains of silver there can be no doubt. The Louisville Courier learns from Mr. Edwin Bryant, author of "What I saw in California," &c., that, in crossing, as he did on several occasions, the tributaries of the Sacramento and San Joaquin rivers, flowing from the Sierra Madre, he discovered the particles of gold mingled with the sand in the beds and on the banks of the streams. These particles on the surface, however, were exceedingly minute and light, resembling the scales of small fish, and glittering brilliantly in the sun. They could not easily be separated from the sand. By digging deeper, the more ponderous particles and lumps have been discovered and sifted from the black alluvion.

It is Mr. Bryant's opinion that the entire western slope of the Sierra Madre is auriferous, and that, when these mountains are scientifically explored, they will be found to contain not only gold mines of unheard of richness and value, but other minerals more precious than gold. From the eastern to the western base of the Sierra Madre, the distance of about 150 miles, and the range extends, with the exception of a break near Los Angeles, the entire length of Alta California. Mr. B. thinks that, whenever the mountain streams have deposited alluvion in the valleys, the earth will be found to be richly impregnated with gold to a considerable depth. But the mariners which have poured forth this flood of gold into the valleys are yet to be sought for and discovered in the deep and rocky gorges of the Sierra; and when they are thus discovered, they will probably display a mineral wealth to which Ophir, Golconda and Potosi will bear but faint comparison.—*Cincinnati Dispatch.*

Bain's and Morse's Telegraph.—The New York Courier explains the difference between these two systems, so far as rapidity of operation is concerned, as follows:

"Morse's Telegraph (or any other except Bain's) can only transmit matter as fast as one person can write it, because only one operation can work at a time. On Bain's plan the matter is prepared beforehand: and then wound upon a cylinder; when it is to be transmitted the cylinder is turned and this can be done with almost any degree of dispatch; for example, in transmitting the President's messages by Morse's system, it can only be done as fast as one man can write it. On Bain's system, the message can be

PRESIDENT,

Gen. Lewis Cass,

OF MICHIGAN.

VICE PRESIDENT,

Gen. W. O. Butler,

OF KENTUCKY.

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS.

SENATORIAL.

ROBERT DALE OWEN, of Posey County.
EBENEZER M. CHAMBERLAIN, of Elkhart county.

DISTRICT.

1. NATHANIEL ALBERTSON, of Harrison county.
2. CYRUS L. DUNHAM, of Washington county.
3. WILLIAM M. McCARTY, of Franklin county.
4. CHARLES H. TEST, of Wayne county.
5. JAMES RITCHEY, of Johnson county.
6. GEORGE W. CARR, of Lawrence county.
7. JAMES M. DANNA, of Clay county.
8. DANIEL MACE, of Tippecanoe county.
9. GRAHAM N. FITCH, of Cass county.
10. ANDREW J. HARLAN, of Grant county.

Allen County Democratic Central Committee.

S. C. Freeman, F. P. Randall
Thos. Tigar, M. Jenkinson,
W. S. Reed, R. McDonald,
S. Wheeler.

The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 28, 1848.

Democrats, Remember!

The Presidential Election takes place on TUESDAY *the 7th November next* (next Tuesday week.) Every democrat ought to feel it his duty and make it his business on that day to attend the polls, and deposit a ticket for CASS & BUTLER.

Tickets! Tickets!

The Democratic committees in the neighboring counties must not neglect to provide an ample supply of genuine democratic tickets for the approaching election. We are prepared to furnish any quantity at the rate of $3,00 per thousand.

Send in the Returns.

We will feel obliged if some of our friends in Adams, Wells, Blackford, Jay, Huntington, Whitley, Noble, La Grange, DeKalb, Steuben, &c., will send in the result of the election in their respective counties as soon as it can be CORRECTLY ascertained, and by the first opportunity—either mail or private conveyance. We are anxious to lay the earliest intelligence before the public, and shall depend upon our distant friends for their co-operation. We hope this will be attended to—great negligence has hitherto been observed in this respect.

☞ TOWNSHIP COMMITTEES, are your Townships provided with DEMOCRATIC TICKETS? If not send up to this office, and get a supply. Don't neglect this a day longer. We have plenty on hand, and shall feel a pleasure in supplying your wants. Get a good supply, and see that a fair proportion of them are deposited in the ballot boxes. That's the only way in which we can expect to give our candidate a handsome majority.

☞ The BOARD OF CANVASSERS will meet to report the votes of their respective townships on the THURSDAY after the election—not on the *Wednesday*, as in the case of other elections.

☞ The great press of advertisements this week leaves us but little room for editorial comments, and we have been too much engaged during the week to write much. Our readers will however find in our columns many articles so much better than we could have written that they will have no reason to regret our own short comings.

Democrats, are you Ready?

The time for the election of a President and Vice President draws near. Only a few days will elapse before the citizens of the United States will be called upon to exercise the proud right conferred upon them by their inestimable constitution, of choosing by their own free votes who shall rule over them,—or rather to whom they will delegate the high trust of administering the laws, and directing the affairs of this glorious republic. This great privilege is one of which every American citizen should feel proud; and it is one which he should on no account neglect to avail himself of. We hold it to be the duty of every citizen to bear his share of the responsibility of choosing a President, and we hold it also to be his bounden duty to vote for that man among the candidates whom he thinks best qualified to discharge the high duties of the station, and who will pursue such a course as he believes best adapted to secure the happiness and prosperity of the country, and the permanence of its institutions.

Of the qualifications of the candidates now before the American people, it is scarcely necessary to speak. Gen. Cass, the democratic candidate, is an able statesman, a profound scholar, and a true patriot; and is moreover pledged to the support of democratic measures and democratic principles. Gen. Taylor, the candidate of the whigs, is known to the country as a brave and successful soldier, who having spent his whole life in the army has had few or no opportunities of acquiring any knowledge of the civil duties which would naturally devolve upon him as President; and he has moreover refused to give any definite statement as to what his principles are, what his course would be if elected, or what his views are on the great political questions of the day.

The difference between the two candidates is so palpable, that certainly no democrat, and we think not many whigs will have a correct appreciation of what is required of a President, can hesitate which to choose. The one candidate is a statesman of acknowledged abilities, and who has publicly proclaimed his principles; the other is a man of whose qualifications nothing is known, and who will not or can not state what his views are—who must be taken, if at all, on trust, and in hopes that he may prove better on trial than present appearances seem to warrant.

Are the American people prepared to risk the destinies of their country thus blindly.—We hope not—we believe not:—we have an abiding confidence that they will by their votes on the 7th November next, show that they are not to be led away by the glare of military glory, and elect a man to preside over this great country whose only known recommendation is, that he is a good soldier.

In a contest like this, when so much is at stake, we trust every democrat will be up and doing, and that no one will think there is no occasion for him to exercise the great prerogative to which he is entitled—or that it is not incumbent on him to discharge the duty he owes his country and his party, by attending the polls, and voting for those candidates in whose hands he feel convinced the destinies of the Union could be most safely confided.

Democrats, turn out in your strength, and roll up for Cass and Butler such a majority as will place Indiana in the front rank of the democratic column. You can do this, and we trust you will.

Another Bargain.—The Statesman states that the whigs in Ohio have it in contemplation to abandon the Taylor electoral ticket and unite with the free soilers on the Van Buren electors, as the only way to prevent Cass getting the State. Whiggery in Ohio is getting desperate; but we have no fears of the State even if this bargain should be consummated.

Keep it before the People!

That Gen. Zachary Taylor, though a candidate for President, still hangs on to his office of Major General, and is drawing about $7,000 per annum from the public crib, in the shape of pay, house rent, fuel, hire of servants, &c., while he is staying at home attending to his own affairs.

Keep it also before the People!

That Lewis Cass resigned his seat in the U. S. Senate, immediately after he was nominated for the Presidency.

Let the People Decide

Which is the most worthy their support.

ARKANSAS ELECTION.—By the official returns of the late election for member of Congress in Arkansas, it appears that Johnson, dem., received 11,466 votes, and Newton, whig, 6,234.

Democratic Majority, 5,232!!

Taylor enthusiasm don't appear to rage much in the south-West.

"*The Star that never Sets.*"—There have been thirty ballotings in the Vermont Legislature for Speaker, without effecting a choice. The whigs fail a few votes short of having a majority over the democrats and free soilers, and as each party sticks to its own candidate no election has been effected. The whig star in Vermont, if not actually set, certainly twinkles very dimly.

PENNSYLVANIA ELECTION.—The result in this State is not yet quite certain. The vote for Governor is quite close, but we think Johnson, whig, is elected by a majority of from 50 to 150: the latest accounts say it will not exceed 50. Paynter, democrat, is elected Canal Commissioner by 2,500 to 3,000 majority—The whigs and natives have a majority of 9 in the Senate, and the democrats of 4 or 6 in the House. The whigs and natives have elected 15 members of Congress, and the democrats 9—being a democratic gain of one. The Pennsylvanian estimates the democratic majority on the popular vote for members of Congress at 2,000.

The vote was light, and shows a decrease in nearly all the counties in the democratic, without any increase in the whig vote; showing conclusively that our party's defeat in Pennsylvania was owing entirely to the over confidence of our friends, and a consequent supininess and want of exertion to bring the votes to the polls. They now see their error and will be stimulated to bestir themselves in November, when we confidently hope to see the old Keystone give Cass and Butler at least 10,000 majority.

The members of Congress elected are—

1 District	—Lewis C. Levin, native.	
2 "	Joseph R. Chandler, whig.	
3 "	H. D. Moore, whig, gain.	
4 "	John Robins, Jr., dem.	
5 "	John Freedley, whig.	
6 "	Thomas Ross, dem.	
7 "	J. C. Dickey, whig.	
8 "	Thadeus Stevens, whig.	
9 "	William Strong, dem.	
10 "	M. M. Dimmick, dem.	
11 "	Chester Butler, whig.	
12 "	David Wilmot, dem.	
13 "	Joseph Casey, whig.	
14 "	C. W. Pitman, whig.	
15 "	Henry Nes, whig.	
16 "	McLanahan, dem. gain.	
17 "	Samuel Calvin, whig.	
18 "	Andrew J. Ogle, whig.	
19 "	Job Mann, dem.	
20 "	R. R. Reed, whig.	
21 "	Moses Hampton, whig.	
22 "	John W. Howe, whig.	
23 "	James Thompson, dem.	
24 "	Alfred Gilmore, dem. gain.	

Whigs and Natives 15, Democrats 9.

OHIO.—*Close Race for Governor—Democratic Majority in the Legislature!—Gain of two Members of Congress.*

It is still uncertain who is elected Governor of Ohio. The race is so close that it is thought the result will not be certainly known until the votes are canvassed by the Legislature.

For the Legislature we have done gloriously. The Senate is a tie, and in the House THE DEMOCRATS HAVE A MAJORITY OF 4 TO 6 over both whigs and Free Soilers combined! thus securing the re-election to the U. S Senate of Allen, whose term expires this winter. This is a most unlooked for triumph; and, after making due allowance for the free soil vote which the whigs have had at this election, but which Taylor cannot and will not receive, no reasonable man can doubt that Cass will carry the State by at least 12,000 votes. We should not be surprised if it were to be double that amount.

The members of Congress elected are eleven Democrats, to ten whigs, free soilers, &c. being a DEMOCRATIC GAIN OF TWO.

ARRIVAL OF THE EUROPA.—*Conviction and Sentence of Smith O'Brien!*—The Europa brings an account of the conviction of Smith O'Brien, who was sentenced to be *hung, drawn, and quartered!* The jury strongly recommended him to mercy; but no intimation has yet been given whether the Lord Lieutenant will listen to the recommendation. O'Brien's mother has gone to see the Queen on behalf of her son. Smith O'Brien's bearing through the whole of the trying scene, was manly, composed, and firm. McManus has also been convicted. The trial of Doneham was progressing, and Duffie's was to commence about the 21st ult.

The cholera has reached London, and several cases have proved fatal.

There is a moderate demand for all kinds of American produce.

No change in prices.

Death of Hon. Dixon H. Lewis.—Hon. Dixon H. Lewis, M. C. from Alabama, died in New York on Wednesday last, the 25th inst.

OHIO.—*How the Members of Congress stand.*—In the list of members elected to Congress we have classed all who are not democrats as whigs. The free soil man claim Hunter of the 15th—Crowell of the 19th—Giddings of the 20th, and Root of the 21st Districts as for Van Buren.

Campbell of the 2d District, is opposed to Taylor, and will not vote for him, neither will he for Van Buren and Adams.

Allowing the claim of the Free Soilers to be correct, the delegation in the next Congress will stand, one anti-Taylor, anti-Van Buren and Adams, whig—four free soil Van Buren whigs, and five Taylor whigs to eleven democrats.

Members of Congress Elected.

1st District	David T. Disney,	
2d "	L. D Campbell,*	
3d "	Robert C. Schenck,*	
4th "	Moses B. Corwin,*	
5th "	Emery D. Potter,	
6th "	Rudolphus Dickinson,	
7th "	Jonathan D. Morris,	
8th "	John L. Taylor,*	
9th "	Edson B. Olds,	
10th "	Charles Sweetser,	
11th "	John K. Miller,	
12th "	Samuel F. Vinton,*	
13th "	William A. Whittlesey,	
14th "	Nathan Evans,*	
15th "	Wm. F. Hunter,*	
16th "	Moses Hoagland,	
17th "	Joseph Cable,	
18th "	David K. Carter,	
19th "	John Crowell,*	
20th "	J. R. Giddings,*	
21st "	Joseph M. Root,*	

Those marked with a star (*) are whigs, Van Buren men, abolitionists, &c.—*Ohio Statesman.*

Florida.—The "Union" thus sums up the results of the recent election in Florida:

The information received authorizes the assurance that the Legislature (whig last year) is now Democratic by from 5 to 11 majority, and that Gen. Bayley, the Democratic candidate for Governor, is elected by at least 400 majority. It may be that Mr. Cabell, owing to local circumstances, has beaten Gov. Duval, but this is not yet conceded; and the candid Whigs in Florida admit that, with less than 1,000 majority over both the Democratic candidates for Congress and Governor, Cass and Butler will carry the State. At the election in 1846, Mr. Cabell beat Kain 96 only in the whole State, and Mr. Brockenbrough's vote over him in 1845 was less than 100; while Gov. Mosley (Democratic) three months previous, beat Gen. Call (whig) for Governor upwards of 800 votes; and Mr. Levy (democratic) beat Major Putnam a like number.—Florida may be relied upon as giving from 1,000 to 1,500 majority for Cass and Butler.

Exploration of California.—Col. Fremont reached St. Louis on the 26th ult., and was advertised the next day on his scientific exploration to the far West. He will be attended by a party of about twenty men, who have hitherto accompanied him on similar expeditions. It is now nearly ten years since he first commenced the great work of exploring the vast region lying between the Mississippi and the Pacific Ocean, and if his labors had not been interrupted by the troubles in California, he would probably have completed, by this time, an undertaking which has contributed so much interest and valuable matter to science. A part of Upper California, north and east of Tlamath Lake, and the district of country about the sources of the Arkansas, Rio del Norte, &c., with the mountain region westward, remain to be explored. These are the only portions embraced in Col. Fremont's original plan, that are yet to be surveyed, and when finished, will enable him to complete a map from actual observation and surveys, which will prove of great importance in illustrating the typography, as well as the geology and natural history of that immense and comparatively unknown country. The enterprise, as we stated on a former occasion, is undertaken by Col. Fremont on his private account, no provision having been made by Congress for the continuance of the explorations; but we cannot think that the Government will permit his labors to go unrewarded, or allow them to stand incomplete for want of a small appropriation. More extra allowances were voted in one day at the close of last session, than the two former expeditions of Col. Fremont actually cost.—*Philadelphia North American.*

Mormon Settlement, Texas.—The Mormons have lately been negotiating for the purchase of a large tract of land on the Pierdenales, above Fredericksburg, and intend to form a new settlement there. The anxiety they manifest to purchase this land has excited some suspicions that they have discovered mines upon it. They have also probably discovered that the soil of the Pierdenales valley is admirably adapted to the culture of wheat and other grains, which they had been accustomed to raise in Missouri and Illinois, and will afford them all the facilities they desire for a new and extensive settlement. They have also a pretended prophecy that the New Jerusalem spoken of in their great prophet, is to be found in Texas. This opinion has long been prevalent among them, and we have been informed by an English gentleman that the presiding elder of the Mormon society of London has often said that the Mormons will ultimately all emigrate to Texas. We should be sorry to learn that they have located the New Jerusalem on the Pierdenales, or the San Saba, for our frontier settlements will soon be pushed beyond these streams, and then wars might arise between "the saints" and new settlers. If the Mormons, however should find the New Jerusalem on the Pecos, many years would probably elapse before the frontier settlements would reach them, and they might build up their city, and fortify it with seven walls, if they desired, long before the advancing limits of the frontier settlements would be pushed even to the source of the Colorado.—*Houston (Texas) Telegraph.*

A Model Town.—Wm. A. Stokes, Esq. writes to the Editor of the Lancaster Intelligencer, from the town of St. Mary's, in Elk county, as follows:—"In this glorious young borough, among a population of 1500 *we have not a single whig.*" One of the resolutions is as follows:

"*Resolved*, That each and every one of the citizens of the borough of St. Mary's, *without a single exception*, will vote for the Democratic candidates, Cass, Butler, Longstreth," &c.

LEWIS CASS.

"Aporer, a better, a nobler-minded man than Gen. Lewis Cass, we do not believe ever lived. You may take his private history, from infancy to manhood, and from manhood to old age, and you shall not find in it a blot worthy of reproach.

"As to his fitness for the Presidency, no mortal man, we fancy, doubts it. His talents, all the world will admit, are of the highest order; his experience has been vast; his patriotism is undoubted. As a man, he is frank, generous, bold, and open-handed; as a Statesman, he may be trusted with the ability of the age."

Such is the high eulogy the New York Atlas, a paper neutral in politics, passes upon the Presidential standard bearer of the Democracy of the Union. Though life General Cass has sustained a character that slander has seldom dared assail, and when she did, like gold tried by fire, slander has had but the effect to make his virtues the more conspicuous.

To the early pioneers of the West, he was the friend, when friends most were needed and the West is filled with anecdotes of his generous and open-handed liberality to those stricken by poverty and sickness. His table has ever been the hospitable board—his purse ever open to the calls of the unfortunate—his advice was never wanting to those who asked it, and his cheering words to many who despondED, have incited them to renewed exertion. In all the relations of life, as a husband, father, friend and neighbor, Lewis Cass has sustained a character that any man might envy.

As a Democrat, he has been tried, and never was found wanting. At an early age he avowed himself a disciple of the school of Jefferson, and the creed of that great Apostle of Democracy has ever governed his subsequent career. In the stormy trials which Genl. Jackson had with the Bank of the United States, Lewis Cass was by his side, and stood firm as old Hickory himself in the strong measures taken against that mammoth institution, while he was Gen. Jackson's Secretary of War, his Constitutional adviser, his tried and true friend, alike in sunshine, and when the storm of Bank panic came, which many believed would overwhelm him.

As a statesman, Lewis Cass has a name and a fame, which no living American ever had. His defeat of the Quintuple Treaty, where single handed and alone, he met, grappled with, and foiled the best trained statesmen of England, struggling for the right of that nation to search the vessels of the world, sailing the high seas, is the crowning act of Lewis Cass' eventful life. Great as has have been his other achievements on the field, in the cabinet, and in the councils of the nation, that act—the defeat of that Treaty, under the circumstances, casts the other acts of his life and the acts of other statesmen into the shade.—He was not sustained by his Government, for Mr. Webster then ruled Mr. Tyler, who administered the affairs of the Government, but he was sustained by the Democracy of the nation, and by the honest and the patriotic of all parties.

The Senatorial career of Gen. Cass was brilliant beyond precedent. Without practice as a Parliamentary debater—without experience in the rules, he responded to the call of his State, and went to the Senate a marked man. The Whig Presidential aspirants were ready for their task—their knives were already whetted for the sacrifice, and they fancied the victory an easy one. They who met Gen. Cass in debate, grappled with a giant in intellect, and the whig leaders are welcome to all the honors they won.

On the War question, Gen. Cass stood forward the champion of the poor soldier—the champion of the nation. He believed the war on our part as just a war as ever was waged, and he defended it as a patriot should defend his country when it is assailed, and for this he has been denounced by those who took the side of the enemy in the late war with Mexico.

When Gen. Cass accepted the nomination of the democracy for President, he retired from the Senate, as did Gen. Jackson in 1825, to private life. On the 5th of March next, if so long his life be spared, he will again be in Washington, to take upon himself the oath of office as President of the United States.

In his life, he has seen Ohio, the mother of the west, spring from a wilderness to a thickly populated State, capable of giving her old Pioneer twenty-three electoral votes, backed by an overwhelming large popular majority, and the great west, whose history, as but the history of the man, so closely has he been identified with it, will swell that majority by giving him her united electoral votes.

Such is the glorious standard bearer of democratic principles—such the deep love felt for him at his own western home.

Though western in his education—through life, from early manhood to age, has been in the great West, traversing her mighty lakes and still mighier forests, in keeping down the spirit of their red men, and making treaties with them, still Lewis Cass has too enlarged an intellect to make a sectional President.—His heart nikes in the Union—he loves the Republic, not a single star which glenms on our flag, representing a single State—not half a dozen, representing to the mind's eye a particular section, but the whole galaxy, representing the whole Union—East as well as West—North as well as South, as the child loves its mother—ready to resent her injuries, prompt to avenge her wrongs, and from his councils he would spurn, with loathing and contempt, the man who dare counsel him, as President of this mighty Republic, to do wrong to one section that another might profit thereby. He is a western man with national feelings, and when he is inaugurated as President, he will be the Chief Magistrate of the whole nation, for he could not be otherwise if he would, and he would not be if he could.

A man of pure and stainless character—a politician unswerving in his support of the great principles of Jeffersonian democracy—a statesman of acknowledged and tried ability, with a world wide reputation for diplomatic sagacity, which he gained by casting aside the subtle dealings of the European school, and nowcurbing the model republic, and at once, with plain and honest dealing, meeting the question and canvassing it on its merits. It was thus that he defeated the Quintuple Treaty, which England had prepared to give her dominion of the seas, and it was thus he exposed her designs, and saved our flag from insult—the commercial world from tyranny. In the same frank and manly spirit he has given his opinions to the world—seeking no concealment, for he has no thought on political subjects that he would conceal from those whose support he asks, and it is this trait, as well as his manly virtues—his many services—the deep and devoted love which marks his every act as patriotic, that has made the name and fame of Lewis Cass, dear to every lover of his country, and has given him so deep a hold on the affections of the people.

Zachariah at Home.—The Nashville Union contains the following propositions for a bet:—$100 that Taylor will not carry his own parish; $100 that he will not carry his own State; $200 that Cass will carry his own town; $200 that he will carry his own State. A like amount on Cass' carrying Tennessee, and a like amount on the Union."

The Fire Won't Burn.—Mr. Gregg, one of the Indiana whig electors, in a speech at Lawrenceburgh, lately said:

"The whigs here are cold—very, VERY COLD! They have no life; no animation. He would as soon think of galvanizing a dead body with an icicle, as to infuse life into their hearts. They were torpid as oysters. But says Mr. Gregg, I ought not to complain, for I have been cold myself, on account of circumstances."

What an immense enthusiasm Taylor's nomination has produced! What a spontaneous combustion!

Towns of the Tariff.—A few days since we published an interesting account of the growth of Lawrence, a town of 3,000 inhabitants, upon the Merrimack, which two years ago consisted only of two or three farm houses and a blacksmith shop. We have now before us some facts relative to a similar demonstration of manufacturing enterprise at South Hadley Falls, upon the Connecticut river, where a series of works are in progress which seem rather to belong to the fabulous ages of the world, were it not that the truth of the present era so very much resembles fiction.

But one of the most remarkable facts connected with this matter is, that it occured in the very face of the anathematised tariff of 1846. The laying out of towns, the erection of factories and the arrangements for commanding water power are all upon a scale which is without precedent, and certainly demonstrate beyond controversy that the practical operation of the revenue tariff is compatible with the interests and the pursuits of manufacturing industry.

A correspondent in this city furnishes us with some facts in relation to this great factory city, but the subjoined descriptive and statistical account, by a correspondent of the N. Y. Express, is rather more ample and particular, and we accordingly present it to the readers of the Sun as an illustration of the progressive enterprise of the day:

"The South Hadley Falls Company is an association of capitalists incorporated with a capital of $4,000,000 for the purpose of improving and working the immense water power, to be obtained here by damming the Connecticut river. They have been a little more than one year at work, and already we see long blocks of brick dwellings, nearly finished, that would compare favorably with city houses, and everywhere is seen the hand of the engineer and artisan, in making the place ready for its destined business. The company have got their dam (28 feet high and 1,200 feet long) in a good state of forwardness, and are laboring diligently at their canals, of which there are two running parallel, by which the water is to be conducted to the factories. These canals are to be 140 feet wide and about two and three-fourth miles long, viz: upper 1½ miles, and lower or next side 1¼ miles, and from 15 to 20 feet deep. It is faced with solid masonry, and will be a substantial affair. The water power thus obtained, says a little sketch just before me, is calculated to be more than and already on the opposite side of the river the inhabitants have raised $100,000, and procured an act of incorporation, giving power to increase to $300,000, for a manufacturing company called the Glasgow Co. They have a factory, calculated for 10,000 spindles, 52 by 200 feet, and five stories high, nearly completed, in which they intend to manufacture Scotch ginghams, (their act of incorporation is for the manufacture of silk, cotton or worsted goods,) and they expect to get ready for business next year. Their power is received from the old South Hadley Canal, used for navigation around the Falls, and is entirely distinct from the operations on the other side."

Election of U. S. Senator—Necessity of Organization—The Viva Voce Vote.

The Democracy of Indiana at their late election achieved a great and brilliant victory, which if turned to proper account will enure to the lasting prosperity of the party, and to the promotion of the best interests of the State. With an effective majority in each branch of the Legislature, and a heavy preponderance on joint ballot, the Democratic party during such ascendency will be justly held responsible for their acts as a party, and for the manner in which they shall conduct the public affairs. But the party is justly responsible only for such acts as may be in consonance with the general will of its members, and as may be committed by the officers of its choice.—For if by any means a whig is elected by the Legislature to any of the public offices, or through whig intrigues a Democrat not the choice of his party, the Democracy are neither to be credited with his good acts nor charged with his bad. To this result all the movements of the whig party will tend,—and particularly for the office of U. S. Senator their strong effort will be to secure the election of the man the least desired by the Democracy, and of course the least objectionable to them—an event which we should regard as a far greater evil than the election of an out and out whig.

To avoid such a result should be the honest aim, and unchanging purpose of every Democrat in the Legislature, and this object may be certainly attained if the proper organization is adopted. The election of a Senator must not be a general scramble—a disgraceful melee into which Whiggery may enter and bear off the prize, and appropriate to itself all the avails of the great victory in August.—The Democracy understand their interests better.

How then shall this be effected? We answer, by establishing, and honestly sustaining a firm and efficient organization. Let the Democrats of both branches of the Legislature assemble together for the purpose of discussing and determining the merits and claims of every man whose name is presented for their consideration as a candidate. If there is to twice as great as any other power in the State. It is calculated that there will be sufficient to drive 1,200,000 spindles, (Lowell has only 300,000 spindles,) and sustain a population of one hundred thousand inhabitants.—The city has been laid out in a good style, and in every direction is to be seen workmen with carts and derricks levelling hills, filling up ravines, grading streets, &c., &c. Everything seems to be done under the direction of engineers, so that when the city is ready for inhabiting, there will be nothing comparatively to do.

This mammoth work has stimulated projects on a smaller scale in surrounding places, be any contest for the supremacy, let it be in the convention and not in the Hall of the House of Representatives. Every member of the convention is as much bound by the act of the majority, as the minority in any popular government are by the will of the mass, and the selection made by such majority should be honestly, faithfully, and unfalteringly supported by every member of the party. We know there are men who entertain honest prejudices against this system of organization, but it is the only safe and effective one. We adopt, the same for our county, State and National organization, and it is no less proper here, where a single minister may defeat the popular will, and saddle us with lasting disgrace.

The present law authorizing the election of Senator by ballot, is one of the favorite schemes of whiggery, and should be at once repealed. The people have a right to know every vote of their representatives—it is their privilege to hold them to strict responsibility—to know whether they sustain the measures and men of the Democracy, or whether they prove recreant to their trust. The viva voce vote in all elections by the Legislature is the only safe true, democratic policy, the only effectual means to guard with certainty against corruption, promote the harmony and well being of the party, and protect the people from infringements upon their rights.

It is not our intention at present to enter upon a discussion of the merits or pretensions of any man whose name may be presented in connexion with the office. The only interest we have in the matter is such as is common to every member of the party—a desire to have such a selection made and in such a manner, as shall most certainly perpetuate the triumph of our glorious principles. We know that efforts will be made by the whig party to divide and distract our councils, and it is but right to sound the tocsin in advance, so that forewarned we may be forearmed—that we may meet this emergency as becomes honest and honorable men—as becomes Democrats.—*Goshen Democrat.*

PENNSYLVANIA ELECTION.

While the returns from Pennsylvania are coming in, says the Cincinnati Enquirer, we think it well to lay before our readers the following paragraphs from a correspondent of the New York Herald. The whigs are claiming great gains in Pennsylvania, and may, indeed, have elected their candidate for Governor—things look a good deal like it. But this is the result of combination, Whig and Abolition vote. The Democrats in Wilmot's district, it will be seen, have, as we think unwisely, made up an issue with Wilmot and his immediate supporters, which not only operates there, but throughout the State, against Longstreth. We have no kind of doubt of a plurality, perhaps a clear majority, for Cass and Butler in Pennsylvania, in November.

The correspondent of the Herald says:

"In this State, they (the Free Soilers) have resolved, in Convention, to withhold any separate exhibition of their strength in the election for Governor, so that that election will be no positive test, as between the parties in the Presidential balloting. The late movement, however, of the Cass democrats in Wilmot's district, in the nomination of a democrat in opposition to Mr. Wilmot, may operate to increase the vote for Johnson, and give him a prospect of success. We hear that the whigs and barburning free soilers of that disaffected Democratic region have agreed to fraternize in the election—the whigs to support Wilmot in consideration of the Barnburners supporting Johnson. If this be so, Longstreth will lose from 600 to 800 votes in Wilmot's district, on the average democratic vote. And there is ground for the suspicion that this attempt by the Cass democrats to supercede Mr. Wilmot will be resisted by the barnburners in other districts, who would otherwise have supported the Democratic nominee for Governor.

The whig candidate for Governor has put himself forward as an advocate for free soil—He will secure the Abolition vote; he will secure (if the information of the compounding in Wilmot's district be correct) a portion of the democratic barnburners; he will secure the mass of the natives. The Governor's election in 1847 shows the following results:

Plurality of Governor Shunk,	17,976
Native for Reigart,	11,208
Abolition vote for Lemoyne,	1,676—12,884
Shunk's majority,	5,092

Deducting the Abolitionists and the Natives from the democratic plurality of '47, and adding them to the whigs of '48, and allowing, in other respects, the parties to stand the same, the whigs have to overcome, to elect their Governor, a majority of 5,000 against them.—But Shunk was, perhaps, a more popular man than Longstreth; then there is, as set forth, the defection of the barnburners, and there are some desertions in the iron counties on the tariff question."

Fort Wayne Medical Society.

The next regular meeting of this Society having been inadvertently fixed on the first Tuesday in November, the same being the day of the Presidential Election, it is deemed advisable to change the time of meeting to Tuesday, November 14th, when all who feel an interest in the Society are invited to attend.

JAS. HAMILTON, *President*

S. S. THOMPSON, *Sec'y.*

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS are a safe, easy and certain cure for Colds and Coughs; because they carry off, by the stomach and bowels, those morbid humors, which, if deposited upon the lungs, are the cause of the above dangerous complaints. A single twenty-five cent box of said Indian Vegetable Pills is generally sufficient to make a perfect cure of the most obstinate Cold—at the same time the digestion is improved, and the blood so completely purified, that new life and vigor is given to the frame.

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THERE'S A GOOD TIME COMING.

Who that keeps pace with the rapid improvements, discoveries, and advancement of this age in the natural sciences, in arts, in governments, and moral and intellectual reforms, but can see, without prophetic vision, that a "good time is coming" with the rapidity of the lightning's flash, and the certainty of eternal truth. Among the good things that have already come, and are diffusing their good effects far and wide over this Hesperian "land of promise," are the much and truly celebrated Indian Queen Vegetable Sugar-Coated Pills of Dr. Bragg. They are *working* as great a reform in the practice of medicine as Republicanism is in the Governments of Europe. No family that knows their many virtues by experience will be without them. In the cure of Bilious disease they are unrivalled in the annals of medicine.

For sale by H. H. Rose and C. R. Walker, Druggists Fort Wayne; and at agencies in most towns in the State.

Goodson & Clark of Bellevue, Ohio, Nov. 22d, 1846, sent a letter to Dr. G. C. Vaughn the proprietor of the celebrated Lithontriptic Mixture, the Great American Remedy, with a statement that in the vicinity of Ohio where they do business, the article has had unprecedented sales. Nothing like it has ever appeared. People resort to it for all complaints, and its effects are always good, old cases which have baffled the skill of the medical men have yielded to it, and the family are using it in their practice. A large number of medical men are agents for its sale, a strong proof of the great virtues of the article. Call on Agents in our paper whose names are to be found under Great American Remedy, and get a Pamphlet.

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Years of suffering, of physical and mental anguish to many an affectionate wife, and pecuniary difficulties to the husband, might have been spared; thousands now poor would have enjoyed competence; thousands now broken in health would have enjoyed it; hundreds now in their graves have still alive by a timely perusal of this work.

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Men, also, every female—the wife, the mother, the one either budding into womanhood, or the one in the decline of years in whom nature contemplates an important change can recover the causes, symptoms, and the most efficient remedies, and most certain mode of cure, in every complaint to which her sex is subject.

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The "Married Woman's Private Medical Companion," is sold by Bookseller throughout the United States. 3m7.

At a meeting of the FORT WAYNE LODGE, No. 14, I. O. O. F., held on Monday evening, October 23d, 1848, the following Preamble and Resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Whereas, It has pleased the Almighty in his inscrutable providence to remove by death from amongst us our beloved and much respected brother, P. G. D. D. G. M. JAMES P. MUNSON, in the meridian of life and usefulness; and whereas, as a member of this lodge and of the order he was ever zealous in the discharge of his duties; and whereas this melancholy event took place at Winstead, Connecticut, on the 25th September, 1848; his remains were carried to their final resting place by a large procession of brethren. Our worthy brother was not permitted to pass the last hours of his earthly career amongst us—A few months since our deceased brother left us to visit his friends East. From letters received from him during his absence we are gratified to learn that he received every attendance from our brethren, wherever he met them, that could have been conferred upon him by the nearest and dearest friends, and had it been the fate of our brother to fall in a strange land we have no doubt he would have been cheered in his last hours by kindness and brotherly love. He has left a widow and children, and a large circle of friends to mourn over his untimely departure. But why should they grieve over the departed? He has but passed from this world of trouble and suffering to the brighter regions of the blest where pain and sorrow never come. Therefore,

Resolved, That in the death of our late brother, this lodge mourn the loss of one who in all the relations of a Citizen, Man, and Odd Fellow, was truly esteemed for his integrity, uprightness, and benevolence; and that we will cherish his memory as one eminently entitled to the love, confidence, and respectful regard of all.

Resolved, That the members of this Lodge wear the usual Badge of mourning for the space of thirty days.

Resolved, That the members of this Lodge do sincerely sympathize with the bereaved family and relatives of our deceased brother under this afflictive dispensation.

Resolved, That the Secretary be instructed to transmit to them a copy of the Resolutions, and also that he have them published in the city papers.

D. P. HARTMAN,
R. C. FILSON,
S. M. BLACK,
Committee.

COMMERCIAL.

OFFICE OF THE SENTINEL,
Fort Wayne, October 26 h, 1848.

Notwithstanding the badness of the roads, considerable Wheat has been brought in this week. The price has not varied much, but has rather a downward tendency; 75c to 77c are the prevailing rates. Corn, now 25; old, shelled, 34; Oats 18 a 20; Potatoes 50: Butter 10.

Toledo, Oct. 26.—Sales of Wheat at 87 a 87½; Flour 4 20; Corn 43¢.

Buffalo, Oct. 25.—Market dull; Wheat 89 a 90; Flour 4 50 a 4 56; Corn 48 a 50 asked,—no buyers. Freight to Albany 70c on Flour, 20 on Wheat, and 16 a 17 on Corn.

New York, Oct. 25.—Flour in fair demand at 5 31 a 5 44; Corn, dull at 67 a 74; Wheat, Genessee, 1 26; Rye 67 a 68.

MARRIED,—On the 16th inst. at Alexander, Genesee Co., New York, by Rev. S. Goff, Mr. A. H. WELLS, of this city, to Miss AURELIA NORTH, of the former place.

In Brooklyn, L. I., on the 11th inst., in the Clinton street Presbyterian Church, by the Rev. Mr. Greenleaf, D. COOPER AYRES, M. D., of Fort Wayne, Indiana, to Miss MARY FRANCES, only daughter of the late Dr. Camp of New Jersey.

$1000 Wooster Money

WANTED immediately, for which the highest price will be paid in CASH.

BARNETT & NELSON.

October 28, 1848.

Dr. Woodworth

HAS removed his office to his house, two doors East of the Pale Alto Hotel, Wayne street.

October 28, 1848.

B. W. OAKLEY,

THANKFUL for the favors of the past, would respectfully inform his old customers and the public generally, that his Fall and Winter supply has in part arrived, and is still coming; so that by the close of navigation all demands for the season can be promptly filled.

STOVES.

We place the "IMPERIAL AIR TIGHT" first; because we consider them decid

County & City Orders

WANTED, for which the highest price will be paid in cash or goods as cheap as they can be obtained in the State of Indiana, by
Oct 28, 1848. BARNETT & NELSON.

LATEST ARRIVAL.

At T. R. Brackenridge & Co's.

OUR long looked for stock of FALL AND WINTER GOODS have come to hand and we are now prepared to accommodate all who may favor us with a call. Our stock is of the latest and finest styles, having been carefully selected and intended for this market alone, and consists of

Dry Goods, Groceries,

Queensware, Hardware, Boots and Shoes, Hats, Caps, Muffs, Hoods, Bonnets, Boas, &c., Nails, Glass, Leather, Sail, Wicking, Wadding, Balts, Cotton Yarn, &c. &c.

In our stock of DRY GOODS will be found, French and English Cloths of all colors and a variety of pieces; also French Doe Skin, English, and Fancy Cassimeres, some of them very pretty; a full stock of Satinetts of all colors and prices, from three shillings to one dollar and twenty-five; also Kentucky Jeans, Tweeds, and Cords; a full and fine stock of

CALICOES from Sixpence to two Shillings;

Mer., Blue, Blue and Orange for one shilling; a fine rate article of full *yard wide Muslin for sixpence per yard*, do 8 cents; 10 cents; five-fourths for one shilling, extra fine for one shilling, Bleached, do from 8 cents to two shillings.

To the LADIES, we would say that our stock of

Dress Goods and Trimmings

is a fashion, consisting of Plaid, satin, Striped, and plain black Silks, Gro de Rhine and Gro de Suisse; Lustres; Plaid, Plain, and Striped Alpacas; Mode, Black Plaid, and Stripe Silk Warp Cashmeres and De Laines. Also, a new and fashionable DRESS GOODS lately brought into market and bearing the name of the great French Republican Lamartine. In the stock of TRIMMINGS will be found, Gimps, Fringes, Laces, Gallons, &c. Give us a call at least, before, and examine our stock.

Our assortment of GROCERIES is large and fine. Java, Rio, and Laguira Coffee from 8 to 11 pounds to the dollar; New Orleans, Loaf, Lump, Crushed, and Powdered Sugars; Imperial, Gunpowder, and Young Hyson Teas; Pimento and Pepper, ground and in the grain; Mustard, Chocolate, &c.—Tobacco—Cavendish, Lynchburg, Fine Cut, French and Smoking.

Our stock of QUEENSWARE AND HARDWARE is large, consisting of Flooring Glass, by the set or piece; Lipped do; Agate do; Common and extra Tumblers; Pepper, Salt, and Preserves.

BOOTS AND SHOES—A fine selection Stogs Boots from two dollars to 2,50 per pair; Kip and Calf do, Youths' and Boys' do, Stogs, Kip, and Calf Shoes, Youths' and Boys' do, Ladies' and Misses' Morocco Lace Boots, Bushkin, Walking Shoes, Slips, and Gaiters; Children and Misses do. Ladies', Gents' and Misses' Gum Elastic Over Shoes, French, Bandel, Strap, and Manufactured.

Ladies' Hats, a few first rate African Lynx, Jenet, &c.; Beaver, a fine set. Gents' fashionable Silk and Fur HATS; Cloth, Plush, Oil Silk, Fur, and Seal CAPS from two shillings to two dollars.

CASH paid in WHEAT, and all kinds of Produce, Corn, Oats, Flaxseed, Beeswax, Ginseng, Butter, Eggs, &c., taken in exchange for Goods and the highest price paid for the same at the Hoosier Store, Corner of Main & Calhoun Streets, opposite John Townsend's.

October 26, 1848. y17.

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of a Fi. Fa. to me directed from the Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court, I will expose for sale on the 18th day of November, 1848, at the court house door in Fort Wayne, within the hours prescribed by law, the rents & profits for seven years of the following real estate, to wit: The undivided half of the South West quarter of the North East quarter of section eleven, in township thirty-one North of range eleven, East, containing forty acres; and in failure to realize the full amount of judgment, interest, and costs, I will at the same time and place expose the fee simple of said real estate.—Taken as the property of John F. H. Stachle, at the suit of Francis S. Avalne.

S. S. MORSS, Sh'ff. A. C.
October 26, 1848. [$1 80] 3w17.

State of Indiana, } Allen Probate Court,
Allen County, ss} August Term, 1848.

Petition for the Sale of Realty.

James M. Cartwright, administrator of the Estate of Alexander Buchanan, deceased, vs. the heirs of said estate.

COMES now into open court said administrator and files his petition, setting forth the insufficiency of assets in hand to pay the debts outstanding against said estate. Whereupon it is ordered by the court that the said heirs be notified by publication, personally to be and appear before the Judge of the Allen Probate Court aforesaid, on the first day of the next term thereof, to be holden at the court house in said county of Allen, on the third Monday of November next, and show cause, if any they can, why so much really shall not be sold to make assets in the hands of said administrator as aforesaid, or in default thereof the prayer of said petition will be granted.

R. E. FLEMING, Clerk.
F. P. RANDALL, Att'y.
Oct. 28, 1848. [$2 50] 3w17.

Notice.

OFFICE INDIANA MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, } *Indianapolis, October 7, 1848.*

THE members of said Company are hereby notified that, at a meeting of Directors held in this day, it was

Ordered, That for the payment of losses by fire, estimated interest thereon, and other liabilities sustained and incurred by said company since October 11, 1847, amounting to the sum of twelve thousand five hundred and ninety dollars and six cents, the following assessment on the Premium Notes given to the Company, be paid off by the members thereof, on or before the thirtieth day of November next ensuing, to the Treasurer of said Company, to wit:

ON NOTES IN FORCE.

On all Notes dated on or before November 27, 1847, and not discharged at this date, being from No. 2995 to No. 3780, both inclusive, *thirteen per cent.*

On all Notes dated after November 27, 1847, and on or before February 23, 1848, being from No. 3781 to No. 3853, both inclusive, *eleven and one quarter per cent.*

On all Notes dated after February 23, 1848, and on before February 29, 1848, being from No. 3854 to No. 3860, both inclusive, *nine and one quarter per cent.*

On all notes dated after February 29, 1848, and on or before March 3, 1848, being from No. 3861 to No. 3867, both inclusive, *eight and one quarter per cent.*

On all Notes dated after March 3, 1848, and on or before July 18, 1848, being from No. 3868 to No. 3938, both inclusive, *five and one quarter per cent.*

OF EXPIRED AND DISCHARGED NOTES.

On all Notes expired or discharged on or after October 12, 1847, and on or before November 27, 1847, *three and one half per cent.*

On all Notes expired or discharged after November 27, 1847, and on or before February 23, 1848, *five and one quarter per cent.*

On all Notes expired or discharged after February 23, 1848, and on or before February 29, 1848, *seven and one quarter per cent.*

On all Notes expired or discharged after February 29, 1848, and on or before March 3, 1848, *eight per cent.*

On all Notes expired or discharged after March 3, 1848, and on or before July 18, 1848, *eleven and one quarter per cent.*

On all Notes expired or discharged after July 18, 1848, and on or before October 7, 1848, *thirteen per cent.*

Ordered, That the Treasurer charge *interest* on assessments not paid on or before November 30, 1848.

Receipts for Assessments will be forwarded to Agents or authorized persons, to whom members are expected to make prompt payment. *Interest* will be charged on all assessments remaining unpaid on and after the 30th day of November, on which they are payable; and at the expiration of thirty days from this date, delinquents will be liable to suit for the *whole amount* of their premium notes, agreeable to the eleventh section of the Charter. Notes of the State Bank of Indiana, or of the specie paying banks in Kentucky and Ohio will be required for assessments.

In cases where members have *alienated* their Policies by sale of the assured property or otherwise, they are hereby notified that it is their duty to surrender the same for discharge, and to pay the amount due up to the time of such surrender, agreeable to the requirements of the fifteenth section of the Charter, which must be enforced by officers of the Company. This is so important a matter to members that Agents are especially requested to call their attention to it, and to give the proper information in regard thereto. Policies for discharge should be forwarded through the local agents, and addressed to the Secretary. *In no case will a policy be discharged until the amount or amounts due on the note up to the date of surrender be first paid.* By order of the Directors.

B. F. MORRIS, Treasurer.

NAILS, spikes, and Glass, for sale by
A. B. MILLER.

Tremendous Mass Meeting,

TOM CORWIN, LEWIS CASS, DANIEL WEBSTER, JOHN VAN BUREN, HENRY CLAY, ALLEN of Ohio, BRIGHT of Indiana, and the celebrated JOHN M. ROTTS, are all good at making speeches, and drawing large crowds; but none of them can give half the satisfaction that

B. MASON

Now gives to the THOUSANDS of customers who are daily crowding his Cheap Store. It is calculated that

20,000 Persons of both parties,

can find every thing they need in the shape of

Dry Goods, Groceries,

Queensware, Hardware, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps, &c. &c.

At Mason's Cheap Cash Store, which has just been filled to overflowing with the largest, best, and cheapest assortment ever seen in Fort Wayne.

Rally, Whigs! Democrats to the Rescue!!

Now is the time to serve your country, and save your pipes. Goods will positively be sold CHEAPER than at any other store in the place. Only think—

Twenty yards heavy, yard wide SHEETING for One Dollar!!!

Every thing else in proportion.

In this stock will be found every thing adapted to the season and the wants of the country. Broad Cloths, Cassimeres, Flannels, Linseys, and other staple articles in abundance, and at prices that must be seen to be believed.

The LADIES will find a magnificent stock of *Satins, Silks, Velvets*, Trimmings of all kinds for Dresses or Cloaks; Alpacas, French Merinoes, De Laines, Cinnamon Plaids; Mohairs; Dress Handkerchiefs, Turbans, &c. &c. in short, the richest and most superb assortment ever witnessed in the west, and although this establishment has always gone ahead of all others in its supply of rich and fancy articles suited to the refined taste of the ladies of this city, at this time it fairly exceeds itself. An inspection will richly repay any body for the trouble of a call.

The stock of GROCERIES is large, and all of the choicest quality—nothing else is ever kept, and they will be sold as cheap or CHEAPER than the inferior articles offered in some of the blowing gaudyness in this city. DYE STUFFS—Madder, Indigo, Alum, &c.

QUEENSWARE—A large and most beautiful assortment of the latest styles.

HARDWARE—A full stock, which is offered over low.

Every thing in the shape of BOOTS AND SHOES, from a Stogee Boot to a Baby's Shoe—including Mission Gaiters, Slippers, Walking Shoes, &c., and Gents' Calf Boots, Water Proof Boots, Shoes, Boutees, &c. &c. at very reduced prices.

HATS AND CAPS in great variety—from a Broadway Hat to a shilling cap.

STATIONERY—He has also a large stock of Stationery—including school Books, Cap and Letter Paper, Envelopes &c. &c.

Also an endless variety of NOTIONS—such as Steel Pens, Clasps, and Fence Twists; Combs in great variety;—Travelling Bags; Pen and Pocket Knives, and every thing else that is neat, tasty, fashionable, or desirable.

SALT & WHITE FISH by the HALF & GLASS.

In short, buyers will find any thing and every thing they can ask for, and for CASH can have such bargains as they have never dreamt of. All kinds of PRODUCE, Deer Skins, &c. taken in exchange for Goods.

Cash paid for **WHEAT** at all times.
October 21, 1848. y17.

A Word to the Wise is Sufficient.

C. A. GREY informs his friends and the public that he has just filled up "*the Old Store*" with a general assortment of New

Fall & Winter Dry Goods Groceries, &c,

It is needless to enumerate all the articles, or to make any allusions brag about the quality or cheapness of his goods, as his friends know that in these respects he is always ahead of all competition. He will merely remark that his assortment is complete, and as he does business entirely on the cash principle, and buys exclusively for cash, he is enabled to sell as cheap or

Cheaper than any other Store in the Country!

Purchasers will therefore find it to their advantage to give him a call.
Oct. 21, 1848. 3m16.

Excelsior.

Upward and onward is the Motto of the Great West.

W. SMITH & Co. No 3 Jones' Block, Fort Wayne, Ind., are still at the head, and lead the GREAT REVOLUTION IN PRICES in

Dry Goods, Groceries,

Hardware, Boots & Shoes, Queensware, &c.

Their tremendous heavy stock of Goods will be sold at greatly reduced prices. Their Cotton Goods were purchased at the GREAT COTTON SLAM BATTLE SHIPPER, and will be sold in less prices than most merchants pay for them in New York City. As an evidence call and see that

Real Heavy Yard-Wide Cotton Cloth sixteen Yards for one Dollar!!

Such as is usually sold for 10 cents and never less than 8 cents per yard by any one else. They also stick to their old motto of ☞ *No Shaving on Orders, Due Bills or Barter Trades.* ☜ but on even up cash price strictly adhered to in all cases. Call, see, try, and you will not deny the truth of the above.

WANTED: All kinds of PRODUCE & BLACK SALTS.

SALERATUS AT WHOLESALE.

Fort Wayne, Oct. 21, 1848. 16.

Election Notice.

I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE that a General Election is to be holden at the usual places of holding Elections in the several Townships in Allen County, on Tuesday, the 7th day of November, A. D. 1848, at which time twelve Electors of President and Vice President of the United States are to be chosen in pursuance of the notice from the Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court, a copy of which is annexed.

S. S. MORSS,
Sheriff of Allen County.

Dated Fort Wayne, October 10, 1848. 15

State of Indiana, } Clerk's Office, October 6
Allen County, ss} 1848.

To the Sheriff of Allen County.

Sir: You are hereby notified that an election will be held on the Tuesday next after the first Monday in November, A. D. 1848, in the several Townships in Allen County, for the purpose of electing twelve electors of President and Vice President of the United States for the State of Indiana.

Given under my hand and Seal
[SEAL.] of office, the day and year afore said.

R. E. FLEMING, Clerk A. C.

TOBACCO.—The lovers of "the weed" can find the cheapest and best article in the market at the new Grocery and Variety Store.
D. HUDSON.

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the firm of Howe, Parks, & Co., is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All debts owing to or by the firm will be settled by James Howe, and Volney Parks, by whom the business will be continued under the firm of Howe & Parks. JAMES HOWE,
VOLNEY PARKS.
C. E. GOODRICH.

Fort Wayne, Oct. 7, 1848.

BRANCH BANK FORT WAYNE, } Sept. 23, 1848.

NOTICE is hereby given that the regular annual meeting of the Stockholders of the Branch at Fort Wayne of the State Bank of Indiana, for the election of seven Directors on the part of said Stockholders, for the year ensuing will be held at the Banking House of said Branch in Fort Wayne, on Monday the sixth day of November next, between the hours of ten and six of that day. H. MCCULLOCH, Cashier.
Sept. 30, 1848. 13tf.

MEDICAL NOTICE.

DR. D. KISER would respectfully inform the citizens of Fort Wayne and surrounding country, that he has commenced the practice of Medicine in Fort Wayne, and all who favor him with their custom may rely on prompt attention.

☞ OFFICE—On Columbia Street, next door to Thompson and Kitchen.
Fort Wayne, Oct. 21, 1848. 16.

JOHN G. WALPOLE, *Attorney at Law*, Fort Wayne, Ind., will attend to any business entrusted to his care in the Court of Allen County, and in the Supreme and U. S. Court at Indianapolis.

Office on Calhoun Street, over B. Smith's store.
Sept. 30, 1848. y13.

CASH paid for HIDES.
S. & W. S. EDSALL.

MITTS & GLOVES.—Silk Lisle, Kid Wool and Cotton, just received and for sale cheap at the FARMERS' DEPOT.

The Last Arrival.

MRS. DYKES informs the ladies of Fort Wayne and vicinity that she has just returned from New York with a full assortment of

Fall and Winter Goods,

which will be ready for inspection on Tuesday next.
October 14, 1848.

Wood Choppers Wanted.

EIGHT or ten wood choppers wanted immediately, to whom the highest wages will be paid in cash. Inquire at the Niagara Store, or the New Haven Branch.
Oct. 13, 1848 A. B. MILLER.

Improved Dental Surgery,

Embracing a united Medical and Mechanical treatment of the diseases of the Gums, Teeth, and Mouth.

DR. MEACHAM offers his services as a Dentist to the people of Fort Wayne and vicinity. Dr. M. having studied and practiced Medicine first, then studied and practiced Dentistry for many years in different parts of the United States, trusts he can give entire satisfaction. Dr. M. is pleased with Fort Wayne as a location, and if after a fair trial their patronage will justify he intends to make this a permanent location. Rooms under the Odd Fellows' Hall, over Mr. Sheaff's Drug Store on Calhoun street, where he requests all who wish his services to call.
October 12, 1848. 3w15.

Fancy Bread, Biscuit and Cake BAKERY.

B. SAUNDERS, returns thanks to his friends for the liberal patronage bestowed on him, and respectfully informs the public that he has entered into partnership with J. P. COOMBES, an experienced *Fancy Baker and Pastry Cook*, and that in addition to the sale of Groceries, they will hereafter carry on the

Fancy Baking, Pastry Cook, and Confectionary Business.

and will keep on hand a general stock of French Fancy, Orange Lozenges, Gingerbread, Chelsea Buns, Fancy, American, Uniton, and Lemon Biscuits; Queen's Drops; Brighton Rocks, Sea Biscuits, Buns, Crackers, &c., &c.

Orders for Parties, &c., promptly attended to.
Fort Wayne, October 7, 1848.

Grocery and Fancy Store.

Corner of Clinton and Columbia St, Fort Wayne.

D. HUDSON informs the citizens of Fort Wayne and surrounding country, that he has commenced business in the store lately occupied by J. B. Hanna, and offers for sale a large and choice assortment of

FAMILY GROCERIES

of the very best quality,—Sugar, Coffee, Tea, Tobacco, Segars, Fancy Soap, Starch, Candles, Dye Stuffs, Fall kinds, &c., &c.

A large assortment of WILLOW AND WOOD SEN WARE, Buckets, Wagons, Cradles, &c.

QUEENSWARE AND GLASSWARE, a splendid and fashionable assortment, very low.

He has also on hand the largest, finest, and best stock of

Toys, and Fancy Articles,

Trinkets and Musical Instruments ever offered in the State. Violins, Accordians, Guitars, Flutes, &c. Children's Toys, every imaginable variety,—Perfumery, Jewelry, Work Boxes, and other nick nacks for the Ladies, &c., &c., &c., all of which are offered at such remarkably low prices, that all the desires is the favor of a call, as he feels confident his goods and prices will recommend themselves to a discerning public.
Fort Wayne, October 7, 1848.

Sealed Proposals

WILL be received by the undersigned, Superintendant of the Fort Wayne & Lima Turnpike Company, at the office of S. Hanna in Fort Wayne, until the 25th day of October inst., for the

SALE OF
Two Steam Saw Mills,

(with a small quantity of land attached) which are now nearly ready for business. Said Mills are situated on the Lima Road, one five miles and the other sixteen miles from Fort Wayne—The company will stock the mills with logs six and sixteen feet long, and propose selling the Mills at what they cost, and take in payment the sawing of the plank for the Plank Road. Bidders will state the price per thousand feet, delivered at the Mills, for square edged plank, three inch a thick, from eight to sixteen inches wide, and eight feet long; and for string pieces two inches thick, six inches wide, and sixteen feet long. Twelve or fifteen hundred thousand feet of plank will be required at the five mile Mill, and from ten to twelve hundred thousand feet at the sixteen mile Mill. Good security will be required of the purchasers for the prompt and faithful performance of the sawing. For further particulars enquire of the undersigned at the office of S. Hanna.

WM. MITCHELL,
Sup't. F. W. & L. T. Co.
Fort Wayne, Oct. 10, 1848. 3w15.

NOW IS THE TIME

To buy yourselves Rich!

D. BARTLETT & CO. respectfully inform their friends and the public in general, that they have just received a large and well assorted stock of

Fall and Winter Goods,

adapted to this market, which they are prepared to sell on more favorable terms than were ever before offered in Fort Wayne.

The Stock includes every variety of Fancy and Staple Dry Goods. Broad Cloths, Satinetts, Cassimeres, Linseys, Jeans, Flannels, Blankets, &c. Calicoes, Ginghams, Sheetings, Ginghams; Alpacas, Merinos, De Laines, Delaines, Cashmeres, &c.—a beautiful assortment, at greatly reduced prices.

Honey Comb and Glazed Satin and Leghorn BONNETS of the latest fashions. Satins and Velvets, Ribbons, Artificials, and Trimmings in great variety; Shawls—all kinds,—Ladies' Misses', and Childrens' Shoes and Gaiters, &c.

Hats, Caps, Bonnets, Boots & Shoes of all qualities from the finest Morocco to the stoutest Stogees.

They do not feel disposed to brag or make so much fuss in the papers as some of their neighbors do, but they will just mention a few of their prices and let the public judge whether it will not be for their interest to buy at this establishment. For instance, they are selling

Twenty Yards beautiful CALICOE for One Dollar!

Good Heavy Sheeting a 6d. a Yard!

GINGHAMS at Eighteen Cents!!

Alpacas from twenty Cents!!

Every thing else in proportion. Call in, and be satisfied that if there ever was a chance to buy yourselves rich, now is the time, and Bartlett's the place.

QUEENSWARE—In an almost infinite variety, of the latest and most beautiful patterns, and better than all—*very cheap.*

In GROCERIES they defy competition, and invite all who are judges of such articles to test their quality.

They have also a general assortment of HARDWARE, such as locks, bells, Latches, Butts and Screws, Cutlery, Mill and Pit Saws, Draw Knives, Axes, Shovels, Patchforks, Nails, &c.

In short, the stock is complete—the goods all of the best quality and newest styles—and as they have been bought and must be sold before spring, they are offered at such prices as will ensure bargains to purchasers.
Fort Wayne, October 14, 1848.

Coffee a la Greque.

MRS CASIMIR respectfully announces to the citizens of Fort Wayne that she has opened an eating room a few doors west of the Washington Hall, on Columbia street, where she will be pleased to wait upon all who may favor her with a call to hot Coffee, Oysters, Soup, Almonds, Beef, Pickled Tripe, Pickled Pongue, Sardines, Pickled Oysters, Beer, Champagne Cider, Segars, &c. &c.
Fort Wayne, Oct. 11, 1848. 15tf.

To Volunteers having Pre-emptions on the Miami Lands.

NOTICE is hereby given to those soldiers having pre-emption claims on the Miami Lands, that instructions have been received at this office to allow soldiers to whom Bounty Land Warrants were granted, to apply the same in payment of their pre-emption. The warrants will be received at the rate of $200, the soldier paying the excess, if any, of the value of land entered, in cash; if a less tract is entered than amounts to $200, it must be taken in full satisfaction of the warrant, as no money will be refunded.

THOS. TIGAR, Register,
I. D. G. NELSON, Receiver.
Land Office, at Fort Wayne, Ia.,
Oct. 12, 1848.

CASH FOR WHEAT.

THE Farmers are respectfully requested to call at A. B. Miller before selling their wheat, as he designs buying for CASH, and will pay as high a price as the eastern market will justify.
July 8, 1848. A. B. MILLER.

Another Arrival of New Goods.

MRS. DYKES has just received a splendid assortment of Lustres, Mohairs, Alpaccas, Lyonese Cloths, Granadillas, Fro de Soies, &c., &c. Also, a few pieces of beautiful English CALICOES, from 16 cents a yard—*American Do. from 5 cents!* White and colored Flannels, Linseys, &c.
Sept. 30, 1848.

NEW AND POPULAR WORK
FOR BOOK AGENTS.

AN Agent is wanted in every city and County in the United States, to procure subscribers and sell the following elegant work, just published and ready for delivery:

Sear's New and Popular Pictorial Description of the United States.

Containing an account of the Topography, Settlement, History, Revolutionary and other interesting events, Statistics, progress in Agriculture, Manufactures, Population, &c., &c., in each State in the Union, *Retail Price*, **$2,50.**

We have prepared this volume at great expense; the type large clear, and handsome; paper smooth and white; binding strong and substantial; engravings neat and appropriate. This work is decidedly the cheapest and most popular ever issued from the American press, and, from the orders already received for it, we are satisfied it is destined to have an immense sale throughout our vast extended country.—Profit greater than any other work we are enabled to offer this side have to book pedlars, postmasters and others, who may feel disposed to act as agents.

As the publisher is desirous of giving this useful Family Work a very extensive circulation, he offers the most liberal inducements to Agents, and is satisfied that any man of good address can make from $3 to $10 a day from the sale of it. There is scarcely a town or village in the Union but will furnish more or less subscribers. A small capital of from $25 to $50 will be necessary to make a commencement.

☞ No letters attended to unless the postage is paid. For further particulars address,

ROBERT SEARS, Publisher.
No. 123 Nassau St., N. Y. City.
6m12

CYMINA SACRAS; The Poetry; David's Harp; Howe's Instrumental Music; Boston Glee Book and others just received at Walker's, No. 2 Hanna's Block.

Edsall's Goods have arrived!

THE stock is large and includes every thing in the line of

Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware,

QUEENSWARE, &c. &c.,

that the wants of the country require. They will be sold unprecedentedly **CHEAP** for Cash or Produce. Purchasers may depend on finding anything they need, and will get better bargains than in any other store in the state.
Fort Wayne, September 9, 1848

John Hough Jr.,

Attorney & Counsellor at Law,

FORT WAYNE, INDIANA.

WILL attend to all professional business entrusted to his care. He will continue the late business of Worthington & Hough, and give particular attention to the collecting and securing of debts; also to the sale of lands, payment of taxes, &c. in Northern Indiana.

Office at the sign of the Indiana Land Agency, on Calhoun street.

Commissioner of deeds for New York.
Notary Public.
May 27, 1848. 247.

SADDLES & BRIDLES.—A large and splendid assortment selling low, very low, at the Niagara Store. Call and buy before they are all gone.
A. B. MILLER.

ROBERT HOOD, *Justice of the Peace and Notary Public*, Hereby gives notice that he will at all times attend the office at the Mayor's office, on Clinton street in the city of Fort Wayne, where he will make *Deeds, Mortgages*, and other *Instruments of Writing* on reasonable terms; and attend to his official duties.
Fort Wayne, June 24, 1848. 51.

New Arrival.

Our Flag once more unfurled to the Breeze.

And an it inscribed GOOD NEWS and glad tidings to all the people! Tell it in the streets of Fort Wayne. Publish it in the nineteen townships of Allen county. Proclaim from the hill tops to the inhabitants of the nine adjoining counties that trade in Fort Wayne, and let the cheering news be echoed back from the valleys, that

Aylsworth & Borden

At the *OHIO CASH AND PRODUCE STORE*, now removed to No. 2 Hamilton's Block, in the store room formerly occupied by Thomas Hamilton, is receiving the most tremendous stock of

New Goods

for Fall and Winter, that was ever opened in Fort Wayne, and it is with pleasure we can attribute the numerous testimonies of the late firm of Aylsworth & Co. and every body else, that emulated to sell cheaper than any other merchants in Fort Wayne, or any other town or city west of Buffalo. We mean all we say, and if you call and see, we will convince you that it is true. Our stock consists of the most fashionable and elegant assortment of

FANCY GOODS

ever opened in this market, comprising the newest and most approved styles of all descriptions enhanced in value by the fashion, and at the particular pleasure to the low price at which they can be sold.

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, SATINETTS & JEANS.—In this kind of GOODS we can only challenge the city competition, and if we do not sell a cheaper suit of Clothes than can be bought elsewhere we will forfeit a new Hat Vestings, and a fashionable Cravat.

SUPPLE GOODS.—If you want to buy cheap Red Flannels, Muslins, Flannels, American, Scotch, English, and French Ginghams, Calicoes, Alpaccas, &c. &c., come to the Ohio Cash and Produce Store.

A large assortment of Fur, Silk, Cotton, Plush, and Cloth Caps, and Umbrellas, astonishingly low; also Cotton Yarn Carpet Yarn, Batting, Wicking, &c. &c.

BOOTS AND SHOES.—We are determined to stop the advantage that was taken of the dear people by charging them enormously prices last Fall and Winter, and we order to put a stop effectually, and war against high prices, and enormous profits, we went into the market with cash, and have bought our Boots and Shoes of the manufacturers, and will sell them cheaper than can be bought at any other Shoe establishment in town.

OIL PAINTED WINDOW SHADES, and WINDOW PAPER of every style, with colored Wall Paper and Borders.

CARPETS.

Don't buy your Carpets until you call at the Ohio Cash Store, we will not be undersold.

Groceries, Groceries!

All kinds of Family Groceries, Coffee by the pound, bag, or ton; Loaf, Crushed, and Pulverized Sugars.

FOR CASH OR PRODUCE

We will sell 12½ lbs. Rio Coffee for $1,00. Twenty pints Molasses, yard wide, for $1,00. Handsome Calicoes from six to twelve and a half cents, fast colors. Alpaccas of every grade, color, and description, from eighteen cents up. Merinoes from thirty-seven and a half cents up. Silks of every grade and color. Cotton Yarn from eighty-seven and a half cents per bunch for coarse numbers. Sixteen lbs. Sugar for $1,00, and we pledge ourselves to sell our entire stock at correspondingly low prices.

We will sell at WHOLESALE at a very small advance over New York prices adding freights.

WANTED.—Flaxseed, Eggs, Rags, Flax Seed, Bees Seed, Wheat, Corn, Oats, and almost every thing the farmer has to dispose of. Don't forget the place, we have removed to the Store formerly occupied by Thomas Hamilton, second story from the corner in Hamilton's Block, where you will see the Mammoth Standard hanging out the elements remaining, or when there is no danger of breakers.

Thankful for the very liberal patronage heretofore extended to the late firm of Aylsworth & Co. by the people of Allen and surrounding counties, we feel it our duty to relieve good by cheap, which we are determined to do, that we may not only receive but merit many other favors from them.
Fort Wayne, September 23, 1848. 12tf.

MERINOES—Black, Drab, and Brown, just received and for sale cheaper than ever at the FARMERS' DEPOT.

ORLEANS, Alpaccas, Cassimeres, Doeskins, and Paramettes, very cheap.
Sept. 23. ORFF & SCHWEGMAN.

FRINGES & GIMPS.—A splendid assortment. ORFF & SCHWEGMAN.

LINEN CAMBRIC.—A splendid article at the FARMERS' DEPOT.

CAMBRIC Insertings, Linen, Silk, and Cotton Edgings, Linen and Cotton Bobbins, and Coronation Cord, for sale at
Sept. 23. ORFF & SCHWEGMAN.

Important to Farmers.

HORSE MILL

For Grinding Corn and Cob, Apples and Vegetables of every description.

C. F. FLETCHER informs the farmers of Allen and the neighboring counties that he is appointed agent for the sale of

Ware's Vegetable Grinder,

and has one now in operation at his residence, one mile east of Fort Wayne, where any person is at liberty to grind a load of Corn or Vegetables, and test its usefulness. He has the patterns at hand, and can fill all orders on short notice, and at a very reasonable price.

This mill is made of Cast Iron, is extremely simple in its construction, durable, and liable to get out of repair, probably not any to need work at one in two years. It will grind from seven to eight bushels of shelled corn and cob per hour, so fine that one half of it will pass through a common meal sieve, and from seven to ten bushels of corn in the ear, and it is not that that one and a half bushels of ears will make two bushels when ground, and cob ground of this chop will fatten cattle, horses, &c., as fast as two bushels of corn fed in the ordinary manner. If it is desired to increase the speed to thirty-five or forty revolutions per minute, and attached to some or water power, it may be made to do five or six times the amount of work. It will grind from one to fifty bushels of Apples, Potatoes, Turnips, Beets, or other Roots per hour, while the strength is light for one horse working at the end of a four pound lever and requires no additional power. Using chopped feed is as well known to all good farmers, and it is so strongly recommended by all Agricultural Papers, that it is needless to dwell on it here.

Numerous certificates of the great value and usefulness of this mill could be published, from among which the following are selected:

Mishawaka, January 23d, 1848.

This is to certify that we have seen Ware's Vegetable Grinder put in operation by Hart & Hamlin at this place, and are satisfied of its utility, and cheerfully recommend it as an improvement worthy the attention of the farmers in our country.

A. McMILLAN,
ORANDO BIRD,
S. H. JOHNSON,
H. HOBKINS,
N. P. LEE.

I have been making and selling the above mentioned machines to the farmers of Montgomery Co., Ohio, and they have every reason to believe the testimony of all who have used them, is that they are just the thing needed by the farmers.

BENJAMIN WHITE.

I concur with the above recommendations, and have also seen its operation with oil cake and found it to perform well in grinding the cake sufficiently fine.

WM. CHILLAND, *Agent for Mishawaka Furnace.*
September 23, 1848. 3m12.

TAILORING

A. C. PROBASCO having a few days since returned from New York, would beg leave to call the attention of his old customers—the citizens of Fort Wayne and surrounding country—to a choice selection of

French and English Cloths,

Plain Black, Doe Skin, & Fancy Cassimeres; a little better quality of plain and fancy Satin Vestings than generally comes to this market, together with a full assortment of Trimmings, warranted, and adapted to the trade of this section.

My goods I do not expect to sell by puffing & blowing and telling great long bare stories, believing them to be such as will recommend themselves to every one the least acquainted with the quality and price of the goods he is purchasing. All clothing in my line made to order, in a neat and fashionable style, and warranted to fit, or no sale.

N. B.—To Tailors: I expect shortly a few copies of

Scotts Fall and Winter Report of Fashions,

which will be sold at the usual price

Shop on Columbia street, opposite "Beachers' Drug Store."
Fort Wayne, Sept. 22, 1848. 2m12.

Dissolution.

THE Co-partnership heretofore existing between the subscribers under the firm of D. W. Burroughs & Co. is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All just and demands are to be settled with D. W. Burroughs, who will pay all debts of the late firm.

D. W. BURROUGHS,
JOEL JOHNSON.

Fort Wayne, Sept. 20, 1848.

The business heretofore carried on under the above firm will be continued by the subscriber at the old stand.
3w13. D. W. BURROUGHS

Notice.

THE partnership heretofore existing between Colerick & Walpole is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

DAVID H. COLERICK,
JOHN G. WALPOLE.

September 23, 1848. 12

J. E. HILL, G. WILSON A. M. ORBISON.

HILL, WILSON, & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

DRY GOODS,
GROCERIES, &C.

FORT WAYNE, INDIANA.

HIGHLY IMPORTANT—Good White Kid and Silk Gloves—an indispensable article on certain *interesting occasions.* Just rec'd by
Sept. 8. MRS. DYKES.

More, New Goods.

THE Public,—especially those who like to get good Bargains,—to make the most of a little money—or to buy in a place where they can depend on getting the best articles at the lowest prices—are invited to call and examine our newly arrived stock of

Fall and Winter Goods,

which having been selected with especial care and purchased on favorable terms, will be found well adapted to the wants of the country, and will be sold at such extremely low Rates, that all who once call will be sure to repeat the visit.—Among the Dry Goods will be found a fine and cheap assortment of Broad *Cloths, Cassimeres*, and Satinetts. Kentucky Jeans, Tweeds, Linseys, plain and plaid, Flannels, of the latest styles; Oregon Plaids, Alpaccas, De Laines, Cashmeres, Merinoes, &c. Calicoes,—of the latest and most beautiful styles, from 5 cents per yard; Sheetings and shirtings much lower than usual—Shawls, Handkerchiefs, Gloves, Bonnets, Hats, Ribbons, Trimmings, Fancy Articles in abundance, Wadding, Batting, &c., &c.

Boots & Shoes, Ready Made Clothing, Cloth, Fur, Plush, and Glazed Caps, &c.

A full and choice assortment of

Fresh Groceries,

Including Sugars, Teas, Coffees, Tobacco, Cordials, Rotions by the quarter box,—Nutmegs, Cloves, Cinnamon; Dye Stuffs, Madder, Copperas, Annatto, Indigo, Alum, &c.

HARDWARE,—a pretty general assortment, mill, ✕ Cut, Hand, and Buck Saws; Files,—Straw Knives, Butcher Do. Table Cutlery, Draw Knives, Butts, Screws, Latches and Door Locks, Trace and Log Chains, &c.

Also a general assortment of

Crockery and Glassware;

Spanish Sole Leather, Nails and Glass Stone and Red Ware, &c.

We hope our individual friends will continue their patronage to the new firm, and no pains shall be spared to give general satisfaction to our customers. Our stock is large, and having been bought on favorable terms, we will sell to Country Merchants at WHOLESALE on such terms as will make it no object to them to purchase.

There are so many gassy advertisements published now, that some may not be willing to believe that all we have here said is true, and that

The Farmer's Depot is the real place to get BARGAINS.

To all such we have only to say, give us a call and your scepticism shall vanish; all we ask is, that you call and satisfy yourselves.

ORFF & SCHWEGMAN.
Sept. 15, 1848. 11y

SAWS, Mill, ✕ Cut, Hand, and Buck, of the best kind and cheapest Prices.
Sept. 23. ORFF & SCHWEGMAN.

1848. 1848.

J. E. HILL. A. M. ORBISON. G. WILSON.

HILL, ORBISON, & CO.,

(Successors to Nichols & Hoagland,)

Forwarding & Commission MERCHANTS.

FORT WAYNE, IA.

☞ *Liberal advances made on Produce.* ☜

REFERENCES:
E. Haskell & Co. } *Toledo!*
Smith, Robinson & Co.
Collins, Brown, & Co.
Peckham & Scott.
Field & King, } *Chicago.*
Kirk & Lawson, *Piqua, Ohio.*
Ayres A Tutis, } *New York.*
Kent, Poag, & Co.
Kimberley, Pease & Co. *Buffalo.*
C. McCrossell & Co. *Cincinnati.*
John Reach, *Dayton.*
H. S. Mason, *Troy, Ohio.*

Fort Wayne, September 16, 1848.

NOTICE.

LETTERS of Administration have been granted to the undersigned by the Allen Probate Court

Townsend's Sarsaparilla

THIS EXTRAORDINARY MEDICINE IN THE WORLD.

Extract is put up in quart bottles; it is six times pleasanter, and warranted superior to any sold. Cures without vomiting, purging, sickening or disgust, the pills.

GREAT FALL AND WINTER MEDICINE.

Strength and superiority of this Sarsaparilla over medicines is, while it eradicates diseases, it invigorates. It is one of the very best Fall and Winter Medicines known; it not only purifies the whole system from the person, but it creates new, pure and rich blood, and imparts no other medicine.

Extract of its wonderful success. It has performed in the past two years, more than 35,000 cures of every disease; at least 20,000 of them were consider dis.

Over 3,000 cases of Chronic Rheumatism

Cases of Dyspepsia;

Cases of General Debility and Want of Energy;

Cases of the different Female Complaints;

Cases of Scrofula;

Cases of the Liver Complaint;

Cases of Diseases of the Kidneys and Dropsy;

Cases of Consumption;

Cases of cutaneous diseases of the blood, viz: Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Pimples on the face, &c., &c.

Also, in the worst cases of Sick Headache, Pain in the Side, Spinal Complaints, &c. &c.

N. B. Wonderful cures must appear incredible, but we have the testimony of our Physicians and our Agents from all parts of the Union, informing us of extraordinary cures. R. Van Dyke, Agent, Albany, one of the most respectable druggists in New-York, states that he can refer in more than 150 instances in that City alone. There are thousands of cases in the City of Albany, which we will refer to with pleasure and to the character. It is the best medicine for the preventive known. It undoubtedly saved the lives of more than

1,000 CHILDREN THE PAST YEAR!

Who had the venom of disease, and prepared them for the ... season. It has never been known to injure in the least, the most delicate child.

RHEUMATISM.

Rheumatism is met with the most perfect success in the most aggravated complaints, however severe or chronic. The cures in this have performed are indeed wonderful. Other medicines sometimes give temporary relief, this entirely eradicates it from the system, even when the limbs and bones are totally swollen.

Extract from Mr. Seth Terry, one of the oldest and most respectable citizens in Hartford, Conn. The following is an extract of a letter received from him:

"Hartford—I have used one bottle of your Sarsaparilla, and believe it to be excellent in its effects upon a Chronic Rheumatic affection I am subject, from an injury received in early life, ... in a public stage. Please send me two bottles more ... Yours, D. Seymour. I have conversed with two of our most respectable physicians, and recommend your Sarsaparilla.

CONSUMPTION CURED.

Consumption, Consumption can be cured. Bronchitis, Cough, Liver Complaint, Colds, Catarrh, Coughs, Asthma, Spitting of Blood, Sore throat in the Chest, Hectic Flush, Night Sweats, Difficult or Profuse Expectoration, Pain in the Side, have been and can be cured.

Testimonial—Dear Sir: Nearly twenty years ago, I took a cold, which settled on my lungs, and effected me seriously, finally, it became a constant hacking cough, ... to prevent me from attending to my business. I became reduced—I breathed with difficulty, and ... I was well nigh hopeless, and for the last nine ... I had recourse to using your Sarsaparilla, had regular night sweats; indeed, my friends and myself despaired that I would live ... Consumption, but I have the happiness to inform you, that ... I have taken three bottles of your Sarsaparilla, after using three bottles of your Syrup, I find my health restored. It has cured me gradually ... I never enjoyed better health than I have before ... I am now enjoying a good appetite, which is almost entirely lost my appetite, which is ... I have recommended. You are at liberty to publish this with my name in the papers, if you choose.

My little girl, Maria Teresa, labouring under a very bad cough ... Water. We became very much alarmed at her ... While using the medicine, I gave her some of it, ... unfavorably affected her, as well as myself, and she is ... and healthy as any child I ever saw. She was also troubled ... the bitches; it took them away, and they have ... and I am now satisfied she recovered her health from using your excellent medicine.

S. W. EONANT,
446 Bowery.

GIRLS, READ THIS.

You who have pale complexions, dull eyes, blotches on the ... Townsend's Sarsaparilla. It will cleanse your blood, ... the freckles and blotches, and give you animation, ... spirits, and beautiful complexion—all ... of immense value to unmarried ladies.

GREAT FEMALE MEDICINE.

Mrs. Townsend's Sarsaparilla is a sovereign and speedy cure ... Leucorrhœa, Irregularities, Leucorrhœa or Whites, ... Retention of Urine, or difficulty of Urine, or ... Diseases thereof, and for the general Prostration ... system, no matter whether the result of indiscretion ... or in the decline of life, illness or accident.

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P. P. Bailey

HAS opened his NEW WARE HOUSE on the north side of the Canal, opposite his *Hard Ware Store*, and adjoining Hamilton & Williams' Mill where he is ready TO PAY CASH

For Flour, Wheat, Pork and Corn,

OR TAKE THE SAME ON STORAGE.

Country Merchants and Farmers, who wish to store for the winter instead of selling, can do so at a low rate of Storage, and Save the same in parcel against loss by fire. If the proprietor be connected purchaser while the produce is in store, in that case there will be no charge for Storage. *Cash Advances* made whenever desired on Produce in store to go forward in Spring.

REFERENCES.

Messrs. Hamilton & Williams, *Fort Wayne, Ind.*
" Samuel Hanna, "
" Hugh McCulloch, Cash'r of U.S. "
" Perkins & Bradbury, *Toledo, Ohio.*
" Collins, Brown, & Co., "
" Brewster & Brown, "
" G. S. Hazard, *Buffalo, N. Y.*
" W. S. Hawley, "
" Col. James H. Hooker, *Buffalo, Troy, New York, and Boston.*

N. B. HARDWARE BUSINESS continued as usual at the old stand, sign of Pad Lock.

Fort Wayne, Dec. 7, 1847. 23.

GROCERIES.

A Full assortment of choice Family Groceries just received. S. & W. S. EDSALL.

New Books.

COURT of Monti Christo, by Dumas.
" Shakespeare's Novels,
Life in London, by Reynolds,
Black Prophet, by Carleton.
Maneuvering Mother, by Carlet n.
Christopher Tadpole, by Smith.
Cruise of the Midge, "
And books of others, for sale at
May 13, 1848. WALKER'S

CIDER VINEGAR.—Cider Vinegar of superior quality and warranted pure, for sale by the barrel or gallon at the Niagara Store.
July 3, 1848 A. B. MILLER.

On Hand,

SALERATUS of superior quality—Manufactured and for sale at the lowest market price, next door to Nichols & Boagland's, by
Jan. 1, '48. 28 tf. F. H. TYLER.

Dress Goods.

50 Pcs PLACAS, Black and Colored all grades, from 2 to 10 shillings per yard
Cashmeres Delaines, Ginghams, Black and Col'd SILKS &c., at HILL, WILSON & Co's.

HUMPHREY & BROWN

Stone Cutters and Stone Masons.

DEALERS in Stone, Lime, Marble, Monuments, Tomb Stones, Table Tops of Italian Marble, Cut Stone for building, and all Jobs in the Stone Line done to order. Shop and Lime Kiln on the Canal, west of Ewings Warehouse and Boat Yard.

JAMES HUMPHREY. JOHN BROWN.
August 4th, 1843.

Stoves Stoves Stoves!

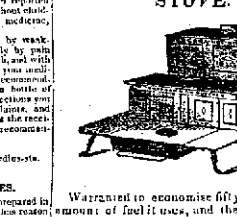
MORE of the latest styles and most improved patents in the way of HOT AIR COOKING STOVES, are now arriving at the Old Stand.

SIGN OF THE PAD LOCK.

From the following descriptions it will be seen that one of the proprietors of this establishment is constantly making to supply the public with the latest improvements in the line of his business.

He now offers for sale the splendid 4 Boiler

Niagara Hot Air Cooking STOVE.



Warranted to economise fifty per cent in the amount of fuel it uses, and the time it takes to boil or bake, over any other stove in use in this or any other country.

The next is the sameman's patent of 3 Boiler

Niagara Hot Air Cooking Stove,

which rises in nearly three feet wood, with all the advantages of the other. (See plate above.

These Stoves took the first premium at a recent fair of the Erie County agricultural society, New York.

Next comes the good old EMPIRE HOT AIR COOKING STOVE, which is so well known in this country, *with two ovens*, one being portable. Also, the

Hathaway Hot Air Cooking Stove,

the excellent qualities of which will be readily testified to, by a number of families in Fort Wayne, who have them in use,—the proprietor's own family being one of that number. The next is another new stove called the

Knickerbacker Hot Air,

which is now having a great run in the East, and no doubt will run quite as fast on West, as soon as it is seen and its qualities understood.

Then comes the Premium Cooking Stove, all sizes;

The Neucondensing Hot Air Parlor Stoves;

The Ten and Seven Plate Stoves;

All of them are made of the best and heaviest Castings, and are

Warranted to stand fire.

without breaking.

After these, comes the *Russia Sheet Iron Parlor Office Stoves*, made to order, any size that may be wanted.

TIN WARE manufactured and sold wholesale at Eastern prices. Country merchants will find this their advantage to call here for their supplies of this article.

Tin Plate, Sheet Copper Sheet Iron and *Block Tin* kept constantly on hand and for sale by the ... at the New York Hardware Store, sign of the Pad Lock.

P. P. BAILEY.
Fort Wayne, Ind., Nov. 19, 1847.

Fort Wayne Female College.

THE second Academical Term of the Fort Wayne Female College will commence on the second Monday in January, and continue sixteen weeks.

Connected with this Institution, there are three Departments: Primary, Preparatory, and Collegiate. Each student, before entering the Collegiate Department, will be required to pass a thorough and satisfactory examination in all of the studies pursued in the Preparatory Department.

Tuition, per quarter of eleven weeks, in the different Departments, as follows:—

In the Primary Department, including Reading, Orthography, first lessons in writing, Arithmetic and Geography $4 00

In the Preparatory Department, including the studies of the Primary continued, together with English Grammar, History, Town's Analysis, Exercise in Composition, first lessons in Algebra, Chemistry, and Natural Philosophy 5 00

In the Collegiate Department 5 00

MUSIC on the Piano Forte extra, 7 00

Drawing and Printing, " 5 00

Wax Flowers, Plain and Ornamental Needlework " 3 00

No deduction will be made for absence, except in case of Sickness.

The Tuition bills will, in all cases, be payable in advance.

SAMUEL BRENTON, Secretary
Fort Wayne, Dec. 20. 1847.

N. B. A complete course of study for the Collegiate Department will be made out during the coming Term.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Boot and Shoe Manufactory.

S. & W. S. EDSALL inform the public that they have commenced the manufacture of BOOTS & SHOES on an extensive scale, under the immediate supervision of Mr. W. TRAIN, whose long experience and intimate acquaintance with the business, warrant them in saying that all boots and shoes made at this establishment will be of the best quality.

Constant supplies will be made of the Best Spanish Sole Leather, warranted, offered by the one at $30.00 per dozen.

Fine custom Slip and Calf Do. proportionately low.

They have now on hand and intend keeping a full assortment of all kinds of Boots & Shoes, such as

Ladies' Calf & Kip Boots; Childrens' do.
Boys'
Mens' Coarse and fine Brogans.
" Fine and coarse Boots, &c., &c.

They offer in the trade, at the lowest prices Spanish Sole, Upper LEATHER, Kip, Calf, Linings and Binding Skins; also a great assortment of SHOE FINDINGS; TACS of all sizes, &c., &c.

Jan. 15, 1847. 28y.

INDIANA LAND AND TAX AGENCY.

THE subscriber having become sole proprietor of the above Agency, will continue the business at the

GENERAL LAND AGENCY

in all its various branches, and tenders his services to the public for the *Sale of Lands, Investigation of Titles, Payment of Taxes, Procuring of Patents*, and other services performing in a systematic and General Land Agency Business. He is provided with numerous and accurate Maps of different counties, and of the State—has personally visited the greater portion of Northern Indiana, and has numerous and careful correspondents, and is therefore prepared to furnish extensive and thorough information with regard to the ownership, soil, location and value of lands, which will be affended gratefully to all who desire such information.

As agent for the owner, he offers for sale large bodies of valuable land, well adapted to farming purposes, situate as follows:

	Acres.		Acres.
Allen County	13,206	Noble County	8,847
DeKalb "	7,691	Whitley "	8,908
Steuben "	2,782	Huntington "	9,364
Lagrange "	965	Wabash "	7,586
Kosciusko "	9,439	Miami "	227
Blackford "	5,715	Carroll "	680
Jay "	936	Cass "	640
Wells "	9,490	Fulton "	1,289
Adams "	996	Marshall "	327
Elkhart "	720	Wayne "	1,347
Pottawattamie "	1,343	Montgomery "	239
Putnam "	897	Clinton "	897
Parke "	738	Marion "	239

The above lands will be sold for cash, or a part cash and the remainder on a reasonable credit. Title tendered indisputable.

He also offers for sale

Several Valuable Improved Farms,

in the counties of ALLEN, HUNTINGTON, NOBLE, and WABASH and a large number of

Town Lots

in the towns of FORT WAYNE, HUNTINGTON, LAGRO, WABASH, PERU and MARION. Prompt attention will be given to all communications from persons desiring to purchase.

Office at the sign of the "INDIANA LAND AGENCY," on Calhoun Street.

JOHN HOUGH, Jr.
Fort Wayne, May 27, 1848 y17.

MEDICAL NOTICES.

DOCTOR JONES having returned from Mexico, may be consulted by his friends at his Office, next door to the Mayor's Office, Clinton Street, (between Main and Columbia streets,) *Fort Wayne.* y6 August 12, 1848.

DR. JAMES W. DALY, *Fort Wayne Indiana.* Office Front Room over Messrs. Brackenridge & Stapleford's Store, Northeast corner of Main and Calhoun Streets.

DR. COOPER AYRES, M. D., *Physician and Surgeon*, will devote his entire attention to the practice of Medicine and Surgery in all their various branches in the city of Fort Wayne and surrounding country. He may be consulted at all hours when not professionally engaged at his Office at No. 6, Calhoun Street.

Fort Wayne, May 13, 1848. y45

DRS. AYRES & ROWAN will give their attention to the practice of Medicine and Surgery in Fort Wayne and the surrounding country, and will at any hour promptly attend to those who may wish their services.

Office, next door to Hill, Wilson & Co's store. Residence, one door north of the Spencer House.

Fort Wayne, Dec 7, 1848

DR. C. E. STURGIS, continues the practice of Medicine and Surgery at his office on Columbia street. Those requiring his services will meet with prompt attention.

Fort Wayne, August 16th, 1847. 18

DR. R. S. THOMPSON, continues the practice of Medicine and Surgery in Fort Wayne and vicinity. All who favor him with a call may rely on prompt attention.

Office on Columbia street, one door east of the Building formerly occupied by Drs. Thompson & Sturgis, where he may at all times be found when not absent on professional business. y40

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.

E. A. McMAHON, *Attorney and Counsellor at Law*, Fort Wayne, Indiana. Office in the second story of Rinne' new Brick Store-house, on the corner of Main and Calhoun streets.

G. L. SYES, *Attorney and Counsellor at Law*, Fort Wayne, Indiana. He will practice in the Courts of the 10th Judicial Circuit, and will attend with promptness to any business entrusted to his care. OFFICE—Removed to room over T. K. Brackenridge's Store, corner Main and Columbia-st. y44

F. P. RANDALL, *Attorney and Counsellor at Law, and Master in Chancery*, Fort Wayne Indiana. OFFICE on Clinton street, two doors south of H. Colerick's Brick Store

R. BRACKENRIDGE, Jun. *Attorney and Counsellor at Law*, Fort Wayne, Indiana. Will attend to the Collection, Adjustment, or Securing of Debts, the payment of Taxes purchase and sale of lands, and examination of Titles in any part of Indiana.

REFERENCES.

Messrs. W. G. & G. W. Ewing, *Fort Wayne*
" A. Hamilton, "
" S. Hanna, "
" Hugh McCulloch, "
" Alfred Harrison, *Indianapolis.*
" Richard Snydam, *New York.*
" W. Dudley, "
" Alex. Kenna, "
" Jos. Jamieson, "
" J. D. & C. Jones, *Cincinnati, Ohio.*

OFFICE next the Bank north of the Treasurer's Office.

EDWARD F. COLERICK, *Attorney and Counsellor at Law*, Fort Wayne, Indiana. Will attend to the Collection, Adjustment, or Securing of Debts, the Payment of Taxes, Purchase and Sale of Lands, and Examination of Titles in North-ern Indiana. OFFICE—Room No. 1, Court House.

Nov. 17—y.

W. SMITH & Co.

No 3, JONES' BLOCK, FORT WAYNE, IN.

DEALERS IN

Domestic & Fancy, Dry Goods

GROCERIE,

Crockery. Hardware, Iron, Steel, Nails, Glass, FLOUR, SALT, *Fish. &c*

Also, the best Sole and Upper LEATHER, just received. All of which are offered at the lowest price.

SALERATUS at wholesale or retail.

CASH at all times paid for WHEAT.

HUGH B. REED

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

GENUINE

DRUGS & MEDICINES,

Corner of Calhoun and Columbia Str's,
FORT WAYNE, INDIANA.

All articles put up at his establishment are warranted to be as represented.

Storage and Forwarding.

THE Subscribers having a large and commodious WAREHOUSE, are ready at all times, to attend to business in that line, on reasonable terms. E. D. BARTLETT.

FT. WAYNE OIL MILL.

THE subscribers have completed their Oil Mill, and are now engaged in the manufacture of LINSEED OIL, and will constantly keep the article on hand, to sell by wholesale or retail. They also have OIL CAKE to sell—an excellent article to feed stock.

The highest price paid in Cash or Oil for Flax Seed. Farmers who wish to sow Flax Seed for the purpose of raising seed can be supplied on liberal terms.

RUDISILL & WOLFE.
March 14, 1846. y37

Ft. Wayne Woollen Factory.

RUDISILL & WOLFE having procured New Machinery for the MANUFACTURING of WOOL, inform their customers and the public in general that they will Manufacture Wool into

Sattinets or Full Cloth

of all kinds, on the most liberal terms, on shares or for pay. Those wanting their Wool manufactured must bring it in the fleece well washed.

May 6, 1848. y44

SHOES, GAITERS, &c.—Ladies' and Misses' Gaiters, Walking Shoes, & Slippers—every variety—just rec'd at Mrs. DYER' Fancy Store.

Protection

Fire & Marine Insuran Company

THE subscriber has been appointed an Agent of the *Protection Insurance Company*, at Hartford, Conn., at Fort Wayne, Indiana, and is authorized to

Insure Dwelling Houses, Stores, Warehouses, Mills, Manufactories, Barns, Stables,

and the contents of each, together with every other similar species of property

Against loss or damage by Fire.

The subscribers also authorized to issue Policies on the most favorable terms

Against loss or damage on the cargoes of Steam, Keel, Canal, and Flat Boats, while navigating the Western Rivers, Lakes, and Canals.

On account of the liberal patronage heretofore extended to said Company, they have been enabled greatly to reduce their rates of Insurance, so that now every man has an opportunity, for a trifling sum, to protect himself against the ravages of these destructive elements.

For terms of Insurance, apply to the subscriber, at the office, of Worthington & Hough, corner of Calhoun & Columbia Streets, Fort Wayne, Indiana.

ELLIS WORTHINGTON.
August, 9th. 1845 Agent.

Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING BEEN appointed an agent for said company, is authorized to make every kind and name of Insurance appertaining to Life Risks, for a certain number of years or for life, grant annuities, and confer endowments.

The provisions of the charter of said company are peculiarly favorable to the assured—containing many important privileges, which experience has proved may be safely granted, and which are deemed superior to any heretofore offered in this country.

Married women may insure the lives of their husbands, secure from the demands of creditors.

Creditors may insure their debtors, or debtors themselves, for the benefit of creditors.

The assured after a term of years, may at any time surrender the policy and receive its equitable value in cash.

The subject of Life Insurance is attracting much attention in the Eastern States, and commends itself to the favorable consideration of all, as by this means a comfortable support may be left to the wife and children when misfortune comes upon them, and the husband and father is taken from their embrace by the cold hand of death.

Pamphlet explanatory of the uses and benefits arising from Life Insurances, will be furnished those wishing to be informed.

The undersigned is also agent for the HARTFORD FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, HARTFORD, CONN.

F. P. RNDALL.
May 5, 1847. 44tf

Valuable Lands FOR SALE.

350 ACRES of the best land in Northern Indiana, situated in Allen County, Ind., seven miles west of Fort Wayne, immediately ON THE WABASH & ERIE CANAL, well watered and timbered—is offered for sale by the subscriber on very liberal terms and prices.

Also 160 acres situated in Marion Township, nine miles south of Fort Wayne, immediately on the Piqua road.

Also the west half of the south east quarter of section 19, town 32, north of range 15 east, in Springfield township, Allen county.

And a number of other tracts in this and the adjoining counties—all of which lands are well adapted to farming purposes, and are offered on the most liberal terms. For further information call on me at the Recorders office in this city.

EDWARD F. COLERICK.
Fort Wayne, May 20, 1847. tf

Cigar Manufactory.

E. DOSTICK & CO. inform the public that they are engaged in the *Tobacco and Cigar business* at their store on Columbia-st. a few doors west of the Washington Hall, where they offer on the most favorable terms a large and general assortment of CIGARS—including Spanish, Regalia, Principe, La Norma, Cuba, Half Spanish, Kentucky, &c. Also, Chewing and Smoking TOBACCO.

Merchants and country Dealers supplied with Segars at Cincinnati prices.

Fort Wayne, April 29, 1848. 43y.

There is no real occasion for sickness!

Dr. Ralph's Pills,

FOUNDED on the only principle on which a UNIVERSAL MEDICINE can safely and conveniently be recommended to the world. They are fast supperseding every other remedy for Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Acidity, Heartburn, Costiveness, all Impurities of the Blood, Biliousness, Liver Diseases, Fever & Ague, the numerous of WESTERN CLIMATE, &c. The reason is this:—they act in

PERFECT ACCORDANCE WITH NATURE.

Their operation is exceedingly mild and plasant, and if taken in accordance with the directions, which are remarkably plain and clear,

THEY CANNOT FAIL TO CURE

and to perfectly prevent diseases of every kind (see explanation of the new theory in the Hallphinn' an invaluable paper which may be find gratis of the agents.) Their unsampled success in all the complaints of FEMALES, and those in an attending pregnancy, is acknowledged by thousands.

NO FEMALE SHOULD BE WITHOUT THEM

Testimonials of cures, of every disease the human system is liable to, often after all other means had failed, are consequently being received at the Central Office, N. Y. City.

Price 25 cents a box, with full directions, and Family packages at $1, (in which is much saving.)

J. H. Hanna, Fort Wayne, having been appointed general agent, will supply this celebrated medicine, wholesale and retail, on the same terms as at the Central Office.

June 13, 1848. y9

Read the following testimony from W. W. Stevens, principal of the Classical & Commercial Academy, Fort Wayne, Ind.:

"Having had repeated opportunities for the last fourteen years of witnessing the great benefits various persons have derived from the use of Doctor RALPH'S PILLS, and knowing Doctor J. RALPH to be a graduate of the University of Edinburg, a member of the Royal College of Surgeons, London, and of the Medical College of the State of New York; also a Physician of *Long, Extensive and successful Practice*, I cordially recommend said Pills to all who may be afflicted with diseases for which the Pills are recommended, believing they will perform what is promised by them if the directions for using them be strictly followed.

W. W. STEVENS.

"DEAR SIR: In compliance with your request I would state that I have used Doctor RALPH'S PILLS in my family for something like ten years, and am satisfied that they are an excellent family Medicine. I have no doubt but that the use of them has at different times saved myself and family much sickness and expense.

HUGH MILLER.

To J. B. HANNA.

The above Pills can be had at wholesale of J. B. HANNA, General Agent at Fort Wayne.

They are also sold at retail by A. B. Miller, Lignier; E. D. Bartlett & Co., La Grange Centre; C. R. Walker, Fort Wayne; Dolphus Wolf Lake; Peter Heller Eel River; Robert Dyke, Ontario; J. N. Alderman, May's Mills; L. S. Bayless, Bayless's Mills.

WANTED, 50,000 Bushels Wheat, 10,000 Flax Seed, on any kind of merchantable produce. We will buy, and pay the highest price in CASH. HILL, WILSON & Co.

DRESS GOODS.—A magnificent assortment of rich and beautiful DRESS SILKS, &c. very low. B. MASON.

Notice to Farmers and PRODUCE DEALERS.

THE undersigned having leased the well known CITY MILLS, in Fort Wayne, heretofore run by *Hamilton & Williams*, takes this method of saying to all interested that they are prepared and ready to Flour Produce, any quantity of Wheat, on the most reasonable terms.

Farmers who have *Custom Work or Grist* to grind will always find a room more Run of Stone, in readiness for this purpose.

All kinds of *Bread Stuffs* and *Mill Feed* at all times for sale.

CASH Paid for WHEAT at the Highest Rates.

HOAGLAND, COMSTOCK, & CO.
Ft. Wayne, Aug. 23d, 1847. 18

FOR THE SPRING TRADE.

Paints, Oils, etc.

320 Kegs White Lead, Pure No. 1. 1000 lbs. White Dry Lead, Pure. 800 lbs. English Venetian Red. 600 lbs. Best Red Lead. 2 lbs. Cobalt Ultramarine (Warranted.) 12 bls. Linseed Oil No. 1.

Spts. Turpentine.
Gum Copal.
Litharge.
Paris Green.
Chrome Green.
do. Yellow.
Chinese and Prussn. Blue.
Japan Dryer.
Coach Varnish.
Whiting and Putty.
Paint Brushes, all sizes.
Varnish "
Sand Paper.
Smalts, Blue, Red, Green & Brown.
Lamp Black.
Glazier's Diamonds.
Yellow Ochre.
Gold Leaf.
Bronze of all Colors.
Vermilion, Chinese, English and American.
Rose Pink.
Camels Hair, Sable and Badger Pencils.
Artist's Materials.
Naples Yellow.
Roman Ochre.
Indian Red.
Antwerp Blue.
Ultramarine White.
Vandyke Brown.
King's Yellow.
Neat's Oil.
Slabs and Mullers.
Ultra Marine.

With all other articles in this line for sale at the very lowest prices.

H. B. REED,
Corner Calhoun & Columbia sts.
April 1, 1848.

Just Received.

THIS day a fresh lot of Vaughn's Vegetable Lithontriptic Mixture. Those who have used this medicine can testify to its qualities better than we can by advertising two or three columns of nonsense. For sale by

A. B. MILLER,
Sole agent for Fort Wayne.

April 29, 1848.

THE First and Second Book of History for Children and Youth, for sale by
April 29th, 1848. A. B. MILLER.

PURE LIQUORS.

A Fresh supply of Pure Liquors for Medicine, consisting of Brandy, Gin, Port, Madeira, and Tenerifffe WINES, for sale at WALKER'S Drug Store.

CASH FOR WHEAT AT NEW HAVEN.

A B MILLER will pay the highest Fort Wayne price for WHEAT delivered at his warehouse at New Haven Allen Co. Indiana

JUST received, a splendid lot of CONFECTIONARY. Also, Fruits, Nuts, &c.
June 3. J. A. COLERICK.

CITRON, a fine article, just received by
June 3 J. A. COLERICK.

TAMARINDS just received.
J. A. COLERICK.

SALAD OIL, pure and fresh.
J. A. COLERICK.

STATIONERY.

240 Reams Cap Paper; 10,000 Quills 100 Letter " also a large stock of note and Fancy paper for sale by
J. A. COLERICK.

THE latest spring Styles of PRINTS and DRESS GOODS, for sale at low prices by
C. R. WALKER.

WOODEN WARE, Willow Waggons, & Willow Cradles—splendid articles for sale by A. B. MILLER.

ARTIFICIAL FLOWERS.—The largest and best variety in town, for sale by
May 27, 1848 A. B. MILLER.

PRINCIPE, Havanna, and Lana CIGARS
J. J. COLERCK.

COD FISH & HERRING—Wholesale or Retail.
J. A. COLERICK.

WHALE SPERM OIL, for Lamps, one dollar per gallon.
J. A. COLERICK.

NO 1, 2, and 3 Mackerel, an excellent article by the barrel or retail.
March 15, 1848. J. A. COLERICK.

DOUBLE REFINED LOAF SUGAR—For sale by the quantity or retail.
March 15, 1848. J. A. COLERICK.

WRAPPING PAPER from Hanna, Vandes & Williams' Paper Mill, Lafayette,—always in store and for sale at Manufacturer's prices by J. B. HANNA.

200 lbs. Sp. Pl. INDIGO for sale cheap
H. B. REED

800 lbs. Tartaric Acid and Sup. Carb. Soda of the best quality, for sale
H. B. REED.

300 lbs. CLOVES. Also 100 lbs. CASSIA, for sale cheap by
H. B. REED.

FISH OIL, Tanners Oil, and Neat's Foot Oil, by the Bbl. or gallon.
H. B. REED.

SPELLING BOOKS—Webster's and McGuffey's Elementary, for sale wholesale and retail at WALKER'S
May 13, 1848. New Book Store.

FRENCH PERFUMERY—A fresh supply just received at WALKER'S.

New Cabinet Shop,

Main Street, one door east of the Fort Wayne Pottery.

THE Subscribers inform the public that they are carrying on the Cabinet Business as above, and keep on hand, or will make to order every variety of

BUREAUS, CABINET CHAIRS, FRENCH, SOFA, and COMMON BEDSTEADS, TABLES, STANDS, &c &c.

All articles made by them are warranted to be of well seasoned stuff, and put together in the best and most substantial manner, and will be sold at the lowest possible rates. A share of public patronage is respectfully solicited, to merit which no pains will be spared.

Country Produce, Lumber, &c., taken in exchange for work.

G. ORFF,
F. SCHERER.
July 1, 1847. 1y52

1847. THE BUILDER. 1848.

JOS. J. & D. F. COMPARET,

Storage, Forwarding & Commission

MERCHANTS,

At the foot of Columbia and Lafayette streets,
FORT WAYNE, Indiana.

Refer to

Sayram Sage & Co., New York.
Collins Brown & Co., Toledo, O.
Brewster Brown & Co., "
G. S. Hazard, Buffalo, N. Y.
R. McCulloch, Fort Wayne, Ind.
Henry R. Colerick, " "
Samuel Hanna, " "
Allen Hamilton, " "

1847. ECONOMY! SWEETNESS!

THE above cut represents DRUMMOND'S CANDLE MAKER, the most economical and labor saving article ever invented, combining every advantage which can be wished for in furnishing light. By its use a person can, at any moment, produce a candle, equal in solidity and durability to any made by the old, laborious and more expensive method. The candles made in this article will burn with a clear, brilliant and steady light, without that flickering, usual in ordinary candles. The fibres of the wick, in passing through the tube within the cylinder, are drawn perfectly smooth, which not only prevents the fitting of the light, but also keeps the candle from running down on the side.

This article is one which every house-keeper, as well as all who study economy in the use of light, should possess themselves of, as it is simple, convenient and economical, being simply a candlestick which makes its own candles. Its most ingeniously constructed, with a reservoir for tallow, lard, or other materials of which candles were made; also a place to deposit the wick, both of which, by only turning a screw, are forced up in the form of a perfect candle, either in short or long lengths, as may be desired. Thus forming an endless candle by simply adding the reservoir when it shall have been exhausted. The reservoir holds nearly one pound of tallow, enough for six candles.

Candles can be made by using Drummond's Candle-maker, at less than *ONE HALF* the ordinary expense, the only outlay being for tallow or other material. From the experience of many families who have used the Candle-maker, as well as the numerous tests to which it has been subjected, we can place the DRUMMOND CANDLE-MAKER before the public as an article which may always be depended upon. With fair usage it will never get out of order.

The subscriber having purchased the exclusive right to manufacture and sell the above Candle-maker in the Counties of Allen, Adams, Huntington, Bluffdale, De Kalb, Steuben, Wells, Whitley, Grant, Noble and LaGrange, is now prepared to give great bargains to those wishing to engage in a speculation. He will sell any or all the above Counties, so that but one man with limited capital can be a short time double and middle his money. He will also sell the Candle-maker at Retail.

Those wishing to examine them, can see them at my shop on Columbia st., two doors west of A. B. Miller's.

A. S. JOHNS.
Fort Wayne, July 15, 1848. 2.

EXPRESS.

Leo Woolen Factory.

HAVING erected and furnished a large WOOLEN FACTORY at HAMILTON'S MILLS, on *the little St. Joseph river*, in Cedar Creek Town-hip, Allen County, Indiana and fitted the same with a superior new double

Carding Machine

of the most approved kind, I am prepared to card all the wool that is brought to me in a good and proper manner, and warrant all the work to be well done.

Wool can be left in Fort Wayne at the store of JAMES M. HAMILTON, and the rolls will be returned there promptly in good order and properly combed out without any charge.

Wool and all kinds of Country Produce taken to pay for carding, not refusing the dimes when convenient.

People coming from a distance can have their wool carded immediately.

Fulling, Dyeing, & Cloth Dressing done in the best workmanlike manner. All work done by me is